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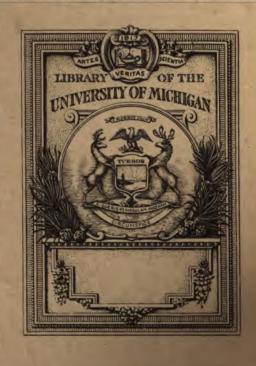
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# COLLECTION

# Select NOVELS,

Written Originally in

### CASTILLIAN,

BY

Don Miguel Cervantes Saavedra,

Author of the History of

DON QUIXOTE de la MANCHA:

In the Territory of the Imperial City of TOLEDO, in NEW CASTILE.

Made ENGLISH by

HARRY BRIDGES, Efq;

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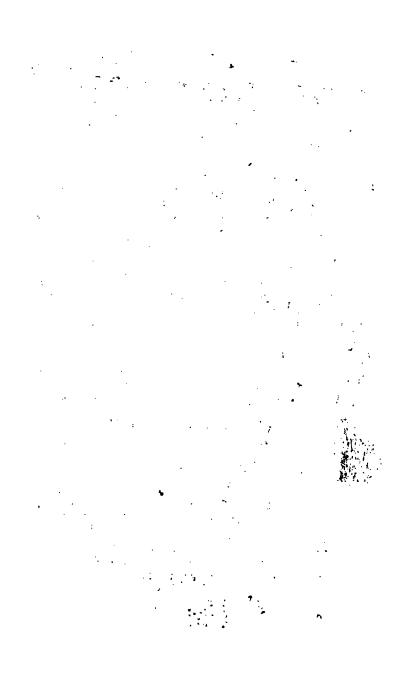
### JOHN, Lord Carteret,

Lord Lieutenant of the Kingdom of Ireland.

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#### THE

### Translator to the Reader.

The Cervantes Saavedra was, will be very willing I should say something of this Incomparable Author, whom the Hissory of Don Quixote will render Immortal.

Miguel Cetvantes Saavedra, (for that was bis Name,) was born at Seville, as 'tis the ordinary Sentiment; however, some Spaniards there are who maintain, he was born in a Village near the Imperial City of Toledo; whether he was, or was not, he was an Ornament to Spain; but his Fortune answer'd not his Merit: He had been Secretary to the Duke de Alva; after that he retir'd to Madrid,

#### The Translator to the Reader.

drid, where he was treated with that Coldness by the chief Ministers of King Philip III. the Duke of Lerma, Uzeda and Cea, who affected not Men of Learning, that he betook himself to Arms; he followed the Wars many Tears, and was present in the samous Battle of Lepanto, where he lost one of his Hands: This was not the only had Adventure he had in his Life, he was taken by the Insidels, and, after a long Captivity, returning into his own Country, he died, in so great Poverty, that he wanted Necessaries. Behold the Destin of this Great Man!

THE Translator has Inoculated some stillian Words into our Language for Destion, and his own Pleasure in the doing

AS the Spaniards derive all their tries from the Moors, a Spanish Nor have an African Relish; for, with Relish, not to be adjusted to Rules, be cold and insipid, and bardly read there must be none but Marvellow prizing Adventures in that Countr Admiration.

#### The Translator to the Reader.

THE Translator, from the University of Oxford, accompany'd the most accomplish'd, Edward Montague, Earl of Sandwich, and Knight of the most noble Order of the Garter, in his extraordinary Embassy to the Court of Spain, in the Tear, 1666, in the Minority of Charles II. King of Spain, who concluded the Peace, after a long War, between the Crowns of Spain and Portugal.





#### THE

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# NOVEL I.

THE

## GYPSIE.

Quien va lexos a se Casár O sera engânado, o quiere engânar.

Who feeks a Wife at distance off Will cheat, or else be made a Scoff.

GYPSIE, of those that had thriv'd by their Trade, bred up a young Girl in quality of a Niece, and call'd her Pretions; she taught her all her Old Feats of Advity, and as this young Girl profited so well by her Instruction, there never was a Gypsie a better Proficient; that which accomplished her Distinction from all the other Gypsies was, her extraordinary Beauty; the Air, the different Climates,

mates, the Journeys, Artifice, the Injury of the Weather, to which (of all Nations in the World) the Gyplies are the most subject, could never deface the Luftre of her Visage, nor blacken her white Hands: Besides, the was civil and polite, which made some that observ'd her suspect she drew her Extraction higher than a Gyplie Family; all that they could find to reflect was, that with all her good Air her Discourse was somewhat loose; but, neverthelefs, faid nothing that might cause open Blushing : for, besides that, she expres'd herself with Wit. and in a lively and natural manner; fhe took great care in the Management of her Terms, and had made thereupon such severe Lectures to her Comrades, who carry'd it with so great Respect to her, that there was no Gypfie, old or young, that dar'd fing in her Presence the least Song that would offend Modesty, or correspond with the least immodest Word.

THE old Gypsie, who wanted neither Wit nor Judgment, observing what a precious Treasure she possess'd, did as the Eagle, that teaches her Eglets to shy and live amongst Rocks, so that Pretiosa was well supply'd with Vianello's, Stanza's, Quotrains and Sarabands, by the old one; in a Word, in all forts of Verses, particularly in Romances, which she sung with an excellent Grace, this Woman, who was subtle, and knew how to turn all to Prosit, search'd for such Pieces, and did all she could for a Collection, so she wanted not Poets that supply'd her; for these Poets accommodate all forts of People when Opportunity serves to sell their Persormances: How many are there who work for those blind

blind People, who go about finging of false Miracles, and partake of their Gain? Prefix'd of all Sorts in the World: 'Tis an Effect of Poverty that snakes Poets, as well as Nature that sharpens and debauches Wit; and makes a Man apply himfelf to certain Things, that he never thought of in his Life, if he had been never so little at his Ease;

TO return to Pretiofa. She was bred up in divers Places in Castile; and when she was about 15 Years old, her Nurse carry'd her to Madrid, with Design to expose and sell her Merchandize at the Court, where all is bought and fold. The first Entry she made in this Capital of Spain, was upon St. Anne's Day, who is the Patrones and Advocate of this Town: She, and feven other Gypfies, went in dancing: the Dance was composed of four Old and four Young ones, and a Male Giplie, a very good Dancer, that led up; the Spectacle was very agreeable; all these Gyblies were dreft after their Manner, but very proper and richly fet off: They all drew Admiration; but her, that they admir'd most, was Pretiofa, that shin'd above 'em all, who certainly had Attraction and Ways, that could not but distinguish her, and draw Love from all that cast their Eyes on her, amongst, or in the Middle of a Sound of Tabors and Caffanets, and they Dance again; a confus'd Noise was heard, that augmented the Beauty and Charms of the Gypfie; they all ran to fee her, as well Men as Children, and all in Admiration! but 'twas all clear another Thing. When the Dance ended they heard her fing, the Air founded with

with the Noise of Acclamations and Commendations, and the Judge of the Festival immediately, by common Consent, gave her the Price of the first Dance! Tis the Custom, when they celebrate the Festival, to repair to St. Mary's Church, before the Image of St. Anne; the Gypsies went thither and danc'd, and Pretiosa signalized her selt; after which the sung this Romance:

### To St. ANNE.

Tree, of Price inestimable,
That was so long in budding out,
That foachim himself begen to doubt
If Heaven was to him favourable,
Altho his Faith was firm and sound,
As he in Holy Text had sound:

This Faith, altho it lively was, He, Holy Man, was fet at Naught; The Priest did charge him with the Fault; His Spouse was curst with Barenness, Drove from the Altar and the Temple; The best of Mortals, like a Simple.

Thou that was sometime insertil, Has now at last produc'd us Fruit, And of all Fruits the sweetest Roos, The most aimable and most acute, Who in her Holy Arms embraces, The Savious of all human Races;

#### Selet Novels.

Palace of a Superb Feature,
The Workmanship of the Creator,
Erected for a Grand Theatre:
Of his Mean unworthy Creature,
To you he gave his high Command,
To have him born within our Land.

O, Mother, of a Daughter dear, In whom God shew'd his Greatness; O, ANNE, encourage our Address, And pray her Holy Son to appease, To cast on us his Eyes of Pity, In Token of his Deity:

'Twas you that took fuch Care and Pa To elevate in all Humility, Her that comprized Divinity, That after took a Shape Human; With her you now enjoy above, The God of Gods in Holy Love.

PRETIOSA fung so well, that all that heard her; others said, 'twas Pity Gypsie, that she deserv'd a higher Birth discerning used other Language; let the lonly grow; let her grow a little, and to what she can do; her Eyes are more prop than her Hands; and judge by her grow that already draws the Suffrages of 'em a to see she was born to make Slaves; the pares Ambushes that will be fatal to those too near, and that sew Hearts will escaptiosa hearkned to all these Things, with

#### A Collection of

ew; she gave Attention no more than the insipid logies the People gave her; and as well pleased as it was, to hear her self commended in this flattering manner, she left not off the Dance she had begun, and in which she excell'd.

THE Ceremonies of the Festival being ended, the Capsie gave over dancing; she found her self farioud, but appear'd in her Action with new Charms, that redoubles the Surprize of those that assisted at the Devotion of the Day; and as they said, ev'ry now and then, a thousand little agreeable Things, full of good Sense, and with her Fame reach'd the Court.

THE Rendezvous of Gypfies that would fee Madrid, is in the Field of St. Barbe, 'twas there Pretiofa retird; but after Fifteen Days she re-enter'd the Town, in Company of Three other young Gypfies, with Sonnets, a new Dance, and many pleasant Songs; but, however, they were modest Songs; for Pretiofa, as we have said, hid never suffered her Comrades to sing offensive to Ears, which was very much wonder'd at; in the mean Time, the old Gypfie never lost her out of her Sight; she was her Argues; for she was afraid to loose her.

WHEN the Dance was begun, 'twas under a Row of Trees, and in the Street of Toledo; presently all the People ran thither, and while the Four Gapfies danc'd, the old one went about asking somewhat for the Dancers; no Body need be ask'd, every one gave liberally; so true 'tis that Beauty is capable to awaken Charity of the most Drowsy; the Dance was

no fooner ended, but Pretiofa boldly cry'd out, If any one will give me half a Rial, I will fing fingly. the finest Romance in the World: This Romance was made, the faid, at the Time our Queen Marguente, after her Lying-in, went to return Thanks to Heaven in the Church of St. Lawrence; 'tis a famous Piece, made by one of the most celebrated Poets: Pretiofa had hardly made an end of speaking but all those that were about her desir'd her to begin. and to take no Care, the should be well contented : in effect, there shower'd down Money on all Sides, that the old one could hardly gather it up, but she did it at last; after which, Pretiofa having begun to look over her Sonnets, and made some Tours of a Dance, she sung the Verses she had promis'd, and were compriz'd in these Terms:

OF Queens, the greatest here her Offering makes; Her Virtues and her Beauty make her shine; Possession of all human Hearts she takes, And is a lively Image of a Ray divine.

So much Beauty charms the Eyes, Human Joy and Love divine; Holy Treasure that in Heaven lies, Merit an Altar and a Shrine.

Who fees this supreme Virtue, sees the Heaven itself; This Heaven, this Firmament, with all its Wealth: The Sun and Beams from setting to the Morn Warms, and the Universe adorn.

Next to the Queen comes this Star that shin'd, The Fear and Trembling of all Human Kind: As when the Night extends her Curtain, The Stars appear in Places certain.

The Troops of Gods immortal enter the facred Dome, Mercury, Mars, Venus, Jupiter, and Saturn, With fair Diana, did her Incence burn, Under her Standard march, and brought her Home.

About these shining Spheres appear'd the God of Love, With many Thousand Cupids from above; The God of Thunder comes to bless the Earth With Opulence, Gaiety, Balls, and Mirth.

All that the Earth can yield for those of Man, The Old and New World with the Ocean; With Pearls and Jewels, and all that's sweet, Shall strewed be at your Majesty's Feet.

Great Queen live happy, live without Care and Pain, Heaven gave its Word Justice should take Place; The Scourge of Vice, and all immodest Flame Of Moors, and Mahomet, with his cursed Race.

The Holy Definies attend to fing Your Glory and Renown, And make your Days all Days of Spring, And full of Joy you'r Crown.

Lawrence, the Martyr, was roasted on a Gridison, Whilst Infidels, and Heathens, did inviron The Holy Man, whose Ashes did produce Another Phenix, for the Christian Use.

O!Virgin Spouse, Mother and Daughter, (Thus prayed the Princess on her Knee,)

Vouch-

Vouchsafe to hear my Prayer, that after What I receiv'd may welcome be.

Great First-Fruits here, I offer a Sacrifice My Son, my Subject's Joy, and Part of a Vow of Hear me, O Mary! and vouchfase to allow My Suit, the Pleasure of my Heart and Eyes:

Grant that his Father, both th' Hemispheres Command, And all the Treasure of the Western Land; The Son, another Atlas, prove this Weight to beas Upon his Shoulders, in our Hemisphere.

Prayer being ended, and the Queen reliev'd, A Thousand Vows were made, as 'twas believ'd: Depart Great Princess, (came a Voice that cry'd,) Your Prayers are heard, nor can they be deny'd.

PRETIOSA had hardly made an End of her Romance, but all that were about her, to the Number of more than Two Hundred Persons, conjur'd her to fing it again, and to oblige her to do at, they promis'd liberally to recompence that, which some did before-hand; the Gypsie begun again, and in that Moment an Officer of the Long Robe, pafling by, the Voice of Pretiofa tickl'd his Ears; he stop'd short, and drew about her as others did; in the mean Time, confidering within himfelf, twas beneath the Gravity of a Person of his Character to amuse himself to hear a Gypsie sing in the open Street; he suddenly retir'd; but as the Behaviour and Voice of Pretiofa had charm'd him, he order'd one of his Servants that follow'd him to tell the old

old Gypsie, the should bring the young Girls to his House, that his Wife Cloncia might see them, who might be very willing to hear 'em sing; the Laquey executed his Master's Orders, and the old one promis'd at the Hour appointed to appear before the Lady.

THE Cypsies retir'd presently after to go fing and dance elfewhere; a very handsome young Man took the Opportunity to approach Pretiolo, and giving her a Paper folded, spoke to her after this Manner; Amiable Gypfie, fing the Romance I give you, may possibly please you; I have others I will communicate to you, which you must learn by Heart; and will convince you they are worthy of giving you that Trouble. (I believe it, answer'd Pretiosa only.) Be you as good as your Word, and provided these Pieces are not too free, be effur'd I shall soon find a Place for 'em in my Memory: But this is not all, as it were unfit you should give me these Verses for Nothing, let us agree before Hand for the Price; every one ought to live by his Trade. We shall not differ upon that, faid the young Man, only take this Song upon Tick.

DURING this short Conversation, the Gypsies went their way, and in the Moment the young Man lest off speaking, they found themselves opposite an Iron Gate, where they heard themselves call'd; Pretiosa went near the Grate that was low, and perceiv'd in a Hall, richly surnish'd, many Gentlemen, where some gam'd, others walk'd and diverted themselves together. My Lords, (presently said Pretiosa, in a grumbling Tone, such as the Gypsies use,) is any Thing to be got among ft you? She had no foonen faid these Words but all the Gentlemen drew near : for by this Time the was known; let the little Gyphes come in, they all faid, we have somewhat to give 'em. We might buy it, perhaps, too dear ( faid Pretiofa.) Ah! (faid one of the Gentlemen,) I understand her; but she must come boldly in; and having laid his Hand on his Breaft, where was a Cross of Calatrava, he gave her his Oath she should not be touch'd, no, not so much as the Top of her Finger. My dear Preciofa, (faid one of the three young Gypfies, ) go, if thou halt a Mind to't; but for my Part, I shall never have the Courage to go into a Place where to many Men are. Thou art a Novice, my dear Christiana, ('twas the Name of the Gypsie that spoke last,) Men are to be fear'd where they cannot be avoided, but not where there are a great many together; but in private, Head to Head, Persons of our Sex, that are prudent, may be even in the midst of Armies, tho' never so numerous: I own that Opportunities ought to be avoided, But that only on fecret Occasions. Let us go in then, (faid Christiana,) for I agree to what thou fay'ft. The old Gypsie encouraged 'em also; so they went in.

THEY were but just come in, when the Knight, that wore the Cross of Calatrava, perceiv'd the Corner of the Paper the young Man had given her; (she had put it in her Breast;) he went up to her and seizd it. O! give me back the Paper, my Lord, I conjure you; 'tis a Romance was lately given me, I have not read yet. Can'st thou read little Girl then 's (said one of the Company.) Yes, truly, (said the

old Gypsie,) and write too: I have bread up my Niege as if the had been Daughter to a Man of Learning. In the mean time, the Gentleman open'd the Paper, wherein he found a Crown in Gold. Behold a Letter, (faid he, prefently,) wherein Care was taken to pay the Carriage: Take the Money, and leave me the Romance. Very well, (answer'd Pretiola:) This Poet has treated me as if I were not very rich; the Cafe, however, is fingular : and, 'tis a Thing much more extraordinary, that a Port has given me a Crown in Gold, than 'tis that I have receiv'd one; for Poets are never overflock'd in Revenue: If it be his Way of giving Songs, let him Copy a whole Collection of Romances, and let him fend them to me, one after another, they will find a very good Reception, he may be perswaded. The Gentlemen were surprized to hear a little Gypsie discourse so prettily, and at the Delicacy of her Railleries. I am impatient ( the went on, to hear this Romance read,) my Lord, read it aloud then, and we shall see if the Poet be as witty as he is liberal. The Gentleman then read thefe Stanza's.

ITTLE Gypsie, Nature's Glory;
Envy of the Cyprian Race:
Thy Stony Heart I find in Story;
No Diamond has an harder Face.

If these good Qualities thou ownest dursty
This Truth must then be known to all;
That those that view thee must be curst;
Beauty and Rigour make thee criminal.

Amida

Amidst these Glances, adorable, A cruel Basilink does lurking lie; We then should be less miserable, If from his Baits we soon do sly.

Miracle of Nature, marvel of our Days, Awaken, on whom so many Lovers split; When thou my Fortune tellest, and my Ways, A thousand Torments dost thou cause by it.

No Wonder then if Gypsies Witches are, To enchant Mankind, and in their Snare To inveigle by their Eyes, and not their Hand, Those Charms, by which they all Mankind command.

Fair Pretiofa, whom conflantly I love; More charming than the Day, or Gods above: These Verses I have made, nor have I gam'd More Hope, than in Desire to b'entertain'd.

THESE last Verses then, (said Pretiosa,) concludes in Poverty; 'tis no very happy Presage; a Lover shoulds never stand upon that; for in my Opinion, Poverty and Love are irreconcilable Enemies. And where did you learn that? (said one of the Gentlemen, presently.) Do not you know, (said she,) that there's a Sort that know all without having ever learn't? I am of that Number, and so are all Gypsiss, Male and Female; our Wit is of another make than that of others; and Ability in us outstrips Age and the Number of Years; we row upon another Ocean, and steer by another Compass; for since it is Address and Industry we live by, we

study it from the Cradle. Tell me truly; did you ever know Men Gpplies, or Women Gpplies, Innocents? cast your Eyes upon these young Girls that accompany me. They say not a Word; and, by their Silence, you would take them for Stakes; but they are little Sharpers, that know much, and shew you a great deal of Country. In a Word; there's no She Gypsie of 12 Years old but knows more than others of 25. A little Usage, (said she, smiling) and a little Magic, makes us learn in one Year, what others could not learn in half an Age.

THIS Repartie complearly enchanted the Gentlemen, who were fo pleas'd, that every one gave 'em, as well those that gam'd, as those that did not: The old Woman order'd her Affairs so well, that she pick'd up Three or Four Crowns in Rials : fo the went out from thence very joyful, to go to the Judge's Flouse, where Claricia, that had been already advertisid, expected her, with a Lady, one of her Neighbours, and fome other Persons; the Moment the Grofies appear'd, the Ladies ran to Pretiofa, who feem'd to 'em bright as the Sun; they bestow'd on her, presently, a thousand Commendations, and made a thousand Careffes. Can'ft thou tell the good Fortone, little Girl? (faid Claricia, to her.) More Ways than One, (she reply'd.) All for the better, (reply'd the Lady;) And by the Life of the Lieutenant, my Husband, thou shalt tell it me. Give her only your Hand, (faid the old one,) make the Crofs there, and you will foon fee by what she will rell you, the knows as much as a Dostor. The Officer's Wi'e put her Hand presently in her Purse, but found nothing; the spoke for some Money to her

her Chamber-Maids, and the Lady her Neighbour; but they were all as rich one as the other. We shall make but a bad Hand on't here, ( said Pretiofa, to her felf; ) and prefently raising her Voice, the began to tell 'em, All Croffes, in as much as they are Grotles, are good; but believe me, my good Ladies, the Golden ones are the best, and bring much better Fortune; a Crown in Gold, or a Rial of Forty Pence, makes one fay Wonders: But what Virtue I pray you can a Farthing or Half-penny have? Pretiofa preach'd to little Purpose, the Ladies had no more Pieces of Gold or Silver, than Pieces of Copper. 'Tis not always in great Houses one may look for great Riches, (faid one of the Chambermaids.) All is not Gold that gliffers: but I have a Silver Thimble, take it Presiofa, and be not feandaliz'd at the Scarcity of the House; they are rich enough that are wife. The Gypfie took the Thimble in good Part, and having taken the Lady by the Hand, the came out with these Words, (which made the Company laugh heartily:)

IVE me this white Hand fair Lady;

Your Spouse a little lunatick has made ye;
In breaking Frith, roving and raking;
Keeps your Heart in constant aking;
You're sweet as Honey; sometimes Gall
Is not so bitter when you call.
Your Maid's about ye, a Lioness
Of Barbary, or Hyreanian Tygress;
But notwithstanding this sierce Ire,
The sweetness of your Mind soon stops the Fire,
Even as an Infant at the Breast;
Therein you shew your Female Rest;

You grumble often, eat alone; a sla-rounts and When the Fit of Jealoufy comes on, The noble Judge a Sportfman is For any Game, none comes amis, ( Alat rate a) Fair Lady, you three Husbands shall at the state of the Espouse, after this present Mortal: But laugh not, Madam, now you hear the Such Happiness is drawing near; a : 3001102 1112 Prognofticks, even the most complete, and No Texts of Goffel are, but Cheat ; War yand You shall enjoy an Heritage, and or history Before you come to Years of Dotage; 11 31 Your Son a Canon of a Church shall be: I do not mean Toledo; she, Your little Daughter, shall be Abbess Of a Monastery, no less, of the same and the less of t Where Love, fometimes, is made by those, Who fludy Rhyming more than Profe. I'the Morning you may fland upright, With a fad Downfall before Night: Look well t'your Hits, or you may fee, I tell you your true Deftiny. bush white white Hand

PRETIOSA having spoke these Pleasantries with so good a Grace, all the Women that were at the Julge's House, besought her to tell them their good Fortune; but she remitted them to another Day, after having exhorted em to provide Silver Rials.

THEY were just going out, when Cliricia's Husband came in; they told him Wonders of the little Gypsie; he stay'd 'em a-while, and made Pretiofe and the rest dance, and consum'd the Commenda-

mendations had been given em; he prefently put his Hand into his Pocket, and after he had shaken and tofs'd it, came out empty. Upon my Word, (he civ'd out, ) I have not one Penny my dear little Gyphe; but my Wife will supply you. Give her a Rial, Madam, I will give it you again. That's pleafant, (answer'd Claricia,) and whence d'ye think I should have it? You ought to know! I am not over-stock'd. Give her then some small Matter, ( reply'd he, ) Pretiofa will come and fee us another Time, and then we'll recompence her. I am not of that Mind, (faid the Lady; ) I will give her Nothing now, and that will oblige her to come again. I doubt that very much, (reply'd Pretiofa;) you feem to be no richer another Day than you are at present : 'tis not always amongst the Geat Ones we may look for Buliness; they take on all Hands, and never pay: What Recompence can I expect? But, believe me, (she went on addressing herfelf to the Judge,) My Lord Judge, make Concuffion, and you will never want Money, if you don't do, as other Officers do, and amuse yourfelf in introducing new Customs, you will die with Hunger, my poor Mafter; and you, Madam Claricia, the Chamber-maids, and all that are about you. I know enough, (reply'd the Judge, ) what other Judges do; but every one follows his own Judgment; and, I have a Soul I am loath to loofe. I perceive it, my Lord, (faid the little Gypfie: ) Then you have a Mind to be Cannoniz'd after your Death ; and, I am fure, that will be a very rare Thing to fee in the Kalendar. the Name of a Judge in Red Letters: I will take, before Hand, a Piece of your Robe, for Reliques. Thou knowest too much; (reply'd the Judge: ) But,

my dear Pretiofa, have Patience; I will order it fo, that the King and the Oveen shall see thee. Their Majesties possibly may take me for their Buffoon. (reply'd Pretiofa:) and, I am of that Mind, 'tis a very good Trade in Princes Courts; a Buffoon shall sooner make his Fortune, than an honest Man: but as 'tis a Trade I am little acquainted with, I should soon be cashier'd, without Ways: I am very well as I am, a poor Gypfie, and come what will it may please Heaven to give me. Hold, little one, (faid the old one,) cease thy Discourse, thou talkest too much; and truly thou knowest a little more than I have taught thee; do not subtilize fo much, I pray thee, thou may'ft be in Danger of confounding thy felf; talk of Things that become thy young Years permit thee to fay, and fly not too high; these Discourses, subtle and too refin'd, threaten thee with a Fall. The Judge was in an Extasie; but as it began to be late, the Cyphes took Leave, and went out of Town: They return'd some Days after, and rang'd themselves, according to Custom, carly in the Morning; they infensibly found they were in a little Bottom, and the first Object presented itself to their Eyes, was an handsome young Man, of a good Mien; his Sword was gilt, fo was his Dagger; on his Hat was a rich Band, with a Plumet of divers Colours; the Gypfies no fooner faw him; but they flopt and took him into Confideration, extreamly furpriz'd, that a young Man with that Air should be on Foot, and all-alone, fo early; but they were much more furpriz'd, when they faw the young Man come towards 'em, laughing, and demanded, after the most civilest Manner in the World, of the old Gypfie, if Pretiofa and

and he might divert themselves in private, one Moment, for he had nothing to fay to 'em but for their Good? With a good Will, (answer'd the old one,) I will hearken to you, on Condition that we do not go much out of our Way, and that you do not detain us too long. Upon that, all three going afile, about twenty Steps from the reft, the young Man address'd himself to Pretiola, and said, I shall not use much Preamble, I am in love with you, to Extremity, charming Gypfie; I have a long Time refifted my Star; I will not diffemble with you; but notwithstanding the Resistance I have made, I cannot forbear adoring you; and, I find, I finall adore you all my Life long. He had but just finish'd his Declaration, but he turn'd towards the old one, and at the same Time, opening his Cloak, there appear'd a Crofs he wore on his Habit; I am a Knight, my good Mother, my Order, as you fee, is of the most honourable of Spain; my Name is Don Juan de Carcamo; for I will not conceal my Name; I live vet under the puissance of my Father; I am an only Son, and I hope for a Succession, very considerable \$ my Father is at Court, where he pretends to a Post that is, in a Manner, assur'd him; and from all you have heard me fay, you may conclude I have no Reason to complain of Fortune; and, yet, I do complain, and shall complain all my Life, that, if with this great Wealth that I posses, I posses not Pretiofa; my Intentions are pure; my Words are fincere; of which, you may be convinc'd, without rifquing any Thing: I defire only to ferve her in that Manner she thall appoint me; her Will shall be always mine. In making an End of this Protestation to the old Gypsie, he let her understand what Part of the Town his Father's House stood in, and by what Marks she might know it; she might, by that Means, clearly perceive the Truth of what he said; but this was not all, but to the End she might not believe him on his bare Word, he gave the old one a Purse, wherein were an Hundred Crowns in Gold, which indempnify'd, with Usury, the Gypsies, of the little Booty they had made at the Judges.

A L L the Time that Don Juan de Carcamo had talk'd, Pretiofa regarded him with Attention : 'twas certain, that his Air, his good Mien, and his Stature, did not seem disagreeable to her. I will anfwer this Knight, if you will give me Leave, ( faid the, addressing herself to the old Gapsie. ) Thou may'st, my Girl, presently, (reply'd the Grand-Mother, ) for I am convincid thou wilt answer pertinently. Pretiola then began, and spoke to the amorous Knight in these Terms: Altho' I am no more than a Gypsie, know, my Lord, I have a Soul as great as if I were born a Princess, and that neither Promises nor Presents are capable of prevailing with me, or tempt me the least in the World; you reckon from others, that I am insensible to the Submiffions of Lovers; that I am Proof against all the Subtleties, and all the Artifices they use to make themselves belov'd; I am young, as you see, but yet I know that Love is an imperious Passion, that blinds those that it possesses, and entirely diverts their Wit; a Man of this amorous Temperament, if he fee a young Person with some Charms, he furrenders himself Hand over Head, withour considering if his Passion hurts him in the World, or if it

be contrary to his Interest; he let's himself be drawn to a Precipice he might have avoided, if he had made use of his Reason; he then thinks of nothing but possessing the Thing he loves; then there is nothing he will not undertake to accomplish his Ends; and from the Moment of its Accomplishment, upon opening his Eyes, his Tenderness is turn'd into Contempt, and he takes Aversion to the unhappy the he idolized before: These Confiderations are the Caule, I affure you, that I give little Credit to Words; nor on Effects of which I make no great Account. Have you a Mind I should speak fincerely to you, and with Freedom? I flitter my felf that you love me, and that you burn with a Defire to poffes me; it will belong only to you to be happy if I can cause your Happiness; but undeceive your felt, once for all, it will not be but by making your felf my Husband, and that only on certain Conditions I am going to propose to you: for I pretend not we shall give one another our Hands, unless I have my Sureties before-hand; one Marries not at Random; there are even wife People, who fay, Marriage is an Affair to be thought on all ones Life: But to come to Terms; I would know first, if you are the true Don Juan de Carcamo; and if that be fo, you must resolve, young Gentleman, to quit your Father's House, and make your Abode in our Tents, and dwell two Years amongst us; it requires so much Time, to see if you and I simpathize with one another; and when that Time is expir'd, we find our felves made for one another, we may write our Destinies by the facred Bonds of Hymineals; from this Time to that, you shall carry it to me like a Sister, and I will regard D 2

you as a Brother; for, you must not imagine it will be permitted you to take those little Privacies with me, that the most part of Lovers, now-adays, take with their Mistresses, this is what I can't comply with; I am willing to let you know, to the End you may not plead Ignorance, the Conditions are somewhat hard, and the Noviciat pretty long: But what would you have? One cannot take too much Precaution when one embarks in Marriage; perhaps, during that Time, you may recover the Sight you have loft; or that you have very obfuscared; and that you may perceive that you ought to fly what you now follow with fo much Ardour, and fo you may not run the Rifque to make me unhappy, and your felf so also: I see so great a Disproportion between you and I, that you may well repent to have lov'd me; and I cannot take too good Meafures thereupon: If you can comply with these Conditions, you may order your felt to be enroll'd under the Standard of our Company.

DON Juan, that had hearken'd attentively to these I hings, seem'd at a Stand, and knew not what Way to take to give an Answer. I perceive clearly, (said Pretiosa,) then, that so many Conditions frighten you; but I am content you take Time to resolve; nor is it an Assair of so little Consequence it deserves; nor even to determine in a Moment; go Home; 'ris the Advice I give you; examine your self, and enter into no Engagement without mature Deliberation; a wise Man never undertakes any Thing he may repent of; in the mean Time, you may divert your self with me, every Festival Day, in the Place where we are, whether we go to Madrid, or come back again. WHEN

WHEN I perceiv'd my felt in Love with you, then, (answerd the Knight,) I made a Resolution, charming Pretiofa, to have no Will but yours; but I vow, it never enter'd into my Thoughts you would have exacted fuch Conditions of me, and fuch frightful Conditions; but fince you command, it belongs to me to obey: I am willing to become a Gyblie, and make all those Proofs you require, if they were a thousand Times more difficult; there's nothing that a true Lover will flick at; you have no more to do than to prescribe me the Time you would have me change my Courfe of Life; and you will not order it fooner than I defire; the foonest is best for me: I will make a Pretence to go to Flanders, where my Friends are willing I should go, and by that Means I shall have a Way to furnish my self with Money necessary for it: I shall be but Eight Days at most, to get my Equipage ready; after which, I will fet out; and I know how to deceive those that go along with me, that I shall come to the End of my Enterprize. The only Thing I conjure you to agree to, lovely Gythe, it it be permitted me to make Prayers, is to inform you from this very Day, if I have told you the Truth, when I have talk'd to you of my Estate and my Birth; Sloth is invisible in all Things, and may be fatal; for in fine, when one's furnish'd with such Charms as yours, one meets with Adorers presently; and, I dare flatter my felf, if you were once convinc'd I am veritably Don Juan de Carcamo, you would prefer me before another, having, as you already have had, fo great Testimonies of my Tendernefs, and Excess of my Love. A little lealousy fits well on a Lover, (answer'd Pretiofa; ) but 'tis icquirequisite also, that he has Considence; have it then, Don Juan, I order you, and fear nothing, tho' you see it; I perceive then, when I have Reasons to give of loving you, I must love no other.

I AM confounded at thy Discourse, little Girl, (cry'd the old Gypsie;) and how many Reasons, good God, all pertinent and to the Purpose; thou knowest already, as much as a Batchelor of Salamanca: And where haft thou learn't all these Things? Thou talkest of Love, of Jealousy, of Confidence: And what is there thou hast not talk'd of? I hearken to thee, my dear Child, as a Perfon that's possest, and speaks Latin without knowing it. Pretiofa began to laugh at the Impertinence of her Aunt; and the Conversation was confind between they three: It was refolv'd to appear in the sime Place eight Days after; and that Don Juan should give an Estimate of the Estate his Astairs were in. During this, the old Gypsie open'd the Purse, and was convinc'd by her own Eyes, there was effectively an hundred Crowns in Gold. Let us return this Money, (faid Pretiofa,) and let us keep the Purse only, that is of rich Embroidery; for the Girl that takes Money, feems to fell her felf. Thou art a Fool, little Girl, with all thy Wisdom, (faid the old one; ) remember, that taking is nothing of that, and that we are Gypfies; thou little thinkest, Pretiofa, if one of our Children, or our Kindred, should by Chance fall into the Hands of Juffice, what better Friends could they have than Crowns of Gold, to render favourable the Secretary and the Judge? I was three Times, for three divers Crimes, upon the Point of mounting the Scaffold

fold, to be whipt; a Silver Bason deliver'd me the first Time; a Necklace of Pearls the second; and the third, forty Rials, of forty Pence each; thou ought'st to think, my dear Girl, that we exercise a dangerous Trade, and that is full of Contrivance and forc'd Occasions, where there is no better Protection for the Unfortunate, than the invincible Arms of Great Philip; they are Hercules's Pillars, not to be pass'd by; a Ducat, of two Heads, spreads Toy on the fad Vizage of a Proctor, and of all the Serjeants of Death, who are the Harpies and Bloodfuckers of us, unhappy and miferable Gyplies: they love rather a thousand Times more to have to do with us, than the Pads on the Highway; whatfoever Misfortune, or Defeat, we have had, they never believe we are poor; they fay, we are like the Caraquins of the Beggars of Velmont, all ragged and torn, but Pistoles sewed within. In the Name of God, my Grand-mother, (answer'd Pretiofa,) say no more on't; repose your self with your Crowns of Gold, and come what will on't, I wish with all my Heart, you would carry 'em to your Grave, and that you may never have Occasion for 'em to fee the Light: But this is not all, our Companions ought to Share with us, that have waited long enough. By my Faith, ( reply'd the old one, ) they shall see these hundred Crowns of Gold, as they, at prefent, fee the Great Turk: But there's a Remedy for all Things; this good Knight shall take the Pains to fee if he has any Money left, and they shall divide it among 'em; for poor Girls. a small Matter will content them. I have some Money yet, ( faid Don Juan; ) upon that, he drew out of his Pocket three Rials, of forty Pence, that

he distributed to the other Gypsies, that were more fatisfy'd with his Present, than the Author of a Co-medy, when he hears the Brubaha on some Place in his Piece.

AFTER the Distribution of three Rials, Don Juan took the old Gyplie and Pretiofa aside, and renewed to them the Promise he had made, to list himself in their Band; he told them, he would take the Name of Andrew, which is a Name very common amongst Gyplies; after which he took Leave of 'em, without embracing Pretiofa, or giving her a Kiss, so respectful his Love was. Andrew, (for so we shall call him for the Future,) went into the Town, and the Gyplies followed him a little after, very well pleas'd with their Adventure.

THEY had bardly travers'd two or three Streets but they met the young Man that gave the Stanza's, wherein was found a Crown of Gold in the Fold: he presently drew up to em, and addressing himself to Pretiofa, ask'd her, if she had read the Quatrains he had given her. Before I answer your Question, (reply d the Gypsie,) I have one to make you, or rather, 'tis a Doubt I defire you to clear up : but do not disguise the Truth; tell me sincerely, Are you, peradventure, a Poet? The young Man feem'd prefently confounded; in the mean Time, having recollected himself, he told her, That there were so few of the Name of Poet, that he might boldly fay, he was not; and in faying that, he believ'd he ly'd not; but, veritably, he lov'd Posie: and when he had Occasion of Verses, he never borrow'd the Vein of another, but made them

for his Diversion; those that I gave you, (faid he,) are of my own making, as well as others I defign; nevertheless, I am no Poet, God keep me from it. And why, (faid the Gypsie,) is it such a bad Thing to be a Poet? 'Tis not so bad a Thing as it may be call'd, (reply'd the young Man;) nevertheless, I hold it is not fo very good, when one has no other Trade than making of Verses. Say rather, ( reply'd Pretiola, ) because Poets are poor. You are deceiv'd. (answer'd the young Man, ) 'tis quite contrary; there are no Poets but are rich, because they are always contented; excellent Philosophy, which few Men attain to: It looks as if the Universe was form'd for them only; Fountains divert'em, Meadows their Delight, Trees shade 'em, Flowers smile; they turn all into Pleasure: which are the only Riches to which all Men ought to aspire: But whether Poets are rich, or whether they are poor, is what I am little concern'd for; tell me only, Pretiola, I conjure you, in what View did you alk me if I were a Poet? Certainly, (answer'd Pretiofa,) having imagin'd, as I ftill do, altho' you may be able to tay it, that all Poers are poor, and principally the good Poets; I was forpriz'd to fee a Crown of Gold folded in the Stanza's you gave me; and I doubted very much if they were of your composing; nevertheless, as I know now you are no Poet, tho' you can make Verfes, I might well think you were rich; tho' to tell you the Truth, I have some little Doubt of it; for, in fine, those that make Verses, whether they are Poets or no, know neither how to preserve the Goods they pollefs, nor acquire what they pollefs not; you know at least, 'tis the Proverb. I know it, (reply'd the young Man;) but I am not of that Number; I

make Verses, and yet am neither rich nor poor: In a Word, I can without incommoding my felf, give a Crown to whom I please; then presenting her a Paper, Take this second Paper, Pretiofa, (faid he to her smiling,) without troubling your self further : if I am a Poet or not, I defire only you would be perswaded, That he that makes you this Present would be glad to possess the Treasures of Cresus. to offer them to you. The young Gypsie had no sooner the Paper in her Hands, but she felt a Crown within it. I will have none of your Crown, ( faid the, ) 'twere the World revers'd; 'tis for Poets to receive, and not to give; I am willing to accept you for a Maker of Verses, but not for a Maker of Presents; take back your Crown of Gold, and we shall remain good Friends. Since you will make me poor by Force, (reply'd the young Man,) I will take it back, and preferve it preciously, all my Life, fince you have touch'd it with your white Hands. At these Words, Pretiofa took out the Crown, gave it him, and kept the Verses, which she would not read, tho' in the Streets; and the young Man retir'd well fatisfy'd, with the Thought he had, that the Copfie was a little concern'd for him, because she had talk'd to him fo familiarly.

AS Pretiofa's Defign was to go to Andrew's House the soones she could, she stop'd not to dance, as because she found her self in the Street she wish'd for; she was no sooner entred it, but she lift up her Eyes on all Sides, and, in fine, she perceiv'd a Balcony with a Grate of Iron guilt, which were the Tokens that Andrew had given her; there was a Lord of about fifty Years old, that wore a red Cross

on his Habit, and by that Mark and his Air, it was not hard to judge he was a confiderable Person; the Lord had no fooner perceiv'd the Gypfies, but he call'd out they should come near, promising them they should go away satisfy'd; presently three other Gentlemen appear'd upon the Balcony, amongst whom was Andrew, that could not forbear blufhing and being pale, on casting his Eyes on his dear Pretiofa; all the Gyplies went up except the old one, who stay'd below to inform herfelf from the Servants of Andrew's Quality: As foon as the young Gypfies entred the Hall where the Company was, the Lord, (of whom we just now spoke, ) Taid, This young Girl, (pointing to Pretiofa,) is without doubt, that fair Gypsie that makes so much Noise, and of whom fuch Wonders are publish'd. 'Tis the same, (reply'd Andrew; and without enlarging any thing, the finest Person that ever was seen. They say so, (said Pretio-(a, fmiling; ) but either they flatter me, or all the World have bad Eyes. By the Life of little Don Fohn, my Son, (reply'd the Lord then,) thou art a thousand Times fairer than was publish'd; and I have a good Eve I affure thee. And who's this little Don John your Son? (reply'd the young Gypfie.) 'Tis the young Gentleman that thou fee'ft by thy Side, (answer'd the Lord) shewing her Andrew.) Freely, my Lord, (faid Pretiofa then,) I believ'd you had fworn by the Life of some little Infant, of two or three Years old; fee a little, I pray you, this little Don John what he is; he might even have a Wife: and to fay the Truth, by certain Lines he has on his Fore-head, I will affirm, that before three Years are over, he will have one; or he will change his Mind. Hast thou Skill in Physiognomy, E 2

( faid one of the Gentlemen, ) then? Yes, without Doubt, I know it, (the answer'd.) Do you think I have been a Gypsie so long in the World, and not have some little Knowledge of the Lines Nature has engraved on the Visage of all Men, to discover their Humour and their Nature; Don John is in Love: he is hot; he is jealous; and often takes upon him to promise Things a little impracticable : I pray God he be not a Lyar; he will foon make a long Voyage; but one does not always know whether; perhaps he will believe he goes Westward, and yet goes Eastward; Man proposes, and God difposes. Veritably, little Gypsie, (answer'd Don John,) thou hast faid many Things that hit me; but thou deceivest thy felf when thou imagined'st I was a Lyar; that's none of my Character; for the Voyage thou talkest of, thou prognofficatest right; I shall depart to go for Flanders, in four or five Days at fartheft; and, I avow, that thou mortifyd'ft me, when thou frid'st I should take another Way: for I would not for all the Treasures of Peru, that thy Predictions were veritable. Never fear, my little Lord, (replad Pretinfa,) recommend your felf only to God, and all will go well; 'Twere pleafant for you to imagine one ought to believe all that a Gyplie favs; we know no more than others; we fpeak at a Venture; and we fay fo many Things, 'tis no Wonder it we rencounter fometimes ; alarm not your felf, you shall go to Flanders; and 'tis not my Intention to flop you; but you must nick the Time; I will give you, however, one Advice, Moderate your Pattions; do nothing blindfold; promife nothing you cannot reform, tho' to your Loss; detest Lying; and give us fomething I conjure you; 'tis better

better to give than receive; and he that gives only lends to him that made the Poor and the Rich. Thou fay'st well, Pretiofa, (faid Don John,) and I thank thee for thy good Councils; but I complain of one Thing; thou dost charge again on the Subjest of my Sincerity; thou takest me for a Lyar, and I am none; I abhor a Lye; I think him unworthy of all Men, and particularly of him that makes a Profession of Arms: Believe me, little Gypsie, I will accomplish in the Town, and every where, what I promis'd in the Fields. Promise us then, (reply'd Pretiofa,) to give us fomething. Truly, I cannot, (faid the young Gentleman,) but my Father will do it for me: I have given this Morning to Ladies all that I had, and one cannot give what he has not. I die, (faid Christiana then, who was retired with the two other Gypsies to a Corner of the Hall, to talk between themfelves without being heard.) I die if this be not the same Gentleman who made us a Present this Morning of three Rials; but let us not speak till he begins; perhaps there may be some Mystery in it: I doubted at first, but, at present, I doubt no more; 'tis infallibly he that speaks. I do not think fo, (reply'd one of these Gypfies.) he says he gave his Money to Ladies, and we are very far from it: but being fo fincere, as he just now protested, what Appearance is there that he would lye the next Moment, and even without any Necessity? 'Tis true that every Man is a Lyar, and Lyes cost 'em but little. When a Lye, (answerd Christiana,) tends directly to do good to one's N ighbour, and to Honour, 'tis not properly a Lye; they call it fo abusively; but this is not our Business: I fee, that with

with all these fine Compliments, they will give us nothing here, and that they trouble not themselves to make us dance.

UPON these Matters, the old Gypfie began to bruth up, and turning to Pretiola, the faid to her, Give off talking, 'tis late; thou haft many Things to do yet, which perhaps thou little thinkest of. And what have you, Grand-mother, (answer'd Pretiofa.) have you some Son, or some Daughter, that you are in fuch Haft? Thou haft met with what thou little thoughtest of, (reply'd the old one,) I have a Son, and thou never fawest any thing more genteel; come Pretiofa, and I will shew thee Wonders. I pray God, (said the young Gypsie,) it be not abortive, or one of those unfortunate Children that die the same Day they are born. All will go well, (reply'd the old one,) the Labour was very happy; and the Child, who is as bright as the Day, is marvelously well. Does any of yours liein, (faid Don Fohn's Father? ) Yes, my Lord, (anfwer'd the old one;) but these Labours must be kept very fecret; nor is it permitted to fay any more. Don't trouble your felf, my good old Woman, (faid one of the Gentlemen,) we have no Defire to know your Lyings-in; however, let her be who she will, I cannot but pity her, to trust such as you, the Secret might well come to Light. Truly, (faid Pretiofa, with a fornful Air,) we are not fuch as you take us for; I avow, that generally fpeaking, Women are not over-fecret; but there are many Men, believe me, that are Women upon that Article: She then turning to the old Gypsie, said to her, Let us be gone, Mother, these Gentle-

Gentlemen will do us no good; they have too bad an Opinion of us; and without Doubt, 'tis because we have stole nothing here, nor can do base Things. Don't be angry, Pretiola, (faid Andrew's Mother then,) the Gentleman had a Mind to be merry; thou shalt not go 'till thou hast dane'd with thy Companions, and I will provide thee a Ducat of Gold with two Heads, that are not fo pretty as thine, tho' it has two Heads crown'd; but a Ducat is always as much as 'tis worth. I have always heard it faid fo, (faid the old one,) dance then; my little Girls, and content these good Lords. There was no need of speaking twice to Pretiofa: the prefently then took her Tabor, and the Gypfies dane'd with fuch Agility, and with fo good a Grace, particularly Pretiofa, that every one was furpriz'd; Don John had always his Eyes fix'd on her, and his Joy could hardly be express'd; but this Joy was somewhat interrupted by an Accident that happened; no sooner had the Gypsies made an end of their Dance, and every one preparing to give 'em Commendation, Pretiofa let the Verses fall that the young Man, we mention'd, had given her in the Street; one of the Gentlemen catch'd it up, and instantly said, Behold here a Madrigal, hearken to't, fince the Gypfies have left off dancing; one may judge by the first Verse it came from a good Hand, and 'tis likely the End will answer the Beginning; however, the Piece is new, and the worst Verses are passable, when they have the Grace of Novelty. Pretiofa wish'd with all her Soul the Verfes had been given her, without being read; for the apprehended Andrew's Jealoufy; - the demanded em of the Gentleman very earnestly, but they were in

in too good Hands; the Gentleman was resolved to read 'em; he read then aloud this Dixain:

HEN Pretiofa with her Voice the Air does beat,
And with her Hand and Fingers to compleat
An Instrument, does touch no Heart's so sierce,
But yields unto the Laws she does rehearse.
These Charms are not the only ones she has;
She has Attractions that so far surpass,
That Kings would even their present Arms lay down,
And Jove himself his All-calestial Crown.

I DIE (he cry'd out that read the Madrigal,) the Poet that compos'd it I understand. He is not a Poet, (answer'd Pretinfa,) 'tis a young Man gallante, and of a good Mien, that makes Verses sometimes for his Diversion, and to regale his Friends; this is the second Time he was pleas'd to make 'em for me; and you will be convinc'd, without Doubt, he is no Poet, when I have told you, of all the Men in the World, he is the most liberal; I can say it on certain Knowledge.

THE reading the Madrigal was like a Clap of Thunder to poor Andrew; from the first Verse to the last he sweat nothing but Blood and Water; he did, however, all that he could to conceal it, in spight of a thousand jealous Transports, that diffurb'd him, during the Reading, and which fally'd out, and put him entirely out of Countenance; but he could not hold; at the Gypsie's Words a cold Sweat seiz'd him, Paleness appear'd in his Face, and he fell into a fort of a Swoon, whereof

his Father, who lov'd him with the utmost Tenderness, was alarm'd. Fear nothing, (faid Pretiefa,) attend a Moment, that I may speak two or three Words in his Ear, and you will fee he will quickly come to himself again; I have an infallible Remedy against swooning; she then came near him, and faid, privately, Truly, thou wantest Courage to be a Gypsie; rowze up thy Spirits, and the Author of the Madrigal shall not give thee the least Pain; 'twill not be he shall possess my Heart; thou knowest to whom I have given it; and I have already told thee, I am infentible to Liberalities and Commendations: After that, the made half a Dozen Crosses on his Heart, and withdrew: Andrew reviv'd in a Moment, and declar'd aloud what the Gypsie had faid to him was a falutary Remedy: Upon this, the Ducat with two Heads was given her: You may divide it amongst your selves, (said Don Jobn's Father,) and that which thou shalt do. Pretiofa, before thou goeff away, thou finalt leave me in Writing the Words thou pronouncest in Don John's Ear, I may make use of it in case of Need. The Gypfie was at a Stand; but making a Virtue of Necessity, the answer'd, the would recite 'em with all her Heart, and any one may write em; they are Words, (she added,) you would take for a ridiculous Gallimawfry: but as much Gallimawfry as they are, they have one fingular Virtue, as the young Gentleman just now tried; and 'tis not the first Time I have made an happy Tryal, and I hope it will not be the last; hearken and laught at the Charm as much as you please; I permit you thereupon. She recited these Verses that she made of Hand:

F

Little Gypfie without Brain,
Subject to the Moon in wain,
Fear not, sleep upon thy Bed,
Let no Distrust possess thy Head;
Thy Perseverance shall be blest
With Fruits of Joy, and peaceful Rest:
God and St. Kitt, shall be thy Aid.
She turn'd about and further said.

PROVIDED, (continued the young Gyplie,) that half of these Words be recited, and that fix Croffes be made upon the Heart of the Person that is fallen into a swoon, or that has some Trouble in his Head, provided he has a strong Faith, such surprizing Effects will appear, that the Learning of the greatest Doctors could never attain to. The Grandmother, who was apprehenfive, least Pretiofa should fall into some Confusion on this Rencounter, and was full of mortal Inquietudes, was agreeably furpriz'd at the hearing of this extempore Piece; but Don John was much more, feeing her Wit had fav'd him on an Occafion, that gave him more Cause of Fear than the old Gypsie. Pretiosa took her Leave, and left the Madrigal with him that had read it, to finish Andrew's Cure; forafmuch as could be feen, she had observed, that Jealousy was a terrible Thing, and had been an Imprudence on his Part for her to discover it. He who the young Gypsie faluted last, was Don John, to whom the faid with an agreeable Smile, Remember, my Lord, that all the Days of this Week are happy for those that undertake Journeys; begin yours immediately, if you will believe

lieve me; all forts of good Fortune attend you; make not yourfelf unworthy by your Negligence, of the Sweetness and Glory your Destinies prepare for you, and concur with Heaven, who is all favourable to make you the most fortunate of all Mortals. These Words caus'd a thousand Transports of Joy in Don John; the Gypsie came to talk to him without Equivocation, fo that he had much ado to conceal his Contentment; every one was pleas'd, particularly the Gypsies, who a Moment after divided the double Ducat, ( after that Manner they used to make their Shares, that is to fay, the old one referv'd half, as the was Mistress of the Band; ) after which, the took the Portion of the other half, which was done without the least Contention; fo religiously is this Law observ'd. The Gipfies, who were no fooner withdrawn, but the amorous Don John, who felt but little Joy, thought in good Earnest of executing the Design he had form'd, of throwing himself among the Gypsies, to render himself worthy by this Sacrifice, to possess his amiable Gypsie: the Day he had promis'd to join 'em came at last, and that Day he went all alone to the Rendezvous, mounted on a Mule he had hired; the old Gypsie and Pretiofa fail'd not to come thither, and they received him with a thousand Tokens of a veritable Tenderness. Behold me here, (faid Andrew,) in your Hands, ready blindfold, to execute all that you expect from me: nothing will be difficult to me, fince I am certain, that at the End of my Career, I shall find a Recompence I shall prefer before the Conquest of the whole Universe; in the mean Time, as I am afraid I shall be purfued, and that it would be the greatest F 2 MisMisforture, that could happen to me in my whole Life, if I should come to be discover'd, conduct me, before Day-light, where our Troop is lodg'd. Andrew's Request was granted, and they join'd the Troop a little after, that was encamp'd under Tents, cover'd with Leaves; Andrew was conducted into that which was the most proper, into which enter'd presently ten or twelve Gypfies, they were all young, gay and jolly, and the old one gave 'em to understand the should bring em a Companion that Morning; these Sharpers presently cast their Eyes upon Andrew's Mule; and one immediately took upon him to fay, This Mule is not an impertinent one, the would find a Dealer, and we might fell her next Thursday, at Toledo. You shall not do that, (answer'd Andrew,) 'tis a hir'd Mule; and there is not in all Spain so miserable an Hostler but knows these fort of Mules; I have more Interest than every one knows. Very good, (reply'd one of these Sharpers,) if the Mule had as many Marks as there will be Signs in the Heaven, before the dreadful Day of Judgment, we would transform her in such a fort, that her Dam that bore her could not know her, and much less the Master that bred her up. That's nothing, (reply'd Andrew,) I have better Council to follow; and I pray you to agree to it, the Mule must be kill d, and prefently put fo deep in the Earth, that there will be no more Words made of her than if the were quite confum'd. And what has this poor Creature done? (faid another Gypfie,) Should one kill the Innocent? Who made you these Laws? Shall Crimes be committed without Punifliment? Have better Language, I pray, and trouble not your felves. Confider well the

the Mule only, and engrave as much as you pleafe in your Memory the Mark it has; for after I have had her, if you know her two Hours after, I will be content to be whipt as long as they please; we have metamorphos'd others: I am ready to believe your Metamorpholing, (faid Andrew,) if the Mule die, and be interr'd, makes her a thousand Times more reconvisible than what you speak of: the Dye is cast for this once, my Will must be executed; you think it enough to fay, and promife it shall be so, neither more nor less; the furest Way in this World is always the best; for, after all, how can one know but fome Body may be found, as able as you, that might have the Secret to give her her first Form; wife Men never run such Risks; but I fee clearly what it is, if this Mule clies, as die she will, she will never be fold; and you will have no Profit from her; there's your Grievance; that's what excites your Pity, and makes you make fo many moral Reflections: My Friends, you will loofe nothing; fear nothing; I am not come amongst you so unprovided, but I can give Beginning to Things that will be worth four Times more than the Mule. Very good, (another took upon him to fav,) if the Mule dies, we shall not be the first Judges that have suffered themselves to be corrupted with Presents, and made out Proceffes against Innocence the most apparent; in the mean Time, to fay the Truth, I have great Regret for this poor Beaft; but however, die she must, First or Last,

EVERY one agreeing to't, 'twas with Policy the Mule should not live, tho' he might have produc'd

duc'd good Money: It was refolv'd to flay till Night to pronounce Sentence upon him, and they began to prepare for Andrew's Reception; which was done after this Manner; they empty'd presently all that was in one of the Tents, which was drefs'd with Boughs, and adorn'd it with Herbs and Flowers; as foon as the Tent was prepar'd, they made the new Gypsie sit down on a Piece of Linnen, and gave him a Cloak, and a Pair of Tongs; two Gypsies having taken their Guitars, and played upon 'em, and made him make two or three Capriols to the Sound of that Infrument; after that, they firip'd his Arm, which they gently bound with a Silken Cord twice round, only; after which, they gave him two Truncheons, Pretiola, and many other Gypfies, old and young, being prefent, and all enchanted with the Air and good Mien of Don John: These Ceremonies, and some others, being over, the oldest Gypsie of the Troop taking Pretiola by the Hand, went and plac'd himfelf with her before the young Gentleman, to whom he spoke in these Terms, We give thee this young Girl, who is the Flower and Ornament of all Gypfies that are in Spain: It is in thy Power to make her a Spoule or a Mistress; thou may'st proceed in this Matter as thou thinkest sit; we have no other Fashion; be not furprized; 'tis one of the Privileges of the Liberty we take, that enfranchizes as with these fatiguing Practiques to which all Men are subject, as soon as they enter into fome Engagement. Confider, then, P. etiofa, think, maturely, if it pleafes thee; fee if thou can'ft find any Fault in it, and it thou findest you are not made one for the other, cast your Eyes on the other Gypfies that fland round thee:

thee: thou may'ft find one to give the Apple to: But we declare to thee, when once thou hast made thy Choice, you must stand to your Choice, and be content with your Destiny; we observe, inviolably, the Laws of Friendship; none follicits what another possesses; and, from thence, it comes, we are never tormented with Jealousy; Incests may, possibly, be found amongst us; but we never suffer Adultery; for, if one of our Wives, or our Mistresses, is surprized in a flagrant Fault, we give em no Quarter; never think we have Recourse to Justice: we do Justice ourselves; we are their Judges and Executioners; and when dead, we bury them in the Mountains, and in the Defarts, and there is no Body, be he who he will, not even those that execute 'em, that are question'd to give an Account of their Death; 'tis this Fear, and this Affrightment, that restrains 'em within the Bounds of Chaflity; and, thence it comes, as I faid before, that we live in Affurance on that Side; there are very few Things we possess but we possess 'em in common; but Wives and Mistresses are excepted: One of our inviolable Rules being, that those they only appurtain, are those to whom Fortune has given 'em: There is nothing but Death can separate those whom Hymen and Love has united, or an Age extreamly disproportionate; for in that Case, and that only, 'tis permitted us to give a Bill of Divorce to an old Woman, and cast our Eves upon another, that may be nearer our Age: With those Laws, and some others of this Nature, we preferve ourselves, and pass our Lives happily; we are Masters of the whole Universe of Fields, of Fruits, of Harvests, of Forests, of Mountains, of

Rivers, and of Fountains; of the Stars, and all the Elements; accustom yourself, betimes, to suffer: we fuffer nothing, properly speaking; we sleep in Tranquility, and as commodious upon the Ground. as upon Beds of Down; and the burnt Skin of our Bodies is as an impenetrable coverlet against the Injury of the Air; infensible to Grief; Torture, the most civel, moves us not; and under what fort foever they represent Death, we grow not pale at it; we have learn'd to despise it; we make no Diflinction between Ay, and No; when we find it necessary, we may be Martyrs; but we are never Confesiors; we sing loaden with Chains and Irons in the deepest Dungeons; but we have nothing to. fay to Hell; our only Profession is to appropriate the Goods of others to ourselves; and, as to obtain our Ends, we have no Need of Witnesses to watch us; by Policy, we take upon us, in the Day-time, some little Business; but, commonly, by Night, we make our veritable Trade; Glory, the Point of Honour, nor Ambition, can move us, and, we are thereby exempt from this mean Seivitude, belonging, for the most Part, to great Men; illuftrious, unhappy, or better to express it, Slaves: Our Palaces are portative, Pavillions, and nothing can be compar'd to the Ornaments of these moveable Houses; they are Beauties that Nature herself produc'd, and are far above gilded Balcons, and those sumptuous Moveables, invented by ridiculous Pride, and the effeminate Delicacies of Men; we live under these Tents, occupied for the present, without caring, over-much, for what is to come; we regard all with Indifference, and live by our Wits; we abandon not ourselves blind-fold to our Star

Star, avoiding these three Things only, the Church, the Sea, and Kings Courts. In a Word, we posses all, because we are always content with those Things only we posses. I have a little enlarg'd; but this long Discourse is not inutil; because, in fine, it were not fair thou should'st be ignorant what fort of Life thou art going to lead, and the Profession thou ought'st to make: I have rudely painted it, and in Haste; but in Time, thou wilt discover many other Things, no less worthy of Consideration than those thou hast heard now.

THE old and eloquent Gyplie having ended his Discourse, the Novice answerd him; He prefently told him, That he was charm'd with fo inany wife Conflitutions, all founded upon good Senfe, and on fine Policy; that he was troubled he had not fooner Knowledge of the Lives of Gypfies: that, henceforth, he renounc'd even the Profession of a Gentleman, and the vain Glory of his Ancestors; that he entirely submitted his Heart to their Laws; and he would religiously observe them; and if he devoted himself to their Service, he well perceiv'd he was worthily recompene'd, fince he should possess the divine Pretiofa, for whom, he added, he would relinquish all the Crowns, and all the Empires of the World; which, however, I should be glad to possess, to offer 'em to this Beauty, Pretiofa was not dumb. If our Legislators, (said she,) have found in their Laws that I am thine, and as such have deliver'd me to thee, they may do it, and I ought to submit myself to these Laws ; but there is another Law that thou ought'st to fubmit to in thy Turn, that is, to comply with the Con-

Condition I have already impos'd on thee, that will be falutary to the one and the other: If thou givest the least Attention, that little Experience that I have tells me, that all Passions are violent. and that they make even the Nicest faulty, and we often repent of Things done in Haste; after the Manner most Men are made , they easily disgust Pleasures when they have once taffed them; but, especial-Iv. when these Pleasures have cost 'em somewhat dear, and when they have carry'd 'em fo far to metamorphofe themselves, after the Manner thou hast defign'd to do, one would have that To-day, which one would not have To-morrow, because one comes to open one's Eyes; a wife Man proceeds flowly, he does nothing but with Reflection: Love is a blind Deity, and the Nuptial Bed the Grave of Tendernefs, as I have always heard fay; I own the Rule is not general; fome Spoules there are that cherish even to Death; there are Friendships eternal; but I maintain, 'at the fame Time, that thefe Friend-Thips are not durable, because founded on Esteem, Love only produces 'em not; I will love thee, and I would have thee love me; but I would have us love one another, because we find ourselves worthy to be belov'd; and we must necessarily know one another before we can come to that; and as that is not to be attain'd in a Moment, for, 'tis not the Work of one Day, I defire, and I have already let thee know, that thou livest amongst us two Years entire, and, if it be fo, that at the End of that Time thou art permitted to enjoy the Privacy a Spoule ought not to refuse her Spoule, to whom she is entirely bound with the Chains of Himen; this Tryal is long, but 'tis necessary; and 'tis even the only

only Way to take that thou may'ft poffefs me without Repentance; and that I may not be abusid, 'tis on thy Part, at present, to determine; 'tis yet in thy Power to accept the Condition or not; if it feems too hard to thee, thou art free, the Mule is notivet dead: thou haft thy Cloaths, and all thy Money; and, 'tis permitted thee all the rest of thy Journey to confider with thyfelf which may appear conveneable; but thou shalt not enjoy me but at this Price; if thou remain'st amongst us we will be merry, and thou shalt always be distinguish'd: and if thou dost withdraw, we will complain of thee; but thou shalt never loose our Esteem; for, we fee very well, there is a For and Against on the Subject of this Enterprize; every one ought to have Justice done 'em: but what wilt thou do? I am delicate in this Matter, and thou oughtest not to disapprove my Delicacy: If thou truly lovest me, let us love, (she faid further,) according to Reason, or separate our felves for ever.

NO, Pretiofa, we will not feparate, (faid Andrew, then, to her.) I come into all thy Sentiments, and the Condition thou imposes on me, if it were a thousand Times heavier, I would overcome it; there is no Assurance I will retuse to give thee, nor Oath but I will make, that I never will resist thy Will one Moment in my whole Life. The Oaths and Promises a Slave makes, that comes to obtain his Liberty, (said Pretiofa,) are Things that do not happen very often to be minded, when his Chains are broken off; tis the same with Lovers, to obtain what they desire; they promise Things the most impossible; every one promises according to his Hopes, Andrew.

I will have neither Oaths nor Promifes, 'tis only the Imprudent that truft; I will have only of thee the Tryal I demand, and it shall be on my Part to fland upon my Guard, and to prevent thy offending me. I obey, (faid Andrew: ) but the only Thing I demand of my Companions, that for one Month, it may be permitted me not to undrefs; I want, merlinks, this Time of Inaction, to form myfelf to a Trade I understand not, and for which, it may be necessary for me to be instructed in. Take no Care of that, (faid the old Man, Gypfie,) we will give thee certain Rules, and thou wilt be so experimented, that thou wilt take Pleafure in the following a Profession wherein is more Delight than thou art aware of: for, in fine, what can be imagin'd fweeter in this Life, than to poffess, without Labour, that which makes the rest of Men sweat, and to go out in the Morning with empty Hands, and come back, at Night, laden with whatsoever our Occasions require? I have seen return among 'em, (reply'd Andrew,) who were loaden with Blows, they have met with, in their nocturnal Expeditions, and had little Caufe to be proud of their Ability and their Experience. I agree to't, (reply d the Gypsie,) there are Disappointments everywhere; taking Things in the worst Sense, one is not every Day fortunate, nor is he all Merchant that always gains, every Profession has its Perils; that of theirs is not exempt; but the Good drowns the Evil; it leads to the Gallows, fometimes; but, ordinarily, it makes one live in Profusion and at Eye; the Misfortune of one ought not to discourage all the rest; because one Ship is toft in a Tempest and suffers Shipwreck, Should

Should that discourage others from failing, and continue their Voyage? Would it not be ridiculous to fay, that one Soldier ought to renounce the Wars because Millions of People perish in it; and that one finds Death rather in it, or good Words, than Advancement and Recompence? Because some of us could not escape the Galley or the Scourge, shall we live with our Arms a-cross, and in criminal Oysivety? We are chastiz'd sometimes; and, is there any Order of Men in the World that are not, sometimes, chastiz'd? One cannot die Twice, my dear Andrew; and when one is once dead, one has want of nothing: And for the Ore, and those little Marks they imprint upon our Shoulders, that's a fine Jest; 'tis our Staff of Command, and our Arms of Chivalry. Andrew, my Son, be not difmay'd, great Things are difficult. repose thy self only on our Wings, and in Time, like the Eagle, we will teach thee to fly fo well, that thou wilt never return without Prey, nor be better content than when thou hast made some Capture.

I A M willing to believe it, (faid Andrew;) but however it be, I have good Reasons to prevent me taking this Pleasure so soon, and you may dispence with me, if you please, for the Time that I have demanded; in the mean Time, as 'tis not sit any one should loose, I will distribute two hundred Crowns of Gold to the Band, that shall fraternally be divided, that I may indempnify it from the Shifts I might make, during the Time of my Dispensation. Andrew had no sooner pronounc'd this Word, but he was surrounded by all the Capfies, who carry'd him on their Arms, and on their Shoul-

Shoulders, and carrying him in Triumph, nothing was heard but Cries of Joy and Acclamations. The She-Gypsies did the same Thing with Respect to Pretiosa; they gave all the Marks of their Alacrity; there was only Christiana, and two or three more of their Companions that were mortified in their Hearts; for in fine, Envy slides everywhere, as well in the Tents of the Poor, and the Cotts of Shepherds, as in the Palaces of Monarchs; they seem'd, nevertheless, to testify an apparent Joy; for Envy is a Passion timid, and shamfac'd, that's always endeavour'd to be hid.

THE Acclamations were no fooner ended, but they began to make good Chear; the Sum promifed was divided; the Praises of Andrew were renewed; and the Beauty of Pretissa was elevated up to Heaven: In the mean Time, Night came on, the Mule was skinn'd, and bury'd so well, that Andrew had no Cause to fear it would ever be discover'd; they bury'd also together all the Furniture, after the Manner of the Indians, who bury with their Dead the Things they held dearest to 'em.

ANDREW was all surprized at the Things he had seen and heard; he admired, in himself, the Wit of the Gipsies, resolving to pursue his Enterprize, without, nevertheless, falling into their Vices, and their Manners. Thest seemed to him a Thing so base, and unworthy, that he regarded it with Horror; and he knew well, it was in his Power to exempt himself, by Means so sure and efficacious, that it would not be difficult for him to put the Change upon his Companions.

THE

THE next Morning, Andrew befought the Company to be willing to change their Station, and depart from Madrid, for he apprehended to be known in those Parts. They answer'd him, they had refolv'd to march towards the Mountains of Toledo, and go Forage from thence all the circumiacent Plains. They departed the Day following, and they made a Present of an Ass to Andrew, which he refus'd, declaring he would go on Foot, and march after his charming Miffress, who mounted a little Hackney or Pad. Never were Lovers more fatisfied than were Andrew and Pretiofa in this March: they faid a thousand amorous Things, and reiterated the Protestations they had made, to love eremally. Is it fo, O Love! that thou degradest us? Is this the Treatment thou useft to those that Submit to thy Empire? Andrew is a Gentleman, and a young Spark, endowed with Wit ; he was Yesterday the Delight of a rich Father, and Today, behold him metamorphos'd, after a Manner in the World the most incomprehensible; he has cheated his Domesticks and his Friends, and has frustrated the Hopes of those that gave him Birth; he has left the Road to Flanders, whether he should have gone, to exercise his Valour, and encrease the Glory of his House, to go prostrate himfelf at the Feet of a Gypfie. Thy Puissance, O Love! is great.

FOUR Days after, they arrived at a Borough two Leagues from Toledo, where they pitch'd their Camp, having a Precaution, above all Things, to put into the Hands of the Alcaide, or Judge of this Territory, pertain Pieces of Silver Plate, for AffuAfforance they would steal nothing in Places of his Turisdiction: After this, all the old Female Gypsies, and fome young ones, dispers'd themselves, here and there, four or five Leagues from the Place where the Gang staid. Andrew, and two or three Gypfies follow'd them; and, 'twas from that Time forward they began to give him Instructions, for the Profession he had promis'd them to make, as foon as the Month was expird; but he troubled himself very little to think much of it, resolv'd, as he was, whatfoever might happen, 'never to put them in Execution; he was on the Contrary very much concern'd at the Sight of the least Theft; and, it happen'd, more than once, that he paid, with his own Money, the Thefts his Comrades had made: his Heart was too tender to hold out against the Tears of an Infinity of miserable ones, from whom they had often taken their very Cloaths. One may well judge, that the Gypsies accommodated themselves but little to the Ways of their Novice; that drew upon him some little Mercurial, and in Effect to counterrene their Laws; and the Profesfion would have been worth nothing, if every one had done as much. Andrew was of the fame Mind; he promised, tho' he would do as the rest did, but declar'd to 'em, at the same Time, he would play his Pranks all-alone, that he would not be accompany'd by any one whatfoever. I want not, he continu'd to fay, neither Ability to draw myfelf out of Danger, nor Courage to expose myfelf to it; 'tis but reasonable, that he that makes any Prize may have the fole Glory, and the Recompence, as he ought to have the Confusion, and to be punish'd, if he has the Misfortune to be furprizd, priz'd, and his Enterprize fail. These Reasons were good and convincing; but the Gypsies would not refolve to comply with him; they endeavour'd all they could to turn him from this Resolution, alledging, that a thousand unforeseen Accidents might happen to him, wherein he might want Succour: and, in a Word, that one fingle Man could not make Captures very confiderable; that he put Chimera's in his Head, and that he would foon be alone in repenting to take fuch an Opinion, fo extraordinary and fo fingular, they thought it convenient to oppose his Sentiment. Andrew would be a folitary Thief, and they very well faw his Defign, he would, from Time to Time, buy fomewhat, and fay he had stole it: In effect, it was his Pra-Stice: and by this Superchery, he did more good to the Gang than all the other Gyplies together. This charm'd Pretiofa; but as one has always Fear for the Person one loves, when she had a little reflected, the faid a thousand Times in her Heart. that her Lover expos'd himself too much, and that the wish'd he had more Timidity, and less Courage and Address: for, after all, she said, That altho' Fortune feem'd to declare for the most Bold, and the most Couragious, they are those only, neverthelefs, if we confider it well, that are most subject to Diferace and Tragick Adventures: But, what shall we fay? (the faid further,) no Body can avoid his Destiny.

THE Gypsies were above a Month in the Territory of Toledo, where they did very well their Business; they past on to Entremodura, a Country no less rich; and if Pretiosa appeared always charming to Andrew, Andrew feem'd more and more to Pretiofa the most accomplish'd Lover in the World; he was tender, modest, discreet, and had, besides, so great Address, that 'twas he always that gain'd the Prize of running or leaping, which made him admir'd in all the Places whither-loever they went; he play'd admirably well at the Mail, and at Racket, and all Games of Exercise, which rais'd him so great Renown, that they talk'd of him as of a Prodigy. Pretiosa's Beauty made no less Noise in Extremadura, than the admirable Qualities of Andrew, so that there was neither Town nor Village but they were invited to, on Festival Days, or in private Assemblies: Thus the Gang march'd, rich, happy, and content.

A LITTLE Time after; the Gang having pitch'd their Tents, under some Chesnut-Trees, that were a little distant from the Road, they hear'd, about Midnight, Dogs bark hard, and lowder than ordinary; Andrew, and some Gypsies, went out to fee what the Dogs bark'd at, and found a young Man in white, that defended himself against two of those Animals, as well as he could, that leap d out upon him, and feiz'd him by the Thigh, they were no fooner come but they made the Dogs let go their Hold, and one of the Gypsies spoke to him in this Manner; And who brought you hither, good Man, at fuch an Hour, and too, out of the Way? Is it with Defign to make some Capture? It shall be so; you are not arriv'd at a good Part. I am not come to Steal, (answer'd the young Man,) and I know not whether I am in the right Way or the wrong; but all that I know is, that

I am not in a very good Path; all that I demand of you at present is, if, peradventure, there is some Inn near, or some Place I may retire to To-night, to heal the Wounds your Dogs have made, that you would direct me. There is neither Place nor Inn, in this Country, whether we might conduct you, answer'd Andrew; but to wash your Morfures. and repose yourself To-night, we will accommodate you with that; you have nothing to do but to follow us; for, tho' we are Gypfies, we are not so bad as we are black. God reward your Charity, (reply'd the Unknown;) but to make it all entire, carry me, I befeech you, for the Pain I feel is fo great, that I cannot go one Step. Andrew, and another Gypsie, then carry'd him into one of their Tents, the Night was clear, and they perceiv'd 'twas a young Man, handsome and tall, his Equipage was fingular enough, he was clad in white Linnen, having upon it a fort of Skirt, bound about his Reins. The Tent they carry'd him into was that of Andrew's; they lighted prefently a Fire and a Candle, and Pretiofa's Grandmother run presently to wash his Morfures; she took some Hairs of the Dogs that had bit him, and fry'd 'em in Oil, and having wash'd the Wound with a little Wine, she applied the fry'd Hairs to it, with a little green Rosemary she chamm'd before, she afterwards bound the Wound with a Linnen Binder. and made some Signs of a Cross.

WHILE they wash'd this young Man, Pretiofa, that was present, regarded him very attentively; and, for him, he had always his Eyes fix'd upon her; Andrew fail'd not to perceive it; but seeming

to take no Notice, looking on it as a Thing impossible that the Thing should happen otherwise; for he faid, within himfelf, who could have once feen Pretiofa and not always have a Regard for her? The unknown went to repose himself, and, in that Moment, Pretiofa took afide her dear Andrew, Dost thou rem inber, (she said to him,) a Paper I let fall in thy House, when I danc'd there with my Companions, that gave thee fo much Jealoufy? I remember it very well, (answer'd Andrew,) 'twas a Madrigal, made in thy Commendation, that was very good. He that compos'd it, (she told him,) is this same young Man, that has been bit by our Dogs, and that we just now left: I am not deceiv'd, 'tis the very fame, and I have feen him twice or thrice, fince that Time, and he gave, behiles. a Romance, as good as the Madrigal; he was then dreft like a Page, not like ordinary Pages, but as those of Princes, they call Pages of Honour, or of the Chamber: I affure thee, Andrew. that this young Man is discreet, he talks well, he has had good Education: I have known him a Person of Merit, and, I cannot imagine what Adventure brought him hither, and whence it comes he appears in this Equipage. I well know by myfelf, (reply'd Andrew,) the fame Constellation that transform'd me into a Gypfie, has made him take the Habit he wears. Ha! Pretiofa, I begin to perceive that thou art like the rest of thy Sex, that thou lovest to make Conquests, and that I am not the only Man, whose Head thou hast fill'd with Hopes; this young Man is not transported hither without Mystery; and, thou hast faid too much, not to perceive that thy Heart might be divided ;

divided; begin, if that be fo, to make me die, and afterwards kill this new Lover; facrifice us not both together; one is very ingenious to raife Discontents when one is jealous. Pretiofa cry'd out, all alarm'd, and, a Mistress is unhappy when fhe meets with a Lover of thy Character; thou suspectest my Sincerity; thou accusest me of Coqueftry, and Inconstancy; and upon what Ground? on a View that ought to convince thee of my Innocence, and the Concern I have for thee, it thou makest the least Use of thy Reason; for, in fine, if there were any thing of Artifice or Trompery in it, who could have hindred me from diffembling and keeping a profound Silence? Had it not been permitted me to feign that this young Man was a Stranger to me, and what cou'd my Defign be in the Confidence I have made thee, if there were any Mystery in it? But, 'tis Time to disabuse, and cure thy unjust Incertitudes; there's a fure Way to do it; examine the young Man thyfelf, To-morrow; it will not be hard for thee to know whither he goes, and from whence he comes, and what might be the Occasion of his Disguisement: he'll answer thee, and according to his Answers, order him to be gone; all our Gyplies have that Respect for thee that none will receive him into his Tent; and if that were fo, be affur'd, he shall not fee me: that I will avoid his Conversation; I will avoid his very Sight, or that of any other thou forbiddeft me to fee: I own, I am not uneafy to fee thee jealous, but I should be extreamly so if thou continuedit to be unjust. No, Pretiofa, I shall not do it, (answer'd Andrew;) and thou ought it to allow, that Love is fometimes alarm'd a little, and that

that my Doubts are pardonable: In the mean Time, I will execute what thou orderest me : I will know, if it be possible, what this young Page would have, and what Prey 'tis that he looks after; however, I am still convinc'd that his Disguisement is mysterious, and that he does not run about the World, thus travesty'd, without some View. What would become of his great Wit, thou findest in him, if he wander'd thus without Defign, and in fuch a ridiculous Equipage? I will turn him fo many Ways, that he shall have Occasion for his Wit to deceive my Eyes; and, he shall, in spight of his Wit, discover what's in his Soul, in his Habit of Masquerade. Jealousy is a terrible Pasfion, (faid Pretiofa, thereupon,) the perpetually feeks new Subjects of Inquietude; the reverfes the Imagination, and disorders the Wit, tho' never so good; as it sublists not but in Suspicion, most commonly chymerical and imaginary, every Thing is uncertain; for those that are attack'd with this Malady, and have no more the Use of their Senfes, they see quite otherwise than other Men; a Pigmy feems a Giant to them, and Doubts, the worst founded, are to them the mortal Truths: Reassume thy first Situation, Andrew; suspend thy Tudgment for a little Time, thou wilt thereby come to fee clear; thou wilt repent thee of thy Injustice; thou wilt have a thousand secret Remorfes; and, I find, I shall forgive thee; nothing is difficult to those that Love. This Conversation being over, Pretiola left Andrew to go lie down, waiting Daylight, to endeavour to clear him of his Doubts; tho' the Night was very far advanc'd, it feem'd to him extreamly long. Pretiofa loft her Labour in

to

in her Tendernesses, and spent herself in Arguments to make him hearken to Reason. He fill'd his Head with a thousand Visions; never was Man less reasonable; he perpetually made Mountains of the least Atoms, and never clos'd his Eyes a Moment. Day came at last; he rose up and sled, if I may call it so, to the Place where the young Man lay; he inform'd himself presently of his Morsures, and after this Compliment, which was very succines, he ask'd him his Name, whether he went, and under what View he travell'd thus by Night, and cross the Fields. The young Man answer'd, he found himself better, that he was absolutely free from Pain, and that now, he was in a Condition to take the Road and prosecute his Journey.

A 5 to his Name, and for Answer to other Things. Andrew would know. He faid, his Name was Alonfo Hurtado, that he went to our Lady of the Rock of France, and to make the more Hafte, he travell'd by Night in this Manner; and, that in the Obscurity and Darkness, he mist his Way, where Evil befel him, Thanks to the Dogs, that guarded these Tents. This Declaration seem'd not legitimate to Andrew, his Suspicions encreas'd, and in the Transports of Jealousy, he answer'd him in these Terms, Do you well know, my Friend, how I would deal with you, if I were your Judge? I would hang you high and low, on your Answers; truly, you give 'em us fairly; I concern not myfelf to know who you are, what is your Name, nor whether you go; I only advertise you, that if you have a Necessity to lye, you would do it with a dittle more Appearance of Truth; you fay you go

to our Lady of the Rock of France, and you leave it on the Right Hand, and even thirty Leagues, at leaft, from the Place where we are; you travel by Night to arrive the sooner, and you march out of the Way in the Forests, where there's hardly any Path; rife, my Friend, learn to lye less grossly, and you may go as foon as you will; in the mean Time, in Recompence of the good Advice I give you, clear up one Thing I have a great Mind to be fatisfy'd in; will you tell me the Truth? I have Hopes, in some Manner, fince you know how to lye fo badly; tell me, then, are not you, perhaps, a young Man I have often feen at Court, in the Habit they wear when they are out of Pageship, and are ready to be a Gentleman? If you are he, that I speak of, you have the Noise of being a great Poet; you compos'd a Romance and a Madrigal for one of our She-Gypfies, that was at Madrid, some Time ago, and passes amongst us for very pretty; hide it not from me; I promife you the Faith of a Gentleman Gyplie to keep it fecret, if it be necessary; but go not about to tergiverse, and feed me with new Stories for Asses; I know you, the Visage I see now here is the same, without any Doubt, with that I have feen very often at Madrid: and to deny this Truth, were to deny that you were bit by our Dogs; or that Aurora, that fair Harbinger of Day, (to speak the Language of Poets,) gilds the Top of our Mountains; the Renown you have acquir'd, made me regard you the more, so that I have imprinted your Figure so well in my Memory, that I should know you under a Disguisement more fantastical; trouble not yourfelf, take Courage, you are not among Scoundreis,

Scoundrels, you are amongst Friends, and such Friends as will defend you against all Events; but there is more yet, and 'tis a View I demand of you more : Limagine a Thing, and 'tis what I think veritable: I count you happy to fall into our Hands: I imagine, then, that you being in Love with the pretty Gypsie, for whom you made Verses, you are come to fee her, and if that be fo, I am fo far from blaming your Defign, that, on the contrary, I esteem you the more; tho' I am a Gypsie, I am, by Experience, not ignorant of the Force and Power of Love; I am not ignorant of the Changes and Metamorphofes it makes those make that submit to her Laws; it is the Least and Greatest of Deities: Now, if this be fo, which I in no Manner doubt of, I pronounce to you, that the fair Gypfie is in our Gang. I know it, (interrupted the young Poet,) and I faw her last Night.

THESE Words were a Clap of Thunder for Andrew, Jealoufy entirely possess his Heart, he knew hot where he was, he appear'd confus'd, and interdicted. I saw her last Night, (said the young Man, once more,) but I would not discover myselfy because I did not think it to the Purpose. You are, then, the Poet I spoke of? Yes, (answer'd he,) I am he; I neither can nor will deny it, after so many Assurances that you have given me, and, wherein, I flatter myself, I may make Account the Fidelity is not very much found in Forrests, and upon Mountains. She is found, notwithstanding, (said Andrew,) we, who are Gypties, make Profession to be the People the most Secret that are in the World; with these Assurances you may

open your Heart, and you will never repent it; the young Grpsie is my near Kinswoman, she will do all that I will haveher: If you desire to have her in Marriage, I answer for all her Kindred; and if it be only for a Mistress, we will not use so many Ceremonies, provided you have some Money; with that precious Metal, what Difficulties cannot be fmooth'd? I have Money, (reply'd the young Man,) 'tis stitch'd in a Sleeve of a kind of Skirt, I wear bound about my Body, and there are four hundred Crowns in Gold, at least. These last Words caus'd new Trouble in Andrew's Mind, he imagin'd that this Man carry'd not about him fo confiderable a Sum without Delign, and the View, he propos'd, was to conquer by Force of Money, the Heart of the charming Gypsie. This Trouble appear'd in his Eyes, over all his Face, and in his Words. This Sum, (he faid again,) is not to be despis'd, (all confus'd,) it remains only, that you discover your Intention to me, and that we put an Hand to the Work; the young Girl will not act the Difficil, I affure myfelf; Money, in the Age we live in, does all, with fuch a Paffport, there's no Gate that opens not, no Cruelty but it humanizes. Alas! (faid the young Man, then,) I must let you know that the Violence, that constrain'd me to traverse, and wander from Country to Country, proceeds not, in any Manner, from the Love you speak of: I aspire not to Pretiola: there are, in Madrid, Beauties enough might be able to stop me, and that yield in nothing to your fairest Gypsies: tho' I am constrain'd to own, that Pretiofa has Charms that might well produce a-like Effect; there is no Mortal more perfect, and I have often

often fung her Beauty, as you know; but be that as it will, 'tis not Love that brought me hither, and makes me travel the Fields in the fad Equipage you fee me in; 'tis the Caprice of my Star, my bad Destiny, my Misfortune.

THIS Discourse hearten'd up Andrew a little, whose Mind run quite on other Things. He prest him, then, to relate his Adventures; which the young Poet did off Hand.

I LIVED at Madrid, (he faid again,) and I was in the House of a great Lord, whom I ferv'd, not in Quality of Master, but in Quality of a Kinfman, he had an only Son within a little of my Age, and we had contracted together a Friendship, fo tender, and fo strait, that 'twere very difficult for me to paint or express it; this young Lord fell in Love with a young Lady, of a House well qualified, and who he willingly would have marry'd, if, as an obedient Child, he had not submitted to the Will of his Father and Mother, who oppos'd it, because they aspir'd to a greater Match; he saw her nevertheless, and serv'd her; I was the only Confident of this fecret Passion, that his Parents believ'd entirely extinct, and that had never been fironger; for, who knows not that Opposition sharpens the Passions, which it renders more lively, and more vehement? We pass'd along one Night before the Gate of my Kinfman's Mistress, as was our ordinary Custom; but, this Night was fatal; we perceiv'd, in the Dark, two Men, that appear d of a good Mein, we pur ourselves in a Posture to discover 'em, and we were hardly within Reach of

of their Swords, that they drew, and charg'd us with an unimaginable Vigour; we drew ours, and they receiv'd 'em with the same Vigour, the Combat began and ended in a Moment; the young Earl, animated by lealoufy, became furious as a Lion: I feem'd not less animated than he; in fine, for I will be as fhort as I can, we aim'd our Passes so well to the Purpose, that they cost the two Gentlemen their Lives, who we attack'd with fo much Fury; we wounded 'em both, almost, at the same Instant, so they fell dead upon the Place; we no fooner faw our Enemies revers'd on the Ground, and without Motion, but we began to take our Flight; we prefently went Home, and taking as much Money as we could carry, we took Refuge in the Monastry of St. Ferome, apprehending a Purfuir, by the Relations of the Dead; by their Drefs, and by their Bravery, they feem'd to us Persons of Distinction: we were receiv'd in this House just in fuch a Manner as we could have wish'd, and we carry'd it fo, without Suspicion, that the Fryars that receiv'd us, advis'd us to return to the Earl's Palace, that our Absence might not give a lawful Occasion to make 'em suspect us for Authors of the Murder. As the Council was wife, we were in no great Trouble to follow it; but in the Moment we were going to put it in Execution, we were advertis'd, that the Judges of the great Provost of the Palace, had seiz'd the Father and Mother of the young Lady, under whose Windows the Rencounter happen'd, and the Domesticks being examin'd, a Chamber-maid had depos'd, That the young Earl, my Kinsman, saw her Mistress every Day, and every Night; and upon this Depofition, fition, Search was made for us; and as we juftly were missing, all the World was convinc'd that we assassinated these two Gentlemen, who were of the Principal of the Court; we were much embarras'd, and, at last, after much Deliberation, by Advice of my Kinsman, and the Council of the Fryars, 15 Days after we left the Monastery; for we could not always live there; the young Earl in a Monk's Habit, follow'd a Fryar, and took the Road of Arragon, to go from thence into Italy, and fo for Flanders; and as to what concern'd me, I believ'd I ought to separate from him, and take another Road, and so abandoning myself to Providence, I dreft myself in the Manner you fee, and accompanying a Monk, that made me pass for his Servant, we came to Talavera, where we parted. A Moment after I left this Town, and, to avoid the great Roads, I march'd cross the Fields as a Criminal, who thought himself pursued, and, I order'd it fo, that Yesterday at Night, I found myfelf at these Chesnut-Trees, where I was so ill receiv'd by your Dogs: I own, I told you I was going to our Lady of the Rock of France: but it was only to answer Good or Bad, to what you ask'd me; for to tell you, fincerely, I know not where this Lady is scituated; all that I can learn is, that 'tis beyond Salamancha. 'Tis true, (faid Andrew,) . and you have left it a great Way off; but, proceed. All the Defign I had, (continued the young Gentleman,) was for Seville : I have there a Genoele Gentleman, a great Friend of the Earl's, my Kins man, that fends, from Time to Time, great Remittances of Money to Genoa; and I flatter myfelf. that by his Means, I may go to Cartagena, and from

from thence pass safely into Italy, upon one of the Galleys at his Command; for who knows but I am one of his Factors? You fee the History of my Adventures, and you fee what is my Delign; but my great Difficulty is, that I know not what Course to take to go fafely to Seville: my Soul is diffurb'd with a thousand Fears, all seem'd suspicious; every Thing made me afraid; and, altho' I fee clearly to the Bottom, that they are no more than pannick Terrors, and that I am alarm'd very often without any Cause, methinks, I have at my Heels all the Bayliffs of the Universe: I have a Thought, but I know not if 'tis practicable, I would defire you Gypfies to let me march in your Troop, and I will follow you to Seville, if you march that Way; I will pass my Word you will be pleas'd with me; and, I perceive clearly, at the fame Time, it were the only Means to deliver me from my Terrors: for, after all, who could ever tell I was amongst you? But to tell you the Truth, I distrust in what Manner they will be willing to receive me into their Company. They will receive you, (answer'd Andrew,) and you may depend upon't; and if you do not enter into our Troop, (for I know not whether we shall take the Road to Andaluzia,) you may take another, that we may meet again in two or three Days; it may cost you fome little Matter; but what's that? Nothing is done for Nothing in this World; 'tis enough, when by Means of a small Sum one sers one's Mind at rest, and accomplish our Designs.

THIS Dialogue was no fooner ended, but Anarew retir'd, and went to inform the other Gypfies of of what had past. After he had made 'em a fuccinc Recital of this young Man's Adventures, he acquainted 'em with his Design to put himself. for fome Time, into their Gang; and unanimously all were agreed to receive him, except Pretiofa, and her Grandmother. You may go to Seville with this young Stranger, if you please, (said the old Gyplie,) but I know well I shall not be of your Party: 'tis a Country where 'tis not permitted me to land in, and where the Gyplies smell not the best: Upon the whole, as to what concerns me, I will have nothing to do there; 'tis but a little Time agone that we were there, and I play'd a Trick with a Townsman, call'd Triguilla, he has not forgot, I affure myfelf; and what I am bound to believe, he will liberally discharge himself, if I fall into his Hands: This Man, who was credulous and covetous, it enter'd into his Head I was a great Devincrepe, and that I could without fail, tell him of a Treasure, he believ'd, one of his Ancestors had hid in his House; he had tumbled every-where without any Success; and that 'tis a general Rule among the People, that we are all Magicians, especially we that are old; he address'd himself to me with a great deal of Confidence; he began by putting a Piece of Silver into my Hand, and, after this Beginning, which he thought more capable than any other to captivate my Goodwill, he belought me with Importunities, that made me laugh, and in giving me Commendations, which certainly I deserv'd not, that I would put in Practice my Black Art, to discover this pretended Treafure: I own I was a thousand Times in the Mind to restore him the Present he had made me, and aniwer

answer him I had forgot my Grammar; but, in fine. as that which comes into our Hands feldom goes out, and, besides, I had a Mind to divert myself, and cure him, at the fame Time, of this ridiculous Imagination, that had fill'd his poor Brain; I had no Mind to give it him again; I told him, then, in a grave Tone, that I had known of a long Time enough to give him Satisfaction, that he should not think much of his Prefent, he had no more but to do what I should prescribe him; and on the Faith of the cldest Magician in the Company, I would warrant him, that if there was in his House Money hid, he should find it, tho' 'twere in the Power and Guard of Belzebub, and all the Demons together. Treguilla had fuch Faith in my Difcourfes, and my Promifes, that I put him all naked in a Tub of Water, up to his Neck, after having mutter'd fome Words that fignified nothing, and having fet on his Head a Crown of Cypress, and a Wand in his Hand, that I told him came from a certain Tree, whose Name I remember not; the Tub was in a little Cellar, pav'd, and well pointed, (a Circumstance that ought not to be forgot, because, for the Intelligence of my History, 'tis neceffary to be known,) having put him, then, into his Bath, I retir'd, having earnestly recommended to him to flay there the whole Day, without Impatience, and not come out 'till he heard a Bell ffrike, (that is never heard but towards the Beginning of the Night,) adding, that he should be no sooner out, but the Wand should conduct him to the Place where the Treasure was, if it were true there was any there. The Mad-man staid very quietly in this Posture, waiting 'till the Clock struck, being

being already benumm'd with Cold; for one may well imagine he could not have any great Heat there, At last the Clock struck, and the great Avidity he had to go where the Wand conducted him, made him act with fo great Precipitation, that he overturn'd the Tub and two little Benches it flood upon, giving him fo great a Blow on the Head, that it stunn'd him; but this was not all, the Cover of the Tub fell upon him too, and firuck his Nose on the Ground: he was found in this Condition in the middle of the Water that ran all about the little Cellar, and as 'twas Night, had a Wound in his Head, and a Contusion in his Body, and that the Cold and Fear had feiz'd him, he cry'd out as loud as he could, that he was drowning: His Wife, who knew not that he was there, in Company of some Neighbours, run with a Light, hears ing the repeated Cries of this Wretch, and found him making all the Motions of a Man that fwims. blowing with his Belly on the Ground, moving gently his Feet and his Hands, and always crying out with all his Might, to come and help, for he was drowning. This Woman, who had not much more Wit than he, or that knew not what she did, the View of this Spectacle fo much troubled her, that she said aloud, My dear Husband, what evil Angel has thrown you there? What mean thefe Benches, and this Tub? My God! tell me I prithee, and whence this Water came? Draw me out from hence, my dear Wife, (answer'd, dolefully, the poor Triguilla, interrupting her,) and afterwards we will talk of that; I loofe Respiration and my Strength, and 'tis Time to fuccour me, Then they drew him out of the Puddle, and pre-K fently

fently his Spirits began to come to him. He related, Point by Point, the Trick had been play'd him; a strange Thing, and enough to make known the Puissance of Conjurers. All this was not fufficient to make him wife: there was no little Corner of the House that he caus'd not to be search'd. the Day following and the next Morning; and if it had not been forbid him in good and due Form. to go no further, and give off fearching any more. he had overturn'd his own House, and, perhaps, those of his Neighbours : But, as I told you, they began to be fentible, they put a Stop to't. All the World laugh'd at Triguilla; and as the little Children pointed at him with a Finger, as he pass'd along the Streets, he is so irritated against the Men and Women Gyplies, that you will agree that I go not to expose myself to receive some bloody Affront, let us difmiss this young Man, and let him go to Seville, as well as he can. We will do nothing, our good Mother, (the Gypfies cry'd out;) all agreed such Bargains as this happen not every Day; we will receive him amongst us. In effect, they refolv'd to receive him, promising him to conceal him, and keep him as long as he judg'd it neceffary. In the mean Time, not to expose the old Cypsie, and, perhaps, the whole Troop, to Triguilla's Revenge, 'twas order'd to turn on the left Hand, and enter the Kingdom of Murcia, and not go to Seville: the young Man was call'd at the same Time: and from the Moment they declar'd to him what had been refolv'd to do with him, he appear'd fo content, and fo fatisfy'd, that he distributed one hundre! Crowns of Gold to the Gypfies, which was presently divided. Never was greater Joy than what appear'd

appear'd in the Gypfies; there was none but Pretinfa that feem'd discontented; and who by Report to Andrew the knew Don Sancho at Madrit; for fo this young Man was call'd; for the Reft, as this Name feem'd a little too noble for a Gypfie, they thought it necessary to give him another, and they agreed to call him Clement, and so we shall call him for the Future. That which is particular, and which shews that Jealoufy is an Evil almost incurable. Andrew had in his Heart a fenfible Trouble; they had retain'd this young Gentleman, tho' it was, as I may to fay, at his Solicitation, only; thefe first Suspicions reviv'd, when he came to reflect, that this young Man, who shew'd himself so earnest to go to Siville, thought no more on't, and had not made the least Inflance to make the Gypsies take the Road to that Town; and, in a Word, had rejected the Offer they presently made him, to enter into another Troop, that was to march towards that Capital of Andaluzia; in the Time, a thoufand Thoughts poffest him, that troubled him and multiplied every Moment; Clement prevented him. but without Delign; for he was far enough off from penetrating the Troubles that tormented him, and made such Disorders in his Mind. I am very easy, my dear Andrew, (he faid to him with a gay Air.) that we are going directly to the Kingdom of Murcia; I shall not be far from Carthagena, if I come there fafe and found; I will embark there for Italy, and much shorten my Way. Andrew agreed to't : and in the mean Time, to watch him the better. and not loofe him out of his Sight, he would have frim for his Comrade; which Clement took for a great Favour; for he never thought he caus'd him K 2 the

the least Jealousy: Andrew and Clement, then, were always together, and made great Expence, they spar'd for nothing, Money rain'd; for they had yet fufficient, both the one and the other; they leap'd, they danc'd, they threw the Bar, better than any of the Gypfies; they were respected and belov'd by all, and particularly the She-Gypfies. In fine, they left Estremadura, and enter'd La Mancha, and drew near by little and little, to the Kingdom of Murcia: they pass'd thro' no Place where there was not Matches at Racket, wreftling, running, leaping, throwing the Bar, and fuch Exercises of Strength and Address; but Andrew and Clement were those that always carry'd away the Prize. During all this Time, which was more than a Month and half, Clament never found an Occasion to speak to Pretiofa; but to fay the Truth, he never fought it. In fine, ore Day, when the fat by Andrew, the call'd him: I knew thee the Moment thou camest into our Tents, (faid the young She-Gypfie, and I prefently remember'd the Verses thou gavest me at Madrid: In the mean Time, I feem'd to feign I knew thee not, because I knew not with what View thou wast fallen in amongst us; I understand thy Misfortunes, and was afflicted at 'em: but I am willing to make thee a fincere Vow, I had no fooner cast mine Eves on thee but it rais'd a thousand Troubles in my Mind; for in fine, I imagin'd that the fame Puissance that metamorphos'd Don John might well metamorphose Don Sancho; and thou may'st easily conclude with me, my Fear was legitimate; be not furpriz'd, my dear Clement, that I discover to thee Andrew's Passion; I know that he has made thee his Confident himfelf, so that 'tis no Secret; I

impart to thee my only Defign, in confirming to thee the same Thing from my own Mouth, is to give thee a fenfible Mark of my Friendship, and my Esteem, and take Occasion from thence to befeech thee to be my Friend, and never be contrary to me, and enter into all my Interests; thou ought'st to be convinc'd, and I doubt not but thou art, that the Knowledge that I have had of thee has not been prejudicial to thee; it was by my Means thou hast been so well receiv'd amongst us, and wast admitted fo easily into our Troop; God grant it may ferve to accomplish thy Designs; but I will tell it thee myfelf, that thou owest the Obligation to me only; and I pretend that thou placest it to my Account; a veritable Tenderness is rais'd everywhere, my dear Clement, be perswaded; I see so great a Disproportion between Andrew's Birth and mine, that I fear he will at last open his Eyes, and come to perceive, that the Pride he has taken be not that which he should have taken; we are not Masters of the first Motions Love gives Birth to; but I comprehend well, that with a little Reafon one may triumph over the most violent Pasfions, especially if one hearkens to the Voice of a Friend, fincere and difinterested, Andrew would not be the only Man should return from wandering, whether the blindest of all Passions had led him; and from some little Attractions, which I own Heaven has given me: Thou perceivest well, Clement, whether I am going; while Andrew has been only amongst our Gypsies I have fear'd nothing; but To-day I fear all; for I apprehend, that, as a faithful Friend, thou may'st make him sensible: the Concern he has for a Gypfie does him wrong;

and he allowing the Reasons, which without Doubt were just and veritable, he might abandon me, and kill me with Grief. Thou hast nothing to fear, (answer'd Clement,) and to affure thee Foot by Foot, be perswaded, divine Pretiofa, that 'tis not for Levity, nor for a vain Presumption, that Don John has discover'd to me, and that I am become the Confident of the pureft Flame a Lover was ever Burnt with; at the first Glances I made upon him, I found, nor was it hard, at the same Time, to perceive, that 'twas thy pullant Charms that had transform'd him into a Gypsie, as were formerly the Charms of a simple Mortal, that transform'd Jupiter himself into a Bull: I told him presently how twas, and that twas not very hard for me to penetrate that which made me encounter him in your Tents; he deny'd it not; and truffing in me from that Moment forward, he declar'd to me all his Paffion, and made me all his Hiftory; he can witness for me to thee, that very far from difapproving his Refolution, I commended it; but bid him recollect, that more than once Princes have Sigh'd for Slaves: I have not fo little Experience, but I know what the Puissance of Beauty is, and that thine has no Equal; the Wanderings it has brought on Don John may always be excus'd, if, nevertheless, one may call by that Name the Faults the most eminent of Men every Day fall into, as the Poets inform us, in describing to us the Adventures of the Father of Men and Deities: In the mean Time, I give thee a thousand Thanks, Pretiofa, for the tender Amity thou shewest me, that I shall never render myself unworthy of; and may Heaven Crown suddenly thy Hymen, initive in in thy Favour the Kindred of Andrew, and render thee as fortunate as thou art perfect and accomplish'd. Clement said all these Things with so much Ardour, that Andrew knew not whether he fooke like a Lover or a Friend; fo hard is Jealoufy to be deracinated from our Hearts: In the mean Time, he came to himself, and rendred Justice to Pretiofa and to Clement, One ceases to be jealous when one is clear'd of that which caus'd the Jealoufy. Andrew and Clement were perpetually together; this last was a Poet, as we have already feen; and for Andrew, tho' he was not naturally fo, Love made him make fome Verses. They commonly shewed those they had made, and then fung em. The Troop, that always march'd on, was in four Leagues of Murcia, lodg'd in the Bottom of a great Valley. When these two Friends, who lov'd nothing fo much as to be alone, went out of the Way one Night, to divert themselves, without Witnesses, they sat down, one at the Foot of a Willow, and the other at the Foot of an old Chefnut-Tree, and taking each of 'em his Guittarre, they fung this Dialogue:

#### ANDREW.

See'ft thou the Firmament of Starry Globes, When the still Night puts on her pompous Robes; If clear thy Sight, thou may'ft compare, And paint in lively Colours Beauty rare.

#### CLEMENT.

The charming Beauty, thou did'st just now praise, Is such, that Heaven no Parrallel can raise:

And

And thou and I are forced to confess, No Voice can sing, nor Human Tongue express,

## ANDREW.

Of Philomel, or Homer's Pen so choice, I'd raise thy Fame up to the highest Sphere, And place thee for a Planet sair and clear.

## CLEMENT.

Wise Pretiosa, Prodigy of Beauty, No Mortal lives but pays thee Duty: And Love, to shew his Power divine, Imploys thine Eyes, and makes thee shine.

BY the Tone these two Friends began with, there's little Appearance they intended to stay there; they had a Mind to carry on their Poetick Exaggerations; but they were interrupted by a Voice on a sudden; 'twas that of Pretiosa, who had hearkned to their Bargain, and who sung the Verses you shall see: I know not if she compos'd 'em off thand, or whether she had made 'em on another Occasion; but be that as it will, they were sung much to the Purpose, and were as an Answer to those she had heard just before: It will not be hard to judge.

In our mutual Flame of Love, Cupil himself lyes hid; and Jove Be chast, however fair you are, And of Temptations be aware. A Mistrels is one's Happiness, if she be Guarded with Prudence, and with Chastity; When with much Tenderness she can preserve Her Modesty, and her last Reserve.

Without a Troop of Lovers at my Feet, Lying, Groveling, and my Charms do greet; I hope, one Day, my Virtues shall My Fortune make, and conquer all.

Riches, Grandeur, I can grant, To whofoever Pleasures want; Virtue limits my Desires; She that has it ne'er aspires:

'T W A S by this wife Reflection that Pretiofa ended; then Andrew and Clement rose up and went to her; they began a Conversation, where the Gybfie made appear so much good Sense, so much Wit, fo much Solidity, and fo much Wisdom, that Clement was convinced the was worthy of Andrew's Choice; for certain it is, altho' he had told it him, that he could not forbear believing altogether, but it was thro'an Excess of Youth that he had follow'd this young Girl, worthy of a better Destiny.

THE Troop rose at Break of Day, and went to lodge in a Borough, that depended on the Jurifdiction of Murcia, and that was diffant not above three Leagues; 'twas in this Borough there happen'd a Misfortune to the Gytsies, and had like to have cost Andrew his Life: The Thing pass'd in this Manner.

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AFTER the Gang, according to Custom, had given in Pawn some Plate to the Inhabitants, for Affurance they would fleal nothing from 'em, Pretiofa, her Aunt, Christiana, and the two other young Gypsies, Clement and Andrew, went to lodge in a Widow's House, that was very rich; this Widow had a Daughter, call'd Carducha, 17 or 18, Years old, exceeding sprightful, that was not altogether unhandsome, and had a good Appetite; this Girl having feen the Men and Women Gypfies dance, and having, above all, cast her Eyes upon Andrew, the was to extravagantly amorous, that the took a Resolution to declare to him the Passion the had tor him; this foolish Resolution was no fooner form'd than put into Execution, sand without Delay or loofing Time, for having feen a Gyp-Tie, enter an outward Court, whither he went to fearch for fome Goods, flee followed him, and coming up to him, faid, Andrew, (for flie knew already his Name,) I am an only Daughter, I am rich, and there are those that think me not unhandsome; if thou wilt agree with me, thou may's thy felf, my Spoule, answer me promptly; and if thou art wife, loofe not the Occasion; the like is not to be found every Day. Andrew was much furpris'd at the Boldness, and at the Compliment of this Girl. You shall be satisfy'd, (said he,) presently; and told her, My Answer will not make you languish ; you come to the wrong Place, my dear Carducha, my Heart has already made it's Choice; I am engag'd by Word for a Marriage, that will be confummated in a few Days; and to tell you freely, we Gypfies feldom marry but with Gypfies; I will tell you, tho' I am troubled I can't enjoy fo good Fortune; but

if you were fairer and richer than you fay, you will not make me untaithful: But a Word is worth 2 Contract.

CARDUCHA fell from Top to Bottom: She little expected this Answer; the was about to reply; but fome Cypfies coming in, the bruth'd out of the outward Court, with a Refolution to be reveng'd, if it were possible. Andrew, who knew how delicate the Sex is, in this Matter, and who, befides, had read in the Eyes of this young Girl, the Rage that transported her, fought, like a Man, fage and prodent, to prevent any finister Accident, he befought the Gypfies to dislodge that very Hour; and as they delay'd in all Things, he press'd them to recover their Pawns which had been given 'em, and prepare for a Retreat. If Andrew had his Views. Carducha, whose Addresses he had undervalued, had hers; the flatter'd herfelf, prefently, that the might, in Time, fosten the Heart of her Gypsie; and seeing that he was going away, and that the could not detain him, thro' Amity, the believ'd the must oblige him to flay in their Borough by Force; they were busy to find Means to come to the End of this Enterprise; she had not much Time to loofe; Love and Revenge furnish'd her with one at the Instant, that succeeded but too well, in the Bustle the Gypsies were in. By the Precipitation of their Departure, they could not mind all Things; and Anna Carducha taking hold of this Disorder, took Andrew's Portmantua, which she knew very well, and put into it a little Gold Chain, Bracelets of Coral, fome Rings, and other like Things. The Gang began at last to prepare for a March; but they had

hardly mov'd a Foot, but Carducha began to make a thousand tragick Lamentations, and cry out as loud as the could, that the Gypfies had robb'd her, and carry'd away her Jewels. The Justice run at these Cries, and all the Inhabitants of the Village. The Gyplies made a Halt, and there was none but made horrible Oaths that they had taken Nothing, and that they were falfely accus'd; and to convince em they might only open their Sacks and tumble em, and visit all their Baggage. This was in Effeet the only Means, and the most prompt that could be taken, to justify themselves: But the old Gypsie was alarm'd at this; for the fear'd they might find Andrew's Cloaths, which she carefully kept, and a little Box full of Jewels 'twere necessary should be hid. This unfortunate Accident put her into a Conflernation; but at the very Time the was meditating fome politick Turn of Wit, to extricate herself out of this Bustle, Carducha knock'd it on the Head with one Blow. She accus'd only the great Groke, that was Andrew. She faid the was convinc'd 'twas he had play'd her the Trick. They had no more to do but visit his Portmantua. Andrew began to laugh; but he had but little Caufe to laugh very long; the Bracelet , the Rings, the Gold Chain, were found amongst his Baggage. How could he justify himself? Never was Man more furprized, nor more confounded than was Andrew. The Alcaid began to treat him ill in Words, he and all the Gipfies. Andrew answer'd not a Word, infentible of the Injuries of a Judge, who pretended to convict him of a domestick Robbery. He was confounded, Dumb, and immoveable as a Stake. A Soldier, a Kinfman of the Alcaid's, was prime at last to prepare for a March; but they had

he that rous'd him out of the Amazement, wherein the cruel Usage of the Trick Carducha had play'd him had cast him; for having belch'd a thousand villainous Words, which that fort of People are very prodigal of, he gave him fuch a hard Box, that wanted little of throwing him on the Ground: It was not Andrew, from this Time, but Don John, animtated with a noble Fury, he threw himfelf upon the brutal Soldier, wrested from him his Sword he wore, gave him a Wound, so to the Purpose, that he left him for dead upon the Place. The Judge cry'd out, call'd for Help, every one run to Arms; the People feize upon the Gypfie. Pretiofa fell down in a Swoon; and this unfortunate Lover taking more Care to fuccour his Mistress than to defend himself, suffer'd himself to be seiz'd by the Populace, whom he could eatily have diffipated, if his Love and his Grief had permitted him to make use of that Address he had, and the Sword which vet he had. Andrew was presently loaden with Irons; and the Judge, who regretted much his Kinfman, would have hang'd him upon the Spot; but he had not the Power to do it : he was to be carry'd to Murcia, for that Borough, as we' have before faid, was of its Jurisdiction; he contented himself to be shut up, and suffer and pass by a thousand Indignities, and all the ill Treatment posfible. They feiz'd also all the Men Gyplies, and Women Cypfies they could catch; and Clement was of that Number; but happy for him he was not present at this Difaster; he was out of the Village with a Party of Baggage, and he no fooner knew the Soldier had been kill'd, but he thought of taking his Flight. The next Day they carry'd away and a look of Lone, and in the distance

Andrew and the rest of the Prisoners, whom the Alcaid accompany'd himself, at the Head of his Guard of Archers, and more Soldiers. The whole Town went out to fee the Spectacle; and Pretiofas who as diforder'd as the was, had never fuch Charms as the had that Day; the drew the Acclamations of all the People, who cry'd out with one Voice, that they had never feen any Thing more accomplish'd, The extraordinary Beauty of this Gypsie, made such a Noise, that the Wife of the Steward, or Governor of the Town, had a Mind to fee her, and for that Effect she belought her Husband not to put her in Prison; but for poor Andrew, he was thrown into a deep Dungeon, bound Hand and Foot. Pretiofa and her Aunt were conducted to the Governess, who was amaz'd at so many Charms, and felt her Heart touch'd; the young Gyplie was no fooner in the Chamber where the Lady attended for her, but she made her come near her, she embracd her at the fame Time with a Tenderness inexpressible, and could not forbear regarding. What Age has this amiable Girl? (flie began to fay,) directing her Discourse to her Aunt. Madam, (anfwer'd the old Gipfie,) the is Fifteen, within two or three Months. The Stewarders then faid, with a profound Sigh, 'tis the Age of my late unfortunate Constancia! Alas! (she added,) this young Girl makes me remember, that I am the most unfortunate Mother that there is in the World; the renews in my Mind a Grief that makes me weep, 'till Death closes my Eyes. In the mean Time, Pretiofa, who faw herfelf receiv'd with fo much Tenderness, had taken the Stewardess by the Hand, the kis'd it a Thousand Times, and in shedding a Touche

Torrent of Tears, the endeavour'd to perswade her, that the Grafie that was a Prisoner was not culpable: the protested to her, if any Jewels were found amongst his Cloaths, 'twas a Pledge that had been restor'd; and as to what regarded the Soldier, whom he hadkill'd, she told her he drew his Death upon himself, by his Brutality and his Imprudence: That in a Word, the Gypfie had done no more on this Occasion than follow Maxims, establish'd of the Point of Honour; which maintain, That when one has receiv'd a Box in the Ear, he ought, at that Inflant, to kill him that had the Audacity to give it. I own, (she faid further, melting ever into Tears,) that these Maxims are criminal; but they are authorized by Men, and 'tis even Cowardife and Shame not to follow them; but that he may be culpable, and that he may be criminal I agree. The only Favour I alk is, his Judgment may not be precipitate; and that the Chastisement the Laws threaten him with, be fo also: It may be I may be to happy to have him found Innocent; If the little Beauty I have affect you, preserve it, Madam, in preferving this miferable Prifoner; my Life depends on his, he is to be my Husband; and fome just and wife Impediments have been the Cause we have not yet join'd Hands: If Money be wanting to obtain his Grace, and appeale the Parents of the dead, we are ready to fell all we have. Pardon, Madam, the preffing Sollicitations of a Spoule that interceeds for her Spoule

A L L the while Pretiofa made this Discourse, she had her Eyes fix'd on those of the Stewarders, who on her side, could not forbear contemplating this Gypsie, who

who always fqueez'd her Hands, and water'd 'em with her Tears. This Lady, who had hearken'd to her with great Attention, was fo foften'd, that she could not hinder crying in her Turn. The Steward came in upon these Arguments, and he was no less surpris'd at the Sene than the Applause of Pretiofa: he had a Mind to know what it was, and the young Gypfie difengaging herfelf at the fame Time from the Stewarders, went and threw herfelf at the Feet of her Husband. I demand Favour for my Spouse, (she burst out all in Tears, and confounded with Grief,) or rather I demand Justice; for he is innocent; his Misfortune, and the Greatness of his Soul, are all his Crimes. In the mean Time, if his malignant Star perfecutes him, even to find him culpable, and that he must die, it may be permitted me to die in his Place; and if this Vi-Clim be not sufficient, at least, my Lord, deferr pronouncing Sentence for some Days; for I despair not to produce, within a little time, Proof in Hand, that will justify his Innocence. Heaven hearken at least, to the Cires of those who are not criminal, but because they have not wherewithall to defend themfelves from being fo. Manufacture line line ne nive non see join'd (lands : If Money beware-

THE Governor was fo flunn'd with the Reasons and the Reflections of this young Girl, that 'twas' impossible for him to say one Word, he was so ravish'd with Admiration.

IN the mean Time, Pretiofa's Aunt form'd a thousand different Thoughts in her Head, without determining one, so embarrass'd she found herself; and saw so many Precipices on all Sides. But in fine,

fine, the Danger she saw Don John in, made her foon refolv'd; the faid out aloud, addressing herfelf to the Steward, Permit, my Lord, I may go out : I have meditated a Plot will furprize you, and will change these Complaints into Joy, altho' I am thorowly perfuaded, (faid she, in a low Tone,) that what I am about to do cannot but be fatal to me. She had Permission to go out, and Pretiofa, all in Tears, redoubl'd her Inflances, to obtain some Delay. Her Defign was to advertise Don John's Father of what past, perceiving well, it was the only Expedient to deliver him; the' by Report, to her twas the most violent Means that could be put in Practice; for, in fine, 'twas to renounce for ever the Hope the had flatter'd herfelf with, to fee him one Day her Spouse. The old Gypsie was not long in coming back; the came in with a Cabinet under her Arm, and befought the Governor and his Wife to withdraw with her for one Moment, adding. That the had a Mystery to communicate to em : which the could not reveal but in Private. The Steward, who believ'd fhe would discover some Theft of the Gypsies, to the End, to render him more favourable, went with his Wife, into the Anti-Chamber, the Gypfie follow'd them, and falling presently upon her Knee, If the good News, (faid the,) I have brought you, merit nothing, that you pardon me a Crime, I am this Day going to accuse myself of I am ready to undergo all the Pains I am worthy of, and that you shall please to impose; but before I confess this Crime, (she added,) I befeech you to tell me if you know not these Jewels? In faying these Things, she took the Cabinet, wherein were those of Pretiola's, and put them into the Zielas de Steward's Hands, who knew them not; the Stewardess consider'd them also, and after having examin'd them, she said, All that I know is, that they are the Ornaments of a young Child. It is true, (reply'd the Gypsie,) and this Paper will shew you what Child they belong to, and presented, then, a solded Paper to the Steward, who having open'd it with great Precipitation, read these Words:

THE little Girl was call'd Donna Conflancia d'Azevedo, and Menefes her Mother, Donna Guiomar d'Menefes, and her Father, Don Fernando d'Azevedo, Knight of the Order of Calatrava; she disappear'd the Ascension-Day of our Lord, at 8 o'Clock in the Morning, 1585; the little Girl carried the Jewels that are kept in this Cabinet.

THE Stewarders no fooner heard the Name of Conft ancia pronounc'd, but the knew the lewels: the took them and kis'd them a thousand Times; but the felt fuch a Disorder in her Heart that she foon'd away; the recover'd her Spirits at last, and turning to the old Gypsie, Alas! (she said to her, with a Transport, mix'd of Fear and Joy,) where's the Owner of these Jewels? Where's the Child to whom these Braveries belong? You ask me where the is, (answer'd the old Gypsie,) You have her in your House. This young Gypsie, that forc'd the Tears, is the Owner; 'tis your Daughter; 'tis your Conflancia: I flole her at your House at Madrid, the Day and Hour noted in the Paper, just now read to von. You cannot have clearer Testimonies. I can convince myself by others, (cry'd out Donna Guiomar,) and then running to the Chamber where PrePretiofa was, whom the environ'd by all the Servants, who could not forbear contemplating and admiring her; she unlac'd herself in a Moment, and having open'd her Breast, she found there a Nocturnal Mark her Daughter had at her Birth; which, however, Age had much enlarg'd. This was not all; fhe took off her Shooes, and perceiv'd, what the further fearch'd for; 'twas two Toes on her Right Foot, that grew together, by Means of a little Skin, they were unwilling to cut, when the came into the World, for fear of hurting her. The Mark on her Breast, the Toes, the Jewels, the remarkable Day of the Theft, the Confession of the She-Gypsie, the great Joy the had the Moment the faw her; all thefe Things confirm'd her, that Pretiefa was her Daughter; fo she redoubl'd her Embracings, and her Tendernesses, and taking her by the Hand, she led her into the Anti-Chamber, where she had left the Steward and the old Gypfie. Pretiofa was all confounded, the comprehending nothing of all that had been acted, with Regard to her, and much less to all the Careffes this Lady had made her: for she devour'd her with Kisses. Afterwards, when Donna Guiomar was with her Husband, she told it him with a great Transport of Joy: See here our Daughter Constancia! 'Tis even she herself there's no Room to doubt: I have feen with my own Eves the Mark on her Breaft, and her two Toes joyn'd together: But that which confirms me most that 'tis her, are those Yernings I had at the first Infant I faw her. I make no Doubt but 'tis fhe. (answer'd the Steward, that held Pretiofa in his Arms,) I had fuch Yernings as yours; Heaven refor'd her by a Miracle we cannot sufficiently adore, M 2

In the mean Time, the Steward defir'd his Wife and Daughter to keep this Adventure fecret; he order'd the same to the old Gypsie, adding, That he pardon'd her; the Joy to have recover'd my Daughter, takes away the Difpleasure I had in loofing her; and I have but one Quarrel to you, (continu'd he, speaking to the She-Gipfie,) which is, That knowing Pretiola's Birth, you have affianc'd her to a Gypfie, to a Thief, and to a Murderer. Ah! my Lord, (interrupted Pretiofa,) he deserves none of these Names; and if it be true that he has kill'd a Man, this Man gave him so bloody an Affront, that he could hope for no better a Defliny; and 'tis only following the Laws Men have establish'd, in Point of Honour, that he kill'd with his own Sword a Soldier, brutal and infolent, that had dishonour'd him, by giving him a Box on the Year: What! (faid the Stewarders, all furpriz'd,) this Prisoner, is he not a Gypfie? Then the old Woman related, in a few Words, Andrew's History. She faid, he was Son to Don Francisco de Carcamo, Knight of the Order of St. Tago, and that he was calld Don Juan de Carcamo, Knight of the fame Order. She added, that she had also the Habit he left when he took that of a Gypsie. And she also made a Recital of the Agreement pass'd between Pretiofa and Don John, to whom the gave all the Commendations he veritably deferv'd. This Lord, and this Lady, were no less surprized at this Recital than they were at the Adventure of their Daughter. The Steward prefently order'd the old Woman to go fetch Don John's Habits, which flie did; and a Moment after the came back with the Gypfie that had them in keeping. Before the old She-Gyp-AL STREETING T

he came back, the Steward and Stewardels ask'd Pretiofa a thousand Questions, which she always answer'd with so much Judgment, and with so good a Grace, that the was capable of engaging all their Affection, even altho' they had not own'd her for their Daughter. They ask'd her with a great deal of Instance, if she had not a Love for Don John? which put her to't a little; but in fine, the faid, That the Love which she had for him was no other than the Love of an Acquaintance: That Don Fohn having undervalu'd himself so far as to become a Gyplie for her, the found herfelf obliged to value so extraordinary a Sacrifice: But, that, nevertheless, this Acquaintance should never pass the Limits of their Pleasure. Talk no more of these Things. (reply'd the Father,) my dear Pretiofa, for I reckon this Name will remain with thee in Memory of that which we had loft thee, and have recover'd thee: I am thy Father, and thou art my Daughter, and I will forget nothing, be perfuaded of it, to make thee a Destiny worthy of thy Birth, and of thy Vertues. Pratiofa figh'd at the hearing of these Words: and her Mother, who was very judicious, comprehended well she had a Love for Don John. Her Destiny is concluded, (the told him, addressing to her Husband,) Don John is of an illustrious House: he loves our Daughter; Heaven has made 'em one for the other; let us not oppose their Union. We have but just recover'd Pretiefa, (answer'd the Governor,) and you would have us loofe her again: let us enjoy her fome little Time; if the is once marry'd fhe will be her Husband's, and no longer ours. You are in the Right, (she reply'd,) and the only Thing we ought to speak of at present, or think

think of, for Don John, is to get him out of Prifon. I will go fee him, (faid the Governor,) for it belongs to me to interrogate him. In the mean Time, I recommend to you, that nothing be faid of this Adventure, 'till I find it proper to publish it. Having thus faid, he embrac'd his Daughter, and went strait to the Prison; he enter'd alone into the Dungeon where Don John was, having Irons on his Feet and Hands. Because the Place was obscure, he caus'd a little Window above to be open'd, that he might fee him, and having beheld him some Time, he said to him, (assuming an Air extreamly fevere,) I am overjoy'd, Comrade, to fee thee here; but my loy would be much more perfect if all the Gypsies in Spain were with thee: I would exterminate the whole Race in one Day, as Nero defir'd to exterminate all Mankind, when he wish'd that all Men together had but one Head, to have the Pleasure of cutting of it off. I doubt not but thou knowest me, or that thou presument, at least, to know my Office: But to the End thou may'ft not pretend Cause of Ignorance, know that I am the Sovereign Judge of this Town; that I come to make thee divers Interrogatories about thy Thefts, and the Murder thou hast committed; and particularly to ask thee if it be true, that a young Female Gypsie that is in the Troop be thy Wife, and thy legitimate Spouse? Andrew had no fooner heard these Words, but he believ'd the Steward was become amorous of Pretiofa; and this Thought was not without Foundation. This Interrogatory, which he little expected, fill'd him full of Surprize, and troubl'd him. In the mean Time, as he prepar'd to answer him categorically, he anfivered fwered him in these Terms. If this young Gypsie has told you that I am her Spouse, she has told you the Truth; and if she has told you I am nor, the has for that told you a Lye; for, in a certain Senfe, the is my Spoufe, and in another, the is not. Here's no Contradiction in this. 'Tis true, (reply'd the Judge,) that she had faid simply that she had affianc'd to thee, and I am willing to believe it; for at the Bottom, it little concerns me, whether you are marry'd or not; but it was necessary, nevertheless, that your Answer in that Regard should be found conformable. This young Girl, who, by reason of her great Beauty, deserves well that I grant her some little Request, when what she shall ask me goes not contrary to the Duty of my Place, having well feen that thou can'ft not be but condemn'd to die She has defir'd with fo much Instance, that I permit that thou espousest her before thy Septence be executed; that I am almost resolved to grant thee what the defires. If it might be permitted me to mix my Requests to her's, (reply'd Andrew,) it would be the only Favour I would afk you; and I well perceive, if you came to grant me that, I should not be troubled to die, tho' I die innocent, and to be reveng'd of a Villain I could not let live, by Laws established of the Point of Honour; for, in fine, these Laws are in all Countries, and in all Professions. Thou lovest terribly, by what I fee, this little Treasure, (faid the Governor,) Yes, my Lord, I love her, (answer'd Andrew,) I love her beyond all that I can fay to you; and I should make all my Happiness confist to give her my Faith. When after that, you shall condemn me to Punishments the most rigorous that were ever used. Very good,

good, (faid the Judge, with a scornful Air,) I will fend for thee this Night to my House; thou shalt there espouse Pretiosa; and To-morrow, at Noon, thou shalt be hang'd on a Gibbet. Andrew, far from being troubled, thank'd him, smiling; and the Steward being gone out, went to relate to his Wise all that had past in his Interrogatory, and what he resolv'd to do.

IN the Time the Steward was gone to examine Andrew, Pretiofa had made to her the History of his whole Life; the had told her, that the veritably believ'd him to be a She-Gypsie, but that she had always perceived flie had Inclinations very different from those of the other Gypsies, and that she could not reproach him with any Action that was unworthy of his veritable Birth. Upon this, the Stewardess conjur'd her to tell her, if she had a Pasfion for Don John? Blushings then mounted up into her Face, and looking down, the own'd to her, That having confider'd herfelf as a Gyvie, and that fhe might change her miserable Condition, in espouling a Man that was a Gentleman, and of whom the knew his Love, and his Merit, the could not hinder herfelf from regarding him with Affection; but that nevertheless, as the had protested to her before, the would, in all her Life, have no other Will than hers, and that of the Steward her Fa-

A 5 foon as Night came, about Ten o'Clock, they took Andrew out of the Dungeon; after they had taken off the Irons from his Hands and Feet, he had yet a great Chain that bound his whole Body;

Body: they led him in this Manner to the Steward's House, without being seen but by those that conducted him. They pur him prefently into a Chamber, where he was left all alone; a little Time after, a Priest came into the Chamber, and this Ecclesiastick told him, He was there to prepare him for Death, for he was to be executed the next Day, and exhorted him to make a good Confession. I am ready to do it, (Andrew faid to him,) and Death, horrible as it is, does nothing affrighten me : But whence comes it I am not permitted to espouse, before I die, the young Gyplie I have affianc'd, fince they flatter'd me with this fweet Hope, or rather, because this Favour was promis'd me? Tis on that Account, (he added,) that I own that Death appear'd frightful to me, and that I cannot fee it approach without Troubling. The Stewardels, (who was acquainted with these Things,) faid to her Husband, There was but little Wisdom in this Manner of Proceeding; there was too much Danger to leave Don John in the Apprehensions they had throw'd him into; that on the contrary, some Rays of Hopes should be given him he might not fail to enjoy: that Don John might not be the only Man dead in Love, Grief, and Despair. The Steward was of her Mind; and upon that, going into the Chamber where Andrew was, he faid to the Confessor. That he must before all Things, marry him to the Gypfie he had told him of, and that he should confess afterwards. In the mean Time, casting his Eves on Andrew, he faid to him, In a milder Tone, That he exhorted him to recommend himfeli to God in good Earnest, and not despair of his Mercy: for this Mercy, (he went on,) is fo great, that oftenoftentimes such great Criminals as thou, have tasted of it by a Miracle; and who knows but Heaven has reserved for thee a parallel Destiny?

THIS little Exhortation being ended, they made Andrew come into the Hall, where were Donna Giomar, Pretiofa, and two Domesticks. Pretiofa knew nothing of what they treated of. the was troubled to fee Don John; when the faw him in Chains she turn'd pale and trembling, and fail d but little of falling into a Swoon. The Stewardefs. who perceiv'd it, embracing her, faid, She had nothing to fear for Don John; and that she would fee in a Moment how great the Concern for her was. These Words gave Pretiofa but little Comfort, because she knew not what the Stewardess would fay. The old She-Gyplie was under mortal Alarms. All the Standers-by being amaz'd; then the Steward, (who had been some Time without speaking,) breaking Silence, began to say to the Ecclefiaflick, That he should make ready to espouse the Man and She-Gypfie. I know not how to do it. (answer'd the Eeclesiastick.) there are Formalities requifite that ought to precede this Ceremony, and I fee they have not been observ'd. the Publication of Banns? (faid he farther.) Where's at all Events the Permission of my Superiors? I fee nothing of all that. Let us remit, my Lord, the Buliness to another Time. After these Words he went out. The good Father is in the Right, (faid the Steward, thereupon,) and, perhaps, this Inconvenience is no other than an Effect of Providence, to the End the Criminal's Punishment might be defer'd; for, as I am engag'd by my Word, he fhall

shall espouse the young Gypsie; and that all might be done in Form, their Banns ought to have been first publish'd. I contess, I draw from this Delay, a good Augure for thee, (faid the Officer, further, turning to the Gypfie,) and thou would'ff not be the First that prov'd the fruth of this common Saying. He that has Time has Life. In the mean Time, (faid he further,) if Fortune was favourable to thee 'till then, that at the same Time that thou espousest the Cypsie thy Grace be announc'd in what Quality would'st thou esteem thyself happy? Were it as the Chevalier Andrew, or as Don Juan de Carcamo? Don John was furpriz'd to hear himself call'd by his own Name; but this Surprize did nor hinder him from answering; and he answer'd what he thought veritable. I well perceive, (he went on to fay,) Pretiofa could not keep Silence, and that the has discover'd to you who I was: It matters not: I shall not betray my Heart: If I were possest of the Happiness you tell me of, I should esteem myself a thousand Times happier than if I were Master of the whole Universe, and would terminate there all my Vows, and all my Defires. Since thou makest me fuch a Prospect, Don John, (faid the Steward,) I shall regard thee no longer as a Criminal, Pretiola is thine: I promise her to thee this Day: Thou shalt possess her one Day; and in possessing her, thou possessest all that I hold dear to me in the World; for in fine, I giving thee Pretiofa, I give hee Donna Constancia d'Meneses, my only Daugher. If the equals thee in Love, the is not beneath hee on the Side of Nboility of Blood.

ANY one might conceive what this new Surprize was to young Don John de Carcamo; he expected not so agreeable a Condescension. The Stewardels then related, in few Words, in what Manner Pretiofa had been Kid-nap'd, and what Marks on her Recovery the had to convince her, that the was veritably her Daughter. Don John, who was very attentive to this Recital, knew not whether he was awake or fleep'd: he believ'd his Senses suffer'd an Il-Jusion, that 'twas an Enchantment, and that he was in a fort of Extafie: from whence he recover'd not 'till some Time afterwards. Return'd from his Amazement, and convinc'd by his own Eyes, and by what he came to understand, that his good Fortune was real, that it was not one of those agreeable Dreams, falling some Times on the Unfortunate, he threw himself at the Feet of the Steward and the Stewarders, who reliev'd him, melting into Tears, and the same Moment approaching Pretiofa, they express her a thousand sweet and innocent Tenderneffes.

THE News of this Adventure was prefently made publick; the Domeflicks divulg'd it; and the Town was full a Moment after. Don John took his former Habit, that the old Gipfie had brought. The Gypfies were difinifed, who were loaden with Prefents; and nothing but Joy was talk'd of. Two Thousand Ducats was promised the Officer, the dead Man's Uncle, that he might not profecute Don John. And to compleat the Satisfaction, 'twas known, that Clement, (whom Don John was extreamly in Pain for,) was embask'd in one of the two Gallies that were at Carthogena. It all concurr'd to make

make Don John happy. The Steward let him know that he had certain News, that Don Francisco de Carcamo, his Father, was provided of the Flace of the Government of Murcia; and that it would not be long before he came to take Possession; and that never any Circumstance could be more favourable, since I might be present at the Wedding. Let us celebrate 'em before that Time, my Loid, (answer'd Don John,) let us not defer my Happiness: I'll pass my Word for my Father's Approbation. They joyn'd Hands, as this imparient Lover desir'd. The Archbishop was contented with some little Formalities, and granted a Dispense, such as could be desir'd.

THE Wedding was celebrated, and nothing feen that Day but Balls, Fireworks, running all the Ring Journeys, and other-like Divertisements. All the Town held Feast; for Don Fernando de Azevedo was extreamly belov'd. This Adventure foon reach'd the Court; and the Marriage of the fair Gypfie, for under that Name she went, was known throughout all Spain. Don Francisco de Carcamo was felicitated, and could not contain his for. Pretiofa's Beauty made him excuse his Son's Irregularities, whom he thought loft; and that which finish'd his Joy, and made it compleat was, the Alliance he had made in espousing young Constancia, who was not only of Birth noble and illustrious, but possest a very great Estate. This Lord hasten'd his Departure to embrace his Children the fooner, and came to Murcia within twenty Days. Wedding was celebrated again, with the fame Magnificence it had been before. The Poets fung this happy

happy Hymeneal; and a famous Historian describes fo well this Adventure, that Pretiofa's Renown will endure to all Ages. I forgot to say, that the old She-Gypsie would not quit Pretiofa. And that Garduchia discover'd, that the Thesis she had accus'd the Gypsie of was only suppos'd: She confess'd her Love, and her Crime. And as the End of this Scene might have nothing disagreeable, no Punishment was inflicted on her.



NOVEL

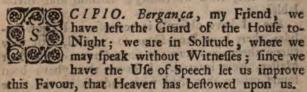


# NOVEL II.

## THE

# Dogs of Mahudez,

Discourses of Scipio and Berganca,
Dogs of the Hospital of the Resurrection
at Valledolid; commonly call'd the Dogs
of Mahudez.



Berganea. I hear thee speak Scipio, and I am convinc'd that I speak too; in the mean Time, I Scipio.

have all the Pains in the World to believe it; so much the Thing seems to me extraordinary.

Scipio. 'Tis extraordinary, without Doubt; and 'tis the more that we not only speak, but that we argue at the same Time; there is none, nevertheles, but Man that is a reasonable Creature.

Ber. I understand, my dear Scipio, all that thou sayst; and when I consider that I understand thee, I cannot sufficiently admire all thy Metamorphosis, and mine; I own, that we have an admirable Instinct; but the Instinct is not the Reason.

Seip. Yes, Bergan ca, our Instinct is somewhat that surprizes, and gives Occupation to the wisest of Men; we have Memory Men cannot deny; we have Knowlege and Amity so tender, a Fidelity so approved, that they use to paint us for Simbols of Amity and Fidelity. Did'st thee never go into a Church? Did'st thou never cast thy Eyes on the Superbe Mausoleums of Porphiry and Marble, where Men are entomb'd? Thou might'st perceive that the Husband and Wise are laid in the same Grave, where there always is the Figure of a Dog at their Feet, to shew that this Husband, and this Wise, were one, whereof one sees the Representations observed, while they lived in Amity, faithful and inviolable.

Ber. I have observed it very often; I know befides, there have been Dogs so faithful, that they threw them elves into the same Grave, while their Masters were interred. I know there have been found others that died with Sadness on the same Graves, without any Possibility of drawing them away, or oblige them to take any Food. I know, Scip. in fine, that next to Elephants we are the most knowing Animals: But this Knowledge is nothing, in

Comparison of that of Men.

Scip. I agree to't; but be that as it will, we discourse to-Day as thou see'st; and since we cannot but agree, that 'tis not a natural Thing, let us take it for a Prodigy. Now, if it be a Prodigy, the World is menac'd with some extraordinary Calamity; for never was any Prodigy greater.

Ber. I know what is faid of Prodigies, that one never fees them unpunish'd; and that which confirms me, that this prefages no good to Mankind, is a Word I have heard faid, fome Time fince, by a Schollar, as I went to Alcola de He-

nares.

Scip. And what Word is that?

Ber: Here 'tis; that of Five Thousand Scholars, that keep their Terms in this University this Year; there are a Thousand that study Physick.

Scip. What do you mean by that?

Ber. I mean, that if of Necessity, one of these two Things happen, either that these One Thousand Physicians have Patients in Proportion (which would be a great Missortune to Mankind) or that they themselves die of Hunger. But, it seems, we are too ingenious to torment ourselves for what is to come, tho' it's out of our Power to divert; let it come, for what the Destinies have resolv'd is irrevocable.

Scip. Thou art in the Right, Bergan, ca, if what happens to us to-Day prefage fome great Misfortunes to Men; they are Misfortunes we cannot prevent. 'Tis better, then, that laying afide Futurities in the Hands of him who is Master, and with-

out penetrating the fecret Views of Providence. We enjoy the Use of Speech; let us improve this fweet Priviledge to-Night; for we know not how

long we shall enjoy it.

Ber. I am willing, my dear Scipio, and I take an inexpressible Pleasure in it; I never had the Strength to scratch a Bone, but I had always a Defire to speak to discharge me of an Infinity of Things, that I have feen and heard, and that deferves to be related. I believe as well as thou, that this Priviledge we have this Moment, to communicate to one another what we know, is a transient Priviledge; otherwise it would be no Prodigy. Let us not imagine, that he that made us this rich Prefert will take it away. Let us talk, Scipio, fince we have now the Faculty.

Soip. I am transported, Bergan, ca, to see thee have the same Sentimert with myself, very well; and fince thou haft fo much to fay to me, freak, I will hear thee, relate thy Adventures to me, and to-Morrow Night, if we are permitted to freak,

still I will relate mine to thee.

Ber. Agreed: But first let us fee if there be

any one can understand us,

Scip. There's no Body, they are all afleep: 'Tis true, there's a Soldier in the Bed, that has been in a Sweat; but is fo fatigu'd with his fweating, that I doubt not but he is reposing; certainly he as, for I heard him fnoar,

Ber. Since I can speak boldly, hearken; and if what I have to fay to thee tires thee, thou may'ft

impose my Silence.

Scip. Speak my dear Friend, I will be all Ears

t thou talkest till to Morrow.

Ber. To begin my Original: I shall tell thee, that the first Time I saw the Sun'twas at Seville, in the Shambles, that is without the Gate, which makes me believe, that I am descended from those great Mastiffs that Butchers Servants breed up; tho' I have another Thought, thou shalt know another Time. The first Master I had was a Butcher, call'd Master Nicholas; 'twas a young Man, strong and lufty, with a bad Face, very apt to be cholerick and vindictive, as those of his Trade commonly are. The first Thing Master Nicholas taught me, and other little Dogs that he had, was to bark at those that went by, particularly at the Poot, and pursue 'em without Pity. When there was any Bull-baiting he threw us among the other Massiffs, that we might do as they did, as near as we could; he fet us on with his Voice, and his Hand, adorn'd with a great Club; and I own, that tho' I had often the worst on't in these Skirmishes, I became in a little Time fo able, that I was not afraid of the greatest Bull; and as for the Passengers, and the Poor, they were afraid of me. 'Tis furprizing how hardy and furly I grew in fo short a Time.

Scip. Thou think'ft it furprizing, Berganca; for my Part, I am not at all furpriz'd. Nothing could be worfe, without Doubt, than what thy Mafler taught thee then; but know, nothing is eafier learn'd than what is bad; we are inclin'd to it by Nature; we are born with these unhappy De-

Ber. I own, that what thou tellest me upon that is most veritable: But what good could the worst of Men teach me? I speak of those in the Shambles, where I told thee, I believ'd I was whelp'd:

fires.

They are People without Education, without Religion, and without Conscience, from the Least to the Greatest; People given to the foulest Debauches, and veritable Miscreants; who, to supply their senfual Pleasures, seal on all Hands, without Mercy. Every Morning, on Flesh Days, one may see come, before the Sun is up, many Women with Panniers, which they bring empty, but carry away well fill'd. I affure thee, there is no Beast kill'd in that Shambles, but this fort of People have the first Fruits, before they are expos'd to Sale: their Masters, nevertheless, cares them, not that they are afraid they will steal; for they know well enough 'tis a Thing inevitable; but for fear they carry not away all the Best, they put their Hands before their Eyes: 'tis the best Side they can take: But 'tis not that, my dear Scipio, is the most odious in this fort of People: they are cruel, and pity-less: they will fwallow a Man as eafily as they will knock down a Bullock : a Stroke of the Knife costs them nothing. There is hardly a Day passes but they will fpill human Blood, with the fame Inhumanity as they shed that of Beasts; which they think they may fhed without a Crime. In the mean Time, be that as it will, altho' they are a Company of Wretches, fold and abandon'd to Vices the most infamous, there is hardly one but recommends himfelf every Moment to his Guardian Angel, or fome Saint, or that do not confecrate Offerings on certain Days of Devotion, part of what they steal. Tis thus they abuse what their Religion holds the most facred, and wherein they imagine it consists. Scip. By my Faith, Berganca, if thou art as long in drawing the Pictures of all the Masters

thou

thou hast serv'd as thou art in making those of the Servants of the Shambles of Seville, we have nothing but to pray Heaven to keep its Word, during one Year at least; I should apprehend very much, that thou hast not come half way of thy History: Dost see, Berganca, there is nothing so good in an Orator as to be short; long Discoursers tire one at last; they sleep at a Sermon, who would not sleep at all if the Preacher would come presently to the Point, and not amuse himself to say Things out of the Way; 'tis that which seems long and makes 'm sleep. Take here an Advertisement I advise thee to make use of.

Ber. I will make use of it if I can; but to tell thee the Truth, fince I have had the Use of Speech,

I have had a great Itch to talk.

To continue my Story: My Mafter taught me when I follow'd him, to carry a Basket, and to defend myfelf against those that went about to take it away. He shewed me the House of a pretty Woman that he kept, and by this Means fav'd the Woman's Maid the Pains to go to the Shambles: for I carry'd her very early what was referv'd for her over-Night; and tho' I was skill'd in this Bufinels, in the mean Time, I suffer'd myself to be furpriz'd at last; as one is not always prudent, and as I distrusted nothing, passing one Morning in the Street I us'd to go often, I heard one from a Window call me by my own Name: I rais'd my Head as much as I could, for I was that Morning hard loaden, I perceived a young Woman very handsome, who made a Sign to me to ftop; I was fo good to obey her; fhe came down to the Door and call'd me again; I run to her to fee what the would have: and

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and all of a suddain she took away what I carry'd; and put an old Platter into my Pannier; after that, she said to me, Go back again, and tell Master Nicholas your Master, he should trust Beasts no more. I could very easily have retaken what this Woman took from me; I could have tore her in Pieces with my Teeth if I would, and thereby oblige her to leave her Prey; but I found she was so very handsome, and those Hands she had stolen it from me so white, and that she had made her Thievery with so good a Grace, that I had not the Courage to do her the least Violence.

Scip. Thou did'st very well, Bergança, and I commend thee for it; Beauty ought always to be

respected.

Ber. I respected her so as thou hast heard; but Evil took me; 'twas that which caus'd my Misfortune. I return'd with my Platter in my Pannier: my Master, who saw me come back, found I had been very diligent; I found that by his Face; but perceiving some Body had taken away what I carsy'd to his Mistress, and that they laugh'd at him: this Man, fanguinary and fierce, made presently horrible Oaths, and taking one of his Knives, he threw it at me with fo much Force, and fo much Fury, that if I had not step'd out of the Way we had not now talk'd together. As I faw the Danger I had run, I did not flay for a fecond Charge; which, without Doubt, he would not fail to have done, in the Rage the Sight of the Platter had put him into. I fled quicker than a good Pace, and taking my Way behind St. Bernard, I run cross the Fields, without knowing whither I went; Fear gives Wings, as they fay; I made the best of

my Way; and, I affore thee, in a very little Time: at last, Night surpriz'd me; I lodg'd with a Starry Canopy, and in the Morning I met, by Chance, a Flock of Sheep, where I thought to have found what I look'd for; for in short, 'tis the Property of those Animals of our Sort, to defend these that are born weak and without Arms: this Flock was kept by three Shepherds, who no fooner faw me but they call'd me; I went prefenrly to them, crouching down my Head, and wagging my Tail; one of these Sheperds, at the same Time, laid his Hand upon my Back, look'd on my Teeth, and made much of me. He knew by certain Marks how old I was; and faid to the others, I was a Dog of a good Kind. Whilft these Things pass'd. the Master of the Flock came up, he was mounted on a grey Steer, with his Leggs tuck'd up, fo that he refembl'd more one of the Watchmen on the Coasts than the Owner of so great a Flock. He presently ask'd what Dog I was, saving, by my Looks he thought me a good one. You are not mistaken, said the Shepherd to him, I have examin'd him exactly; and I warrant you, he is fuch a-one as we could with for; he will grow big and fair I am fure; we just now met him, not half an Hour ago; I know not who he belongs to; but I know very well, that he belongs to no Body of our Neighbours. Since 'tis fo (faid the Mafter) put him on Leoncellio's Collar ('twas a Dog that died a few Days before) and give him the fame Portion with the rest; above all make much of him that he may not leave us. As foon as he had given this Order he went away; and a Moment after they put on my Neck a Collar full of Steel Stirts, fed

me very well, and call'd me Barfin. I found myfelf very well with this fecond Mafter, and this new Office; I was diligent and careful, and never was far from the Flock but very rarely; the Time when I knew very well my Presence was not necesfary, I went some Times to lie down under the Shade of some Tree, some Times at the Foot of a Rock, fome Times in a shady Valley, or upon the Bank of some Brook; and at Times when I slept not, I recollected in my Memoty fomewhat of what I had feen, when I was with my first Master, what Things I might tell thee, and of this Man, and of this Woman that I faw; but I will not be tedious; and besides, 'tis not fair always to rip up the Faults of others. I reassume, then, the Thread of my Discourse, one of the Reflections that I made at Times when I was alone, my dear Scipio, That what was faid of Shepherds could not be true; I had heard fay, that they pass'd their Days in singing, and playing on the Flagellet, or their Bagpipes. The Mistress that I heard some Times read certain Books, there I faw the Character of a Shepherd, very different from those that I serv'd. I remember'd me of Shepherd Anfrise, that lov'd the incomparable Belifarda, and that fung after the Sun came out of the Arms of Aurora, till he was thrown into those of Thetis; even to the Time that obscure Night ffreich'd her black Wings over the Face of the whole Earth, there was no Tree upon the Mountains of Arcadia, upon whose Trunk he had not fare to chant the Beauty of his Shepherdels, and to complain of her Insensibilty, and her Rigour. I remember the Shepherd Elicio, who was more amorous than hardy. The great Paffor Felix, only Painter

Painter of one Picture only, that was more faithful than happy; the Swoonings of Sirena; Diana's Repentance; and Felicia the Wife, that with her enchanted Water furmounted fo many Difficulties. I remember a great many other Histories of Shepherds and Sheperdeffes, whose Life was very different from that our Masters lead, and the other Shepherds hereabout. They fung 'tis true; but they were none but trivial Songs, wherein was neither Delicacy nor Wit; they fung 'em with a Voice rude and hoarfe, on vulgar Airs, and without Art, to the Sound of Oaten Pipes, or of Wood, or two little Stones put between their Fingers; those were their Instruments; the rest of the Day they employ'd in mean Exercifes. There was no Sheperdesses amongst them that was call'd Phillis, Amerillis, Diana, or Galatea; and what regarded them, they were all call'd Fehn or Peter, or some such Name. No Amintas amongst the Shepherds; no Thirsis or Coridons; no Facintas nor Ricolets: That which let me know that all thefe Books, where we find to high an Idea of Shepherds and Shepherdesses, are only pleasant Tales or Lyes, well written, to divert those that live in Idleness; for if the Thing were otherwise, it would be found without Doubt, among the Shepherds I ferv'd, by fome Traces of the happy Life they led, in Times past. There was not in these old Times but vast Meadows, enamell'd with a thousand and a thousand forts of Flowers, whereof they made Garlands for their Shepherdesses; there were nothing but confecrated Forrests, and Mountains of Pines and Oaks, upon whose Bark were carv'd the Names of these same Shepherdesses, they had taken care to write there; there was nothing but Gardens enenchanted; Brooks, whereof the fweet Murmur, mixt with the agreeable Voice of Hautboys; nothing but Christal Fountains one could hear; nothing amongst those ancient Shepherds Discourses that ravish'd with Admiration those that heard them, and would have softned Trees, and even Rocks, to whom they sometimes related the Cruelty of their Mistresses, or some tragical Adventure. There was a Shepherd in a Swoon; there a Shepherdess carlessly laid in the Grass, who not daring to declare her Love-sighs, or shed Tears, the Ecchoes were employ'd in nothing but to sound back the amourous Airs that were sung to divers musical Instruments.

Scip. 'Tis enough, Bergan, ca, purfue thy Difcourfe; look to thy Feet and thou wilt not flumble; thou wilt never more look to thy Tail: I mean, remember what thou art, and that thou art but an Animal, deflitute of Reason, and that thou ought'st not to affect as thou dost to shine.

Ber. I know, Scipio, what I am; perhaps I am even much more than I think I am; I will make thee upon that, the History of a Witch, that had learn'd her Malesices under the Gamacha of Mon-

tillia.

Scip. I defire thee above all Things to give me

that History.

Ber. I will not do it yet; have a little Patience; hearken to my Adventures in order; they will give thee much more Pleasure that way than if I were to relate them otherwise; thou wilt agree.

Scip. Agreed; but be fhort, I conjure thee.

Ber. I was well content with my Condition, as I have told thee, because the Employment that I had agreed with me, and that I did my Duty: I earn'd my Bread by the Sweat of my Body; and that was it that gave me Satisfaction; for after all, one should not live at ones Master's Charge, when one never intended to ferve him well and faithfully: If I lay down fometimes in the Day-time, I fleep'd but little by Night, because as soon as the Sun had carry'd her Rays into another Hemisphere, the Wolves found us Work, and then there was no shutting ones Eyes. The Shepherd no fooner cry'd out a Wolf, but I run over Hill and Dale; but these Courfes were always inutil; I came back the next Morning to the Flock, without having found any Trace or Sign, weary, harrafs'd, and all in a Sweat, Feet cloven with Stones and Thorns, the Body hurt in a thousand Places, and at my Return I found a Sheep dead, a Wether strangled, and half eaten by the Wolf; I was in Despair to see how little ferv'd my good Will, and my Fatignes. The Master of the Flock came upon us, they shew'd him the Skin of a dead Beaft; he accus'd me of Negligence, and commanded them to chassise the Dogs very well, fo the Stroaks rain'd upon us, and the Shepherds were reprimanded only. One Day that I had been chastifed very unjustly, seeing that my Care, my Agility, my Courage, all my Efforts, in a Word, inutil, I thought it Time to change the Battery; I refolved then not to ramble too far from the Flock, as I us'd to do, but to flay at the Avenues of the Fold. We were alarm'd every Week; a very dark Night made me fee what I little look'd for; I let the other Dogs run, and

hid myself behind a Bush, and from thence I saw two Shepherds that had taken the best and sattest of all the Sheep, cut their Throats, and cut 'em up afterwards in such a Manner, that one would have said twas a Wolf that had done it. I was frighten'd I own to thee. As soon as the Day appear'd, they sent to their Master the Skin of a Sheep, and part of the Flesh; but it was not the biggest nor the best; the Master was presently angry; we were presently chastis'd. I was desolated to see my Impuissance, to discover this horrible Roguery. Alas! said I to myself, In what Age do Men live, and who can one trust, if the Pastors are the Wolves.

Scip. Thy Reflection was good, Berganca; but this Evil is an Evil without Remedy; the best Shepherd a Master could have, would be to look to the Flock himself. Let us stop there, my dear Berganca, and without amusing ourselves as we do, to moralize the Field at every Turn; continue thy

History, I will hearken.

Ber. I agree; I will tell thee, then, that feeing myself ill usd at every Turn, without deserving it, I made a Design to leave my Shepherds, and seek my Fortune somewhere else; I return'd to Seville, and enter'd into the Service of a rich Merchant.

Scip. What Way did'st thou take to find a Master? for sometimes 'tis a Thing difficult enough.

Ber. Thou knowest, Scipio, that Humility, which is the Basis and Foundation of all other Virtues, sumounts the greatest Dissiculties; I practis'd this Virtue when I had a Mind to take Service in some House, having first consider'd it was an House that could entertain a great Dog. I went presently to the Door, at the Time when any that seem'd

feem'd a Stranger went in, I bark'd after him, but when the Master came, I hung down my Head, I lick'd his Shooes with my Tongue, I made a thou-fand little Postures, to shew that I had a Mind to give my-felf to him; if he gave me any Blows, I suffer'd them; I cares'd him even after that, so that in a little Time, I was accepted; I serv'd faithfully; I never had a Master, who, but for that Reason, did love me; and, I can say, that none ever cashier'd me; 'twas always I that lest them.

To return to my History: I return'd to Soville as I told thee, I went to flay at the Gate of a great Merchant's House, I made my accustom'd Diligencies, and in two Days I was introduc'd. They receiv'd me to be behind the Door, and to be loofe at Night. I ferv'd in that Manner very carefully, and in a Way that gave my Master so much Pleafure, that he order'd me at last to be unty'd, and should be loose by Day as I was by Night. As I knew very well that my Master lov'd me, I no fooner faw myself at Liberty but I run unto him. with Intention to make my Court to him: I was just upon the Point of putting my Foot amorously to his Chin; but I torbore, remembering the Ass in the Fable, who would do the fame Thing, in Imitation of a little Dog, that carefs'd his Maffer in the fame Manner, drew upon himself a Shower of Bustinadoes. This Apology shews us, without Doubt, that there are Favours that fuit not with every Body: But, besides that, every one should live and act according to his Profession and his Quality; that a Buffoon give good Words; that a Gypsie make Turns of Slight off Hand; a Dancer on the Ropes leap and fwing; a Lackey imitate Birds

Birds in their Notes to good Fortune; this fuits em; but that a Man of Quality is offended to know these Things, nothing can be conceiv'd more abfurd.

Scip. 'Tis enough, Bergan, ca, return to thy Adventures.

Ber. I could wish with all my Soul, that those of whom I speak, did understand me the very same that thou understandest, perhaps they might stand correded. Be it as it will, there is nothing more ridiculous than to fee a Gentleman act the Juggler: to fee him value himfelf in knowing how to play the Cups, or to dance a Minuet as well as the best Dancing Mafter. I knew one that vaunted, at the Request of a Sexton, to have cut two and thirty Reams of Paper, to be put upon black Cloth, the Day a Townsman was bury'd, and he was so pleas'd with his Work, that he thew'd it to his Friends, with as much Heat, as if he had shewn 'em the Standards and Trophies painted on the Tombs of his Ancestors. I return to my Merchant: This Merchant had two Sons, one of twelve Years old, and the other of fourteen, that studied both of 'em, at the Feluits College; they went in Pomp to the College, that is, on Horse-back when the Weather was fair, in Coach when it rain'd; a Governor went always with 'em, and two or three Lackeys follow'd, who carry'd their Books; that which I admir'd most was, that the Father gave or himself the same Airs he made his Children take; when he went out to the Exchange, he mounted a little ugly Mule, and made a Moor follow him.

Scip. Thou ought'st nor to be furpris'd at that; 'tis the Custom of the Merchants of Seville, and even even in all the Towns of Spain, to shew their Riches in the Magnificence of their Children; they will continue such as they are, however rich they may be, to be richer yet; and 'twere absurd, if exercising Commerce, they were offended with Pains, and go to the Exchange with Equipages of great Lords: But what respects their Children, as they are willing they should fly higher than themselves, and buy them commonly Lands and Titles; they affect to bring 'em up as the great Ones do theirs; and even, for the most Part, with much more Splendor.

Ber. I find no Fault with that; for in fhort, tis natural to a Father to fee his Children mend their Condition, when it does no body wrong,

Soip. 'Tis well said; but be convinc'd, Berganca, 'tis a Thing very rare a Merchant has not cheated some body or other, he traficks with them when it comes to that Point, to be able to make his Children Gentlemen, or buy 'em Dignities to ennoble them.

Ber. That is what is call'd pure back-biting.

Scip. Not fo much back-biting as thou think's ;
but let us leave this Matter; for I know very well,

that it pleases thee not, and talk.

Ber. One Day as the Merchant's Sons went to the College, I perceiv'd in a Place they went over, one of their Books, one had carlefsly let fall; as I had learn'd to carry, I took up the Book prefently, and I follow'd my young Masters; the Lackey that had let it fall, no sooner saw me but he was going to take it from me, for fear I should tear it. I was not in the mind to loose my Prey; I run to the School, I went in, and I went honestly

to present it to those to whom it belong'd, which fet all the Scholars, a laughing; the Schoolmaffer himself, who read in a Chair, could not on this Rencounter, forbear to loose a little of his Gravity. This pleas'd my young Masters so well, that they would have me carry the fame Book the next Morning when they took Coach, to return to the Tefuits; they made me do the fame Trick, and I found it not amis. The Scholars, who love nothing like the amusing themselves, and saw very well, that I was made a left of, began to play with me : they threw their flats and their Caps : I went to fetch 'em, and brought 'em to 'em, prefently; they made me leap, fland upright upon my hinder Feet; the youngest sate upon my Back: I made, in short, well or ill, a thousand little Apish Tricks to divert 'em; and I was fo familiar with 'em, that they gave me to eat of whatfoever they had; I pass'd my Time well, and made good Cheer: but this Life did not last long: the Schoolmasters perceiv'd that their Scholars lost a little too much Time with me; in effect, they were much more diligent in feeing me play the Fool than in learning their Lesions; fo that my young Masters were defir'd to bring me no more with them. This was punctually executed; I was condemn'd to guard the House, and which is more, to stay by Day behind the Door, as the first Time I came in. Ah! Scipio, my Friend, 'tis hard to pass from an happy Estate. to an Estate miserable; I was never more mortify'd than I was then: 'tis nothing to be unhappy when one has been fo all ones Life. Those that are born poor, or Slaves, fuffer their Poverty without complaining: wear their Irons without murmuring

they never knew what Riches were, and Liberty: one makes an Habitude of all: Custom is a second Nature: From thence it comes, that those that beg, and so many Moors thou fee'ft, are fat and contented; but then, when Advertity and ill Fortune succeed to Prosperity, 'tis of all Calamities one can be expos'd to, the most sad, and the most insupportable. 'Twas by such another Proof, as thou fee'ft, I was obliged to pass. I return'd to my first Condition, instead of those Delicacies I was bred up in : I was forc'd to content myfelf with fome Bones, a Female Moor that ferv'd in the House threw me; and even fome of that was carry'd away by two great Cats; who besides that, they were active, were not ty'd down as I was; I could run no further than my Chain would give me leave. Be not uneasy, Scipio, but suffer me to philosophize a little upon this Matter.

Scip. Philosophize as much as thou wilt; but have a Care thou fallest not into the same Fault thou lately reproachest me with, but a Moment since; have a Care this Desire of philosophizing be not some Temptation of the Evil Spirit; for, its certain, that the Philosophers, under Pretence of decrying, use evil-speaking in a terrible Manner.

Ber. I own one has a great Itch to speak Evil of others, whether one be a Philosopher or no; it is an evil Inclination that is born with us; in the mean Time, I am willing to try to obtain from it, and if unhappily any Thing escapes in my Recitals, to bite any one, I myself will bite my Tongue, so hard, that I shall remember it a long Time after.

Scip. I admire thee, Bergança, with thy pleafant Refolution; believe me; but continue thy Recital.

Ber. I will do it, my dear Scipio. As I was idle the whole Day, and all that I knew came into my Thought, I remember'd fome Latin Sentences I had heard pronounc'd, at the Time I accompany'd the Sons of my Merchant to the College; methought, when I ruminated them by myfelf, they comforted me a little after my Misfortune; I even thought to use them on certain Occasions, just as I myfelf had spoke them, and that I us'd them with Knowledge, not as certain People that spit out Latin at every Turn, to appear able, and who nevertheless, cannot decline a Noun.

Scip. There are, certainly, People of this Chataster; but, I find, they are less bad than some others, who really understand the Latin Tongue very well, but profane it so much, if I may so say, that they cannot forbear mixing it in their Discourse, and the familiar Chatts they hold with the most vile Workmen, even sometimes with their own Do-

meflicks.

Ber. From what thou fay'ft, one may conclude, that these here are no less ridiculous, that speak Latin without Understanding it, than those that spe k it before Persons that understand it not.

but I must advertise thee of another Thing. Tis that, there are People that are great Latinists, who

are, for all that, great Affes.

Ber. Thou half nothing to do but to advertise me; I am as much perswaded of it as thou att; tis not the Latin Tongue that makes able Men otherwise therwise; you might say, all the ancient Romans were so, since this Tongue was their natural Tongue; in the mean Time, there were Sots amongst them, be convinced.

Scip. I find, Berganea, we travel about the Country; begin then, to philosophize, fince thou hast so great a Mind to't.

Ber. To have me begin to philosophize, I have

done it already.

Scip. But, in what?

Ber. In giving a Bite at Pedants, who of all Animals with two Feet, are the most offensive, and

the most despisable:

Scip. Thou call'st then evil-speaking to philosophize? By my Faith, give to evil speaking all the fine Names thou wilt, it we continue that Tone we shall be true Cynicks. That Name suits us in all Points. Hold thy Peace, Berganca, I advise thee, and pursue thy Story.

Ber, How would'st have me pursue it and hold

my Peace?

Scip. I mean, thou should'st pursue it without

amufing thyfelf, in making inutil Digreffions.

Ber. Thou shalt have thy Content: The Mooris Woman I told thee of compleated my Unhappiness as much as she could, altho' I thought myself sufficiently so before, in finding myself ty'd behind the Door. This Woman fell in Love with
a Moor, that was a Slave as well as she, with this
great Merchant; this Moor lay in a little Chamber between the Street-door and that behind which
I was ty'd; as they could not come together by
Day, they did it by Night; the Moores came down
every Night; the gave me, in passing by, great Fie-

ces of Meat, that I might not bark, and afterwards fhe went to her Blackmoor, with whom fhe enjoy'd herself; this Commerce held a long Time; I troubled them not; for, I found my Account in the Business; but at last, making Reflection that I eat the Bread of a Master, whom I betray'd by my Silence, I thought, I ought to preserve his Interest before mine, in interrupting this Practice, and that in acting after this Manner, I should do the Duty of a good Domestick.

Scip. Tis this, my dear Berganca, that may

pass for Philosophy, and which is really so,

Ber. I am overjoy'd; but as to the rest, I would willingly learn of thee, if thou knowest it. What signifies the Terms of Philosophy? For to tell thee the Truth, as much as concerns me, I own to thee, I know not what it is; it seems only to me, that it ought to signify something that is good.

Scip. I will shew it thee; it is a Term com-

fignify, the Love of Wildom.

Ber. Thou knowest more than I thought of. Scipio. Who taught thee these Greek Words?

Scip. Thou art a Fool, Berganca, to think me able, because I know the Signification of two Greek Words; there is not the least Scholar but knows 'em; they learn that in the lower Forms; and, from thence it comes there are so many Blockheads, that think themselves great Gracians, because they know the Etimology of some Greek Terms, us'd in Schools.

Ber. I believe it, Scipio, and I know what is faid of the Portugueze, that traffick on the Coast Guiney, altho' they understand, besides, as lit-

the of the Greek Tongue as of that of Japan; they throw out, at any Rate, Greek Words, that flun the Negroes fo much, that they do all the Portugueze Merchants would have 'em; that is to fay, they suffer themselves to be cheated.

Scip. 'Tis now, Berganca, thou should'st bite thy Tongue; for Reproaching is terrible; thou can'st

not excuse it.

Ber. However, I shall not do it : I remember to this Purpose what was faid of an ancient Legiflator. He had forbid any, on Pain of Death, to enter into an Assembly arm'd; however, he enter'd into the Senate one Day, without thinking of it, with his Sword by his Side; as foon as he perceiv'd it, and at that very Inflant, taking his Sword, run it thro' his Body, faying, I am the First that violated the Law that I made; 'tis just I should fuffer the Penalty. I annex to it, that his grand, without Doubt, and worthy of the former Ages; but there is no fuch Thing now-a-day; they make Laws to-Day, and break 'em to-Morrow; and, perhaps, 'tis necessary Things should go so: to-Day a Penitent abandons one Vice, and falls into another a Moment after. 'Tis one Thing to make the Blogy of Discipline, and another to give it. In a Word, as 'tis commonly faid, from the Saying to the Deed, there's a great Space; let him bite his Tongue that will, for my Part, I will do nothing; for what good would fo commendable an Action as that do me? there being no Witnesses, no body would commend it.

Scip. Upon that Foot, Berganco, if thou wert a Man thou would'st be a great Hypocrite, fince

thou would'st never do a commendable Action but

on View of Commendation.

Ber. I know not what I should do then; but I know very well, that now I shall spare my Tongue, whereof I have Need enough, having many Things to tell thee yet.

Scip. Go on then,

Ber. I will go on then: I shall tell thee, then, in short, that leaving the shameful Commerce of the Moor and Moores, and the Wrong they did our common Master, I resolved to break it, as a good and faithful Domestick; the Moores came down every Night, as I have told thee, to go find out her Lover, and she came down fearing nothing, imagining that what she stole to seed me with would make me dumb all my Life; in effect, she made me dumb a long Time; I may say, I had Beef upon my Tongue.

Scip. What Language dost thou speak in there? Ber. I speak a Proverb to thee, my dear Friend; for thou must know, that the Athenians had the Figure of an Ox upon their Money, and when a Judge suffer'd himself to be corrupted with Prefents, they said, he had an Ox upon his Tongue.

Scip. Upon what Defign dott thou come out

here with this Proverb.

Ber. 'Tis to tell thee, that Prefents are capable of corrupting the honest Men; for, in fine, because this Woman ted me more than ordinary, and sometimes with very great Bits, I never bank'd, and so favour'd the Crime by my Silence.

Scip. What thou fay'st of the Power of Prefents is veritable; but if I were not afraid of making too long a Digression, I could confirm it by a

thousand Examples; perhaps, I may do it, if Head ven permits me to make the History of my Life. Ber. I hope thou wilt hearken, in the mean Time, to the rest of that of mine. One Night, when the Moorel's came down, as the us'd to do, I threw myfelf of a fuddain upon her, without barking, that I might not alarm the House, and I not only rent her Smock, but I bit her fo hard, that the was oblig'd to keep her Bed above eight Days, without daring, however, to crack of her nocturnal Adventure: flie was cur'd at last, and came back another Night, I treated her very near in the fame Manner: our Skirmishes were without Noise, and I had always the best on't; at last, however, I suffer'd by this Means; the Mooress, who had Orders to feed me, retrench'd, at once, my whole Portion, fully refolv'd to revenge herfelf, by starving me; I was already fo lean and broken, that every body pity'd me; in depriving me of my Food, the made me die by Degrees; however, I dy'd not fo foon as my implacable Enemy would have me; flie had a Defign to advance my Death, and for that Effect, the brought me a Spunge, anointed with Butter; as I very well faw the Trap that was laid for me, I fuck'd the Spunge without fwallowing it: I was under terrible Perplexities; for, in fine, one has enough to fear, when one has provok'd a Woman. I was confidering what to do, when one Day I found my-felf unty'd I took hold of the Occasion; I went to the Door, and had not gone an hundred Steps but I found a Master, 'twas a Serjeant, who was a great Friend of Master Nicholas; he knew me, tho' I was only Skin and Bones, and was as dry as a Kex; he call'd me by my Name, I run

I run to him with my ordinary Caresses, and sollow'd him with a great deal of Pleasure. Consider, Scipio, the Extravagance of my Fortune; I was in a rich Merchant's Service; I saw myself a short Time a Scholar; but, at last, became a Master.

Scip. Thus goes the World, my dear Bergan ca; but thou ought'st not to imagine it a great Misfortune to serve one Master more than another. In respect to him that is obliged to go to Service, that is equal enough; there is somewhat to be done every where. I cannot support some People that never aspire to a greater Portune than to be a Squire, who complain, however, of their Lot.

Ber. I understand thee, Scipio; that's all but a Comedy; let us leave these People: I will continue my Recital. The Serjeant, I told thee of, was a great Friend of a Proctor, and this Proctor and he, kept two little Women, that were handsome, but very crafty, and of Impudence not to be conceiv'd; these two Women serv'd them for Hooks to fish on Land, as they fay; 'twas known by their Air, their Head-dress, and all their Cloathing, what they were; they were feen every Day hunting of Strangers, and the Moment that any one fell into their Hands they gave Notice, either to the Proftor, or the Serjeant, who never fail'd to come and furprife them, and pull the Bird that was in the Cage. Colindra (that was the Name of the Serjeant's Miffress) one Day, carry'd a Britton to a Woman, whose House was a fort of an Inn. My Mafter had presently Notice given him; and Colindra and the Britton, were by this Time undress'd, to go to Bed, just when the Serjeant, the Profor two Notaries, and I, went into the House. The

The Britten was much troubled, Colindra affected to feem fo. The Serjeant, after having extreamly exaggerated the Crime, he furpris'd 'em, in telling 'em, they flould immediately drefs, unless they intended to go naked to Prison. The Britton was much confounded, and very fad; the Prostor feign'd to be concern'd and forry; he interceeded for him. and play'd his Gime fo well, that at his Sollicitation, the Serjeant, as inflexible as he had feem'd to be, confented the Britton should be releas'd for a hundred Rials. The Britton overiov'd he was not to go to Prison, and clear himself of a Business so cheap, ask'd for his Coat he had laid upon a Chair at the Bed's Feet, where his Money was: the Coat was not to be found; and fee by what Accident; as foon as I came into the Chamber. I smelt a Smell that refresh'd me, that came out of his Breeches, 'twas a good Piece of a Gammon the Britton had left in one of his Pockets ; as I could not take it out without being perceiv'd, I took the Coat and carry'd it into the Street : I was there at Liberty to do with my Prey as I pleas'd: that is to fay, I made a very good Meal; when I went back to the Chamber I found the Britton. who, in his Gibberilh, cry'd out to have his Coat brought to him, where he had fifty Crowns in Gold. The Prodor imagin'd that Colindra, or the Notaries had feiz'd it; the Serjeant had the fame Thought. he took 'em aside, and charg'd 'em to tell the Truth: they fwore a thousand Times over they had it not: they had done nothing but what they might well do. I went back again to the Street, to go look for the Coat I had no more to do with, but the Coat was carry'd away. The Serjeant feeing the Britton had

no more Money was in Despair; and thinking to get from the Mistress of the House something to farisfy him for his Pains, he fent to call her; she came a Moment after, half naked, much discontented, to fee Faces she little thought to fee, at fuch unreasonable Hours, and, who already began to lay Hands on the best that was in the Chamber. The Serjeant, without any Compliment, told her, the must put on her Cloaths and follow him to Prison, fince the made a bad Place of her House. and that she consented to the bad Life was led there. The Hostess look'd fierce on him, and told him very boldly, She thought him imprudent to use such Language to her. Go (said she) my Friend, and begone without a Word fpeaking, unless you are willing I should discover what is your Interest I should conceal: I know you; I know Colindra; I know very well you are very good Friends together. Do not make me fay more. Return the Money you have stole from this honest Man, in a Manner very dishonest. As for me, I would have you to know, that I am a Woman of Honour, and I have a Husband, that has his Letters of good Nobility, with Seals of Lead, God be thanked. I get my Living as I can; but I get it like an honest Woman; nor do I think myself oblig'd to Wee what my Guests do in their Chambers. My Master and the Proctor were much astonish'd to fee this Hoftess knew their Way of Living so well. In the mean Time, as 'twas only the they could draw any thing from, they went about to intimidate her, and made Shew they would carry her to Prison. We must see what Oaths my Master us'd; this Woman cry'd out then like one enrag'd. The Britton

Britton cry'd out on his Side, they should bring him his Breeches. The Proctor, who was warm'd, maintaind with high Words to Colindra, That Persons of her Sort, being accustom'd to dive into the Pockets of those they fold their Favours to, she had taken the fifty Clowns. Colindra cry'd out again and again, and protested, weeping, she was innocent. The Notaries swore, that if the Money was not found, they would fire the House. I bark'd, because I would not be only him that said not a Word. Such a Confusion was never seen; in effect, the Noise was so great, that the Commissary of the Quarter, who wilk'd the Round, hearing this Buffle, would know what it was; the Moment he went in, the Hostess made him a Relation of all; she discover'd to him the Intrigues of Colindra with the Serjeant, and the Trap they laid every Day to rob Strangers; the protested, at the same Time, her Innocence in this Rencounter, and fetting forth her Husband's Quality; she commanded a Maid that follow'd her, to go fetch the Letters of his Nobility. You may judge by that she told him, if a Woman that has fuch a Husband, is capable of keeping a Bawdy House; it my Trade is to lodge Strangers in my House, 'tis because I have nothing else to do; every one has Business enough to live in this World; after all, you know, all Professions are honest, when they are exercis'd honestly. The Commissary, tir'd with this Woman's Discourse, and, especially, of the Gentility of her Hushand, began to tell her, I am willing to believe your Husband is a Gentleman; but, then, you must agree, that he is but a Gentleman Taverner. I agree to't, she reply'd. But what will you infer from thence?

thence? there is no Gentility in the World, where there is not some little Thing to allow. I know not if the Commissary, who would have been thought noble, was in a Condition to make out all his Proofs. Be that as it will, this Discourse put him into a very ill Humour. We have talk'd enough (faid he, with an Air fevere and angry) I command you, immediately, to put on your Cloaths: you must go and talk between Four Walls. The Hostels, at these Words, redoubled her Cries and her Tears: The fell at the Commissary's Feet : but as he was a Man of an extraordinary roughness. there was no Quarter; Colindra, the Britton, and the, were had to Prtfon, without Mercy. I knew, a little after that, the Britton had not found his fifty Crowns: that it cost him ten more to come out of the Round House; and so much to the Hostefs; but for Colindra, as she had Friends in Court, it coft her not a Penny. She catch'd, the same Day the was enlarg'd, a Seaman, that made good the Loss she suffer'd by the Britton. I own, Scipie, to speak freely of me, that my Gluttony caus'd a great deal of Mischief.

Scip. Say too, the Roguery of thy Master.

Ber. Since thou talk'st of Roguery, this Serjeant did many others: I am troubled to speak ill of Serjeants and Proctors, but that makes to my History.

Scip. Thou may'lt do it without Fear; in fpeaking ill of one Serjeant, or of one Proctor, one does not fpeak ill of all; there are some one may except

fe om the general Rule.

Ber. There are very few : but not to speak but of my Master; he was a Serjeant of a very singular Character; Bravery attended him.

Soit. Tis feldom the Fault of those People. Ber. He was willing to have it thought 'twas his: and he had found the furest Way to impose it on all the World. One Day, I faw with my own Eyes, that he attack'd fix famous Out-laws: I never faw fo much Intrepidity and Courage : I never faw any one face Dangers with fo much Refolution and Boldness; he pass'd thro' fix niked Swords with as little Emotion, as if they had been Faggots; thou would'ft have been furpriz'd to fee the Dexterity with which he lengthen'd and pass'd his Stroaks; with what Address he parry'd those who aim'd at him; with what Judgment he prevented his being enclos'd and taken behind; he was a new Rodomont, who, without discomposing himfelf at all, made thefe fix Champions retreat above a hundred Steps, who faw themselves, at last, constrain'd to yield him the Field of Battle, and to leave him for a Trophy, three Scabbards of their Swords, which he carry'd afterwards in Triumph to the Affeffor, who could not chuse but admire him. This Action made a Noise, because it pass'd near one of the Town-Gates, whither all the People were run. That Day, as we pass'd thro' the Streets. there was nothing but Acclamations and Praise and the least Elogy that was given to Alguaril, was to fay, That he alone had beaten the Flower of the Bullies of Andaluzia. He frent the whole Day in walking about the Town, and I by his Side. with Delign to be feen; and when the Night came. he went by a By-way to an House, where were the fix Out-laws he had fought with; we found 'em all difrob'd, and without Swords, and wonderfully diverting themselves. A great and big Man, who

was the Landlord of the House, had a great Bottle in one Hand, and a Glass in the other, and encourag'd 'em to diink hard; they no fooner perceiv'd my Master, but they went and embrac'd him, with Transports and Cries of Joy I cannot express; ax or feven Healths following, were drank prefently, which my Mafter did very joyfully. If I should relate to thee all the Discourse they had, during Supper-time, which was magnificent; the good Fortune they boafted of Legerdemains every one had: if I should give thee a List of their absent Comrades, whom they call'd by their Names; and recite thee all the Stories they made of an infinite Company of good People they had robb'd or cheated: it would be to throw myfelf into a Labrinth, I should have trouble enough to come out of: It was not difficult to me to discover, that the Landlord of the House, who caus'd himself to be call'd Monipody, was a receiver of Thieves, and that the Skirmish, I described to thee, was an Affair concerted. In Effect, the Serjeant pay'd not only for the Scabbards he had gain'd, but all that was fpent. The Supper lasted almost till Day-light, when my Master withdrew; never were so many Embracements feen; and to recompence him for treating em fo well, they told him, there was one Capture to make, in a certain Place, that they shew'd him at the same Time. There was another Out-law, newly arriv'd from Flanders, whom they discover'd for Envy, because he was souter than they; or to fay better, more determin'd. My Alguazil took him, all naked in his Bed, the Night following: and he did well to take his Opportunity; for, if he had been up and arm'd, I faw by his Mien, he

would not have let him take him. This new Action augmented his Reputation he had to be brave; tho's to fay the Truth, he was extreamly a Coward; but he fustain'd his Renown by Virtue of giving Treats and Collations, wherein he fpent all his Gains in the Exercise of his Office; or by the illest Ways I have told thee of. I am fomewhat long, but have Patience; I have another Thing to relate to thee that happen'd. Two Thieves stole at Antequera, a very fine Horse, which they led to Seville: they had a Mind to fell him without Danger, and to compass their Ends, they thought of a pleasant Stratagem; they went to lodge in two different Inns, and the same Day, one of these Thieves prefented a Request to the Justice, wherein he fet forth, That Peter of Lohada owed him four hundred Rials he had lent him, as appear'd by a Promise, fign'd by his own Hand, which he produc'd; the Judge order'd the Promise to be examin'd, to see if it was veritable; and supposing that it was, that the Debtor, who was the Thief, and had the Horse with him, should be executed in his Goods, or in his Person. My Master, and the Proftor his Friend; were employ'd in this Affair, and very diligent they were; they were brought to the Sham Lohada, who own'd, prefently, the Sum he had fign'd in the Writing, and he fetting forth, that he was not in a Condition to fatisfy it yet, they feiz'd upon the Horse. Some Days after, certain Formalities being over, the Horse was expos'd to Sale, and my Master, who fell in Love with him as soon as he faw him, and who, by his Artifices, was the only Chapman, he had him for five hundred Rials, that was well worth fifteen Hundred; the Thieves faid nothing,

nothing, one or the other, because it concern'd them very much to have the Horse fold at any Rate; so one of them receiv'd the Money that was not due to him, the other, an Acquitance he little car'd for; and my Alquazil had the Horse, that was as unlucky to him as the Horse Sajan was to his Masters.

Scip. What, is this Horse Sejan, thou talk'st of? Ber. I will teach thee, in two Words, the Story, which I fee thou knowest nothing of: It was an Horse that belong'd to a Roman Captain, call'd. Sejas; he was, as 'tis faid, of the Race of those Horses that Hercules brought to Argos, after he had fain Diomedes, King of Thrace, by a certain Fatality, not to be attributed but to this Horse; all those that posses'd him had an unhappy Death: Sejas was condemn'd to the cruel'st Punishment; and the Conful, Dolobella, who had bought him for two thousand three hundred and thirty Crowns, kill'd himself, being besieg'd in Laodicea; Cassius, who had befieg'd this Town, and after him Anthony, poffes'd him, and both kill'd themselves. To reassume the Thread of my Discourse, the Thieves quitted the Town; and a few Days after, my Mafler going to take the Air upon his Horfe, with all new Furniture, and stopping at the Market Place of St. Francis, he made him make a thoufand Curvets, before a World of People, that flood about him; no Man was ever better pleas'd; but in the Time that every one applauded him, and he applauding himfelf; in the Time, they told him, that his Horse was as well worth an hundred and fity Ducats, as an Egg half a Farthing, there appear'd two Gentlemen, whereof one began to fay, coming near him, As I am a living Man, here's

here's my Horse Iron-Foot: four Servants on Foot. that followed them faid the fame Thing, with a thousand Cries of Joy they gave. Our Gentleman was much discontented at those Shouts, he went about to reason the Case; but they were lowder than he; in a Word, the Gentleman prov'd it so well, that the Horse was his, that he had a Sentence in Form, and his Iron-Foot was restor'd him. The Roguery was then discovered, and every body was overjoy'd at the Mortification of the Serjeant. His Misfortune did not flop there; the fame Affessor. from whom he had taken the Sword-Scabbards, going out that Night with the Watch, upon Notice there were Thieves in one of the Suburbs, in croffing the Street, perceiv'd a Man that fled; they went to him, and 'twas my Master. The Assessor, who faw and knew me, taking me prefently by the Collar, bid me run after the Thief. As I was provok'd at my Mafter's Wickedness, I did not flav to be bid twice; I leap'd upon him with fuch a Force that I threw him upon the Ground, and if they had not taken me off I had tore him to Pieces without Mercy; the Notaries made me let go my Prize, and had crippled me with Blows of Sticks if the Affeffor had not prevented cm; crying out, that no body should touch me; that what I had done was to obey him. I know not what happen'd in this Affair, for, I got out at a Hole of the Town-Wall the same Night, for fear of some bad Accident, and before Day, I was got as far as Marrenez: that's a Place four Leagues from Seville; as my good Fortune would have it, I found there a Company of Soldiers, wherein were four Out-laws, Friends of my Mafter, whereof the Drummer was one; all four knew me, and made much of me; but he that carefs'd me most was the Drummer, who had been a Notary, and who knew me for this Reason, a little more familiarly than the rest; and 'twas to him too that I went to the most, and not knowing where to hide my Head, I resolv'd to follow him, whether he went into Italy or Flanders; for, after all, what the Proverb says, He that goes a Fool to Rome, returns a Fool, I comprehend very well; and 'tis nothing so to travel, one improves, one becomes hardy, and one learns abundance of Things one should have been ignorant of all one's Life, if all ones Life one had kept in the Chimney Corner.

Scip. What thou fay's is so veritable, that I remember to have heard a Master that I had fay, and who was a witty Man, and very able, That the Name of Prudent was given to the samous U-lysses, because he had travel'd many Countries, and convers'd with many different Nations; even so I commend the Resolution thou hast taken, to sollow this Drummer, if it were to the End of the

World.

Ber. This Drummer was a great Juggler, and as he knew a little what I could do, he thought he could make fomething of me, to cheat People in the Way we were going to take; he taught me to Dance, and to do a thousand Apish Tricks, that, perhaps, another could never have learn'd; we made very short Journeys, there was no Commissary to hasten us; the Officers were young Men; the Serjeants were brave Fellows; and as the Company was full of Vagabonds, they committed a thousand Insolencies in the Villages thro' which we pass'd.

Twas then that I knew that War is a veritable Scourge; and I deplore the Unhappiness of good Princes, that are obliged to keep an Army on Foot to defend their Countries against the Invasion of a powerful Neighbour, or an ambitious one; for this Army, for the most part of the Time, do a great deal more Mischief to their Subjects than their Armies. To return to my Subject: I knew in less than fifteen Days how to make a thousand little Leaps that furpriz'd; I made so well, and to the Purpose, that I jump'd up in the Air with so much Agility, they would have taken me for a Courser of Naples: I made the Manage as a Fenet of Spain; I did, in a Word, all that they shew'd me. My Master, who call'd me the wife Dog, was no sooner come into the Quarter where we were to pass the Night, but he walk'd out, beating his Drum in all the Streets, to advertise, that at a certain Hour, in fuch a House, and for so many Half-pence, according as the Place was, small or great, might be seen Tricks I could do, which he gave an Account of: they all run in Crowds thither, and every one return'd pleas'd, and admiring; my Master Triumph'd upon that, and maintain'd, with his Gains, fix of his Comrades like Kings. As 'tis easy to add to Things that are invented; my Master seeing how perfectly well I imitated the Courser of Naples. had a little Saddle and Buidle made for me; he caus'd to be made at the same Time, the Figure of a Man, that had a Lance in his Hand: he mounted the little Gentleman upon me, as if I had been a little Horse, and having us'd me to run strait at a Ring, that he put between two Sticks, it happen'd, that in a little Time I could · § 2 run run very prettily at the Ring; I learn'd this new Horsemanship when we came to Montilla, a Town that belong'd to the famous Marquis of Priego. chief of the House of Aguilar; my Master was lodg'd in the Hospital, because he was willing to have it fo, and having made his ordinary Proclamations, as they had heard talk of me in this Town, all the Court of the Hospital was fill'd with People in less than an Hour: my Master was never more pleas'd, and he had Reason so to be, the Profit of that Evening must needs be very considerable: the Beginning of the Play was commonly made by fome Leaps, very different, that he made me make in a Circle; he had a Wand in his Hand, when he lower'd his Stick I leap'd; 'twas our Signal; when he held it up I stir'd not at all; the first Words that he said to me that Day (a memorable Day for me, if ever I had any) were these; Now my Friend, Gavillan, leap for this old Man, that thou knowest very well, that blackens his Beard every Morning to feem young; or if thou lovest it better, for this Marchioness, newly marry'd, who talks of nothing but her Quality, and that have been a Chamber-maid all her Life, when her Husband espous'd her. I remain'd as immoveable as a Stone. I fee clearly (faid he further) that these Persons please thee not; leap then for the Batchelor Passillas, who fays he is a Liceniat, without having taken any Degree. I was then yet more immoveable. What's the Matter then? (said he, again) How is it thou dost leap at all? I understand thee, Leap then for the Wine of Esquivias as famous as that of St. Martin, and of Rivadavia. Then he lower'd his Stick, and I leap'd. Well then (he faid prefently, turning

ing to the Assembly) is this Mockery to your Mind. that this Dog has done? I have taught him abundance of Tricks, whereof the least would deferve a Journey of thirty Leagues to fee it; he can dance the Saraband, and the Chacona, better than those that invented them; he can vault, run the Ring, and tune a Note like a Sexton: he can do a thousand other Things, no less surprising than those you see: you shall see, during the Stay our Company makes here, and you shall even fee it presently. After this Discourse, he said to me. stroaking me: Gavillan, my Son, do again the fame Leaps thou hast made already, and which have been admir'd by this venerable Company; but upon Condition it shall be for the Love of an old Witch. they fay, that is in this Hospital. My Master had hardly made an End of pronouncing these Words, but the Hospitalier, who was an old Woman, of above feventy five Years old, rais'd her Voice at him, faying; Unhappy Juggler, and Enchanter, there's no Witch in this House; if thou fay'ft it for Camacha, the has already expiated her Sin; the is where it pleases God the shall be; if thou fay'ft it of me I am none, nor never was, in all my Life; and if I have had the Misfortue to be suspected. I may owe it to false Witnesses and Judges, too credulous, all the World knows; the Life that I now lead, and the Pennance I make, not for my Sorceries, for I never did any, but of many other Sins, that I have committed; for I am willing to confess plainly, that I am a poor Sinner: fo miserable Juggler (she said further) get out of this Hospital, where thou are not worthy to come in. At the same Time, she set up such Cries, and faid

faid to many injurious Things to my Mafter: the Buftle was fo great, that he was not fuffer'd to finish the Sport. My Master was the less troubled. because he had already received the Money; he left the rest to the next Day, having assign'd the Place to another Hospital. The People went away very angry with the old Woman; but there was no other Remedy; we lay, however, that Night, in the House; and the old Woman, who was not disturb'd. (as thou wilt fee, by the Confequence) meeting me alone in an Alley, faid to me, smiling : Art thou, Montiel, my Son? Art thou, peradventure, Montiel? I held up my Head at these Words, and look'd fledily on her; which she no sooner perceiv'd, but she came to me with Tears in her Eyes, leap'd on my Neck, and embrac'd me in the most loving Manner in the World. I comprehended nothing by all this; that which I have to tell thee further, my dear Scipio, I should have told thee presently; thou should'st not be surpriz'd, tho' to fee that we have the Use of Speech. Hearken, Montiel, my Child (faid the old Woman to me) follow me, I may shew thee my Chamber, and come to me to Night, all alone, I will leave the Door open, and I will teach thee Things it concerns thee to know. I bow'd my Head, in Sign of Obedience; which confirm'd her I was the Montiel she look'd for, as the told me afterwards. I waited for Night very impatiently, to know what she had to fay to me : and as I suspected her to be a Witch, I expeeled great Things: Night came, and I found I was all alone with her in the Chamber, that was very narrow, and very low, and lightn'd with a little Lamp; the old Woman put it out as foon

as I appear'd, and fate upon a little Coffer; after that, taking me nearer, she began, to embrace me again, without faying one Word: I hop'd for this Favour from Heaven (the faid again) before the first Sleep had clos'd my Eyes, I should see thee again, my Son; and fince I have had this Joy, let Death come when it will, 'twill not trouble me to die; thou must know my Son (she said again) there liv'd in this Town, not long agone, the most famous Sorcerefs that was in the World, they call'd her Camacha, of Montilla : the was to able in her Art, that the Circes, and the Medeas Histories speak so much of, could never come near her; she congeal'd Clouds when the pleas'd; the darken'd the Sun; and, when the Fancy took her, the made the Sky ferene, when it was most obscure, and cover'd with the blackest Clouds; she transported Men in an Instant, into the farthest Countries; she had a thousand little good Remedies for Maids and young Widows, who had Gallantries, made to be feen in a Bason full of Water, or in a Looking-Glass, the Persons they desird to see, tho' they were dead or living, 'twas one of the least Things she could do; she had the Name of converting Men into Beafts, and be ferv'd fix Years by a Sexton, in Form of an Ass: I own that is difficult to comprehend: and 'tis for this Reason that many People believe, that what is faid of ancient Magicians, that made such Metamorphoses, ought not to be taken for granted. They fay, that as these famous Witches were very handsome, but not very chast, they had the Force to make Men loofe their Wit, and make Bruits of themselves, in some Sort, in making themselves Slaves to Pleasure. All this is

fair and good, I agree; but Experience makes the Contrary appear in thee; for, certain it is, that thou art a Man, tho' thou appearest now under the Form of a Dog. All that can be faid is, that perhaps, these Tranformations are only Appearances. Be it as it will, as they cannot be but the Effect of the most subtle Magic, I will tell thee to my great Regret, 'tis an Art that we never knew; thy Mother and I, altho' the celebrated Camacha bred us up, not for want of Wit, I affure thee; for we want it not; but because she would never suffer us to be as long as the, to have always fome Advantage, and fome Superiority over us. Thy Mother, my Child, was call'd, the Montielle, and the was the most famous, next to Camacha. I dare even to fav, that by Report, of the Courage she had, to make a Legion of Spirits enter into a Circle, and enclose herself with them, she carry'd it, perhaps above her Mistress. For me, I call myself the Cagnicarez: I was always less hardy than she; I contented myself to conjure the middle Region of the Air; the only Thing that I outdid my Mother and Camacha was, in the Preparation of Unquents, wherewith we anoint ourselves; but they are Things it fignifies little to know. I will tell thee then, my Child, to come by little and little, to what thou must know; I will tell thee, that as I fee, a long Time fince, my Life flies away, I have entirely abandon'd the Trade of a Witchgician; but I could not abandon the Trade of a Sorceress, that has Charms much more puissant; thy Mother did the same; the retir'd from many Vices; the did a great many good Deeds; in the mean Time, the died a Sorcerefs, the poor Woman died with Grief; and in relating

relating to thee her Adventure, I shall teach thee. at the same Time, a History, that will let thee see how little Account may be made of the Amities of this World; thy Mother was with Child, she nam'd Camacha for her Gossip; Camacha also ferv'd her for a Midwife; thy Mother, in fine, lay in of two Boys, and this unhappy Woman that receiv'd em, let her fee, shewing them to her, that she lay in of two little Dogs: I was prefent at this unhappy and fad Spectacle. 'Tis a Misfortune, and a Misfortune of the greatest that can happen to a Woman (Camacha began to fay) but Sifter Montielle (she faid further, at the fame Time) I am thy Friend. we will hide the Labour. I was no less surpriz'd than thy Mother; I endeavour'd to comfort her the best that was possible, without knowing, however, the one or the other: It we may believe our own Eyes, Camacha withdrew, and carry'd away the little Dogs, without informing us what became of em: for who could imagine she could have any Interest in it : Camacha dy'd at last ; but before she died, the fent to call thy Mother, and then own'd to her flie had metamorphos'd these Children into Dogs, for a certain Prejudice she had conceiv'd against her. I do not discover this (said Camacha) to redouble thy Grief; 'tis my Mother; Montielle, to shew thee Enchantments last not for ever, thy two Sons, in fine, shall reassume their first Form; but it shall not be till then, that by a puissint Hand, the Proud shall be abash'd, and the Humble shall be rais'd. Thy Mother writ this Prophecy; and for me, I engrav'd it in my Memory, to impart it to you, when Occasion serv'd; the Thing was very difficil; but I know now, all comes in the Time 'tis svaited.

waited for; the only Thing I could do, was to call by thy Mother's Name, all the Dogs that I faw: this Expedient succeeded; and, I comprehended, as foon as I faw thee, when thou held'ft up thy Head to behold me, that thou wert one of the unhappy Children of Montielle: I take great Pleafure, my Child, to teach thee the History of thy Birth, fince, at the fame Time, I give thee Hopes of reassuming thy veritable Form: I should be glad it were as easy to reassume it, as it was to the Ass of Apuleius, who eat nothing but Rofes; but thou wilt have more Difficulty to furmount, if thou. givest Attention to the Prophecy; for, in fine, that depends on the Actions of another, and in no wife on thy own Diligence; that which thou haft to do in this Rencounter, is to recommend thyfelf to God in thine Heart, and hope this Prediction will be accomplish'd; Yes; it will, I am certain of it; and that which moderates the Joy, I take in it is, that I am too near my End to fee it : I would, as to the rest, I would (faid she further) alk more than once, of our Master, in what Time, precisely, I should be a Prey to Death; for, perhaps, I may not die fo foon as I imagine; but after I had confider'd it well, I thought it a Thing very inutil. These Answers are always ambiguous; and if they fay one Truth, 'tis invelop'd in a thousand Lies. To tell thee what I believe, the Devil, as able as they make him, knows nothing of what is to come, but by Conjecture; in the mean Time, he enchants fo flrongly, those that give themselves to him, that whatfoever Trumperies he makes, they cannot abandon him; we even go fometimes very far to feek him; we affemble about him in great Num-

bers in the open Country, and there he shews us such horrible Things, that I am afnam'd to relate 'em; fome believe 'tis only in a Dream that we are prefent at these Nocturnal Assemblies, that are commonly call'd the Sabat; others maintain, that we are really there in Person; and I believe these two Opinions are certain; the Devil transports us sometimes; and very often he does nothing but fill our Imaginations with a thousand Fantoms, which we take for Realities. The Inquisitor, who have often in their Hands Sorcerers or Sorcereffes, and thereof have great Experiences, are almost all of this Opinion; but that which I could never discern, the Thing itself so difficil; be that as it will, I confess, that we commit abominable Sins; for, I know very well, that God is offended, as well by evil Thoughts, as by evil Actions; I have Horror of the Condition I am in, and I should be glad to come out of it: 'tis for that Reason that I am in this Hospital, where I serve the Poor and Sick: but my Endeavours hitherto have been impuissant; I pray to God 'tis true, but 'tis always in Publick, and to be feen; I never pray in Private; and by the Motions that proceed from my Heart, however, tis better I were an Hypocrite than an open Sinner; for I hurt only myfelf. To talk again of thy Mother; three Days before she died, we were together in a great Valley of the Pyrenean Mountains; the declared to me, the would never forgive Camacha; and the died in that Condition, whatfeever I could represent to her thereupon.

I can well comprehend, my poor Scipio, thou art amaz'd, to hear all these Things; so many Words this unhappy Woman pronounc'd, speaking of this

Montielle, that she would persuade me she was my Mother: fo many Words that came out of her Mouth were fo many bloody Stroaks that pierc'd thro' my Heart ; it wanted but little I had tore her to Pieces; and if I did it not, 'twas because that effectively I perceiv'd, the had a Kindness for me; and that I made Reflection, that God might, in Time, give her the Grace to repent; it was not to be at that Moment that God would do this great Miracle. She told me, the was refolv'd to go the same Night to Sabat; that she would inform herself of her Master what my Destiny would be; and that the went to join them for this Etfeet. If I could have fpoke, I would kave afk'd her, I affore thee, what were thefe Ointments she made use of; for I had a great defire to know; it feems, the had fome Prefentiment of what I defind. These Oointments (she began to say) are compounded of the Juice of many Plants, extreamly cold; tis not the Blood of Children that we slifle, as the Vulgar believes. Would'ft thou know, perhaps, what Pleafure, or what Profit, the Devil can have to oblige us to kill Innocents, who being baptis'd, and never having done yet Good or Evil, go frait to Heaven? For, in short, 'tis a Punishment to him, when he is convinc'd, a Soul goes to Paradife: I have nothing to answer thee, but only, that he does it under two Views; the first, to de it to those that gave 'em Birth', and make 'em murmur against God; the second, to accustom ourfelves to Cruelty and Barbarity. I will tell thee, in the mean Time, Montiel, that God permits thefe horrible Murders to be committed by us for the Sins of Men; for without his Permission, the Devil

vil cannot crush a Worm, or an Ant. This is fo veritable, that, one Day, defiring him myfelf, to defroy a Vineyard of one of my Enemies, he told me, very well, he could not touch fo much as one Leaf, because God would not have it so. By which, thou may'ft know, when thou art a Man, that all the Misfortunes that happen to Men, suddain Death, Shipwrecks, Contagions, Evils, the Fall of Empires, all caus'd by the Permission of God, all-puisfant. The only Thing that comes from Man, is Sin; far from God his being the Author; he Sovereignly detests it. Thou wilt be furpriz'd (continued the old Woman) that knowing all thefe Things I repent not. I own, thou ought'st to be: and that which redoubles thy Surprize is, that I am perswaded, moreover, that God is more ready to pardon Sins, than to permit 'em; but know, my dear Montiel, that 'tis very difficil to repent, after one is in an Habitude of Evil; more especially, when the Evil, whereof one is become a Slave. confifts in Pleafures, fenfual and carnal; the Soul is no longer Mistress of the Body, from the Time this Habitude is form'd; the Flesh entices as it pleases; and 'tis for this Reason, that of all Sins, Voluptuoufness is the most fatal: 'tis for this Reafon the Devil chufes it, to attract us to himfelf. and divert us in it, that we may not escape him. After these Words (and many others I will pass in Silence) Cagnicarez arofe, took her Lamp, and went into another Chamber, much less than that where we were; I follow'd her, combated with a thousand Thoughts, very different, and all full of what I had heard, and that I hop'd to fee; fhe fasten'd the Lamp to the Wall, threw off her Coif. flip'd

firip'd to her Smock, and taking a Glass, that was in a Corner, she put her Hand in and anointed her Feet, and thence up to her Head, muttering between her Teeth certain Words, I understand not; but which seem'd horrible. During the Time she anointed herself, she said to me, That whether her Body remain'd senseless in the Chamber, or if she disappear'd, I should not be assaid, and that I should wait till the Morning, because I should learn News, what would happen to me, before I should become a Man; I promis'd her to do it, bowing my Head; she made an End of anointing, and stretching herself, at the same Time, upon the Ground, she was immoveable, and, as it were, dead.

I must own to thee, Scipio, I was in great Fear, to fee myfelf thut up in this little Chamber with this Figure, that was fomething frightful; the was a long Woman, above feven Foot, all her Body was but a Skeleton, cover'd with a Skin black and yellow; her Eyes started out of her Head; she had her Teeth close; I never in my Life ever faw any Thing more deform'd, nor more hideous: I would have bit her, prefently, to know if the had any Sense; but I saw nothing of her Body but what gave me Florror, fo that I durft not touch her; but taking Courage, a little, I took her by one Side, and dragg'd her by little and little, to the Court: the was entirely infentible; feeing myfelf abroad, and looking up to the Sky, I was lefs frighten'd than I was before; I had, in a Word, the Courage to wait for Day, to fee where this terrible Scene would terminate; I made, in the mean Time, a thousand Reflections, and upon the deplorable

plorable Condition of this miferable Woman, and upon fo many Things, good and bad, she had faid. Day broke at last, that found us both in the Middle of the Court, she firetch'd upon the Ground, and without Motion, and I near to her, looking at her without loofing Sight of her one Moment: the People of the Hospital run to this Spectacle, fome began to fay, Alas! the bleffed Cagnicares is dead then; fee how Penitence has disfigur'd her; others felt her Pulse, and seeing that she breath'd, thought the was wrapt up in an Extafy: there were those who came to the Point, and cry'd out, the was a Sorcerefs, that the was anointed to go to Sabat: for certainly, faid they, the Saints are never transported with such Ravings; would God permit they should be feen in a Posture so indecent, and fo much offends Modefty? There were fome that fluck Pins in her Flesh; but all was not capable of waking her; and she did not begin to move till towards feven o'Clock in the Morning ! and to feel the Pricks and my Bitings, the was much furpriz'd and confounded (as thou may'ft believe) and that she doubted not but it was I that had dragg'd her to this Place; she leap'd upon me like a Fury, and taking me about the Neck with her Hands, she wanted but little of frangling me; telling me, I was a Rascal, and ungrateful, and that she would be reveng'd of my Baseness and horrible Ingratitude. I, who faw myfelf in Danger of perishing, between the Claws of this Megara, I made an Attempt to disengage myself, and taking her, at the same Time, by the long Skin that hung at her Body, I put her, at least, in as great Fear as the had put me. Cagnicarez, who faw

herfelf in bad Hands, cry'd out for Help, faying; Deliver me from the Teeth of the Evil Spirit. Most of 'em thought, effectively, I was one of those Devils that delight in tormenting the Saints; some run for Holy Water; others made a thousand Signs of the Crofs, without daring to feize me; and some cry'd out to have me exorciz'd; never was so much Terror feen, nor fo much Diforder; the Woman always fent forth hideous Cries, and grinded her Teeth. My Master, who run at the Noise, was in Despair, when he came to think I was a Spirit, come out of Hell; others laugh'd at Exorcizms, had Recourse to three or four Cudgels, wherewith they exorciz'd me, in a Manner very difagreeable; the Play displeas'd me; for these People laid on fo hard, that I let go my Hold; I fled at two Leaps into the Street, and gain'd Ground, follow'd by abundance of Children, who cry'd, I was mad, and that I was a Devil, in the Shape of a Dog. That which confirm'd most of the Inhabitants in this Town in this last Thought, that I got with that Swiftness out of the Hands of those that purfued me, that they thought I vanish'd, and of Necessity I must be a Spirit. They were not all in the Wrong; I made more than twelve Leagues in less than fix Hours, and I came to the Frontiers of Granada, where I found a Company of Gyplies: there I refresh'd myself a little, because there were some of those Gyphes that knew me, and joyfully receiv'd me, and that hid me in a Corner, for fear I should run away, and to undress in Sight of those that might seek me. I stay'd twenty Days with them; and, during that Time, I learn'd a great many of their Customs, which are very fingular, as then may'ft know. Scrp.

THE TOP OF MANAGEN.

Scip. I would willingly know them; but before thou speakest, I will tell thee, that the Story of Montielle mortifies me.

Ber. It mortifies me too; and I declare to thee, I renounce this Woman for my Mother, if it be

that she gave us Birth.

Scip. Let us talk no more then, I entreat thee; I will hearken more willingly to what thou can'ft tell me of the Gypsies, than at the Reflections thou can'ft make to comfort me, and to comfort thyself,

of fo unworthy an Original.

Ber. Thou knowest the great Number of Gypfies there are in Spain; the Number of 'em is incredible; they are dispers'd thro' all the Kingdom : in the mean Time, they know one another; they traffick together, and their Commerce confifts in the Truck of Things they have stolen; so that those, to whom they belong, are in Impuissance to reclaim them, because they are transported, and fold in Places extreamly distant from those where the Theft was made; they have a Chief, to whom they render more Obedience than to a King; they treat him as Earl, and give him the Name of an illustrious Family; not that he descends from this Family, that is of the most ancient of Estremadura; but because the Page of a Gentleman that bore this Name was the first of these pretended Earls. This Page fell in Love with a Pemale Cypsie, that was an admirable Beauty; the Gypfie would never anfwer his Love, but on Condition he would marry her; the Page did it and became so agreeable to the other Gypsies, that they chose him to govern them, and fwore. Obedience to him. Those that have fucceeded to this first Chief, are call'd by the fame

fame Name, and bear the fame Title; they give him the same Oaths; and the Gypsies, in what Place foever they are, fend him, in Token of Homage, whatfoever is most rich, and the most Magnific amongst their Thests, they have made. As for the She-Gyplies, they are all Midwives, for they lie in all alone, ordinarily, and wash their Children, as foon as they are born, in cold Water: they accustom them, afterwards, to suffer Hardship, and the Injuries of the Air. So thou fee'ft that all Gypfies are robust Runners and Leapers, capable of supporting all forts of Incommodities. All their Ability extends no further than to know how to Steal, and to know how to difrobe cleverly; 'tis for that, the Moment they are together, they talk of nothing but Tricks they have done, that the rest may improve by their Craft. I will impart to thee one of their Diversions, founded on a Cheat, pleafant enough, that one of them, one Day, put on a Countryman; the Gypsie had an Ass without a Tail, but he found a Way to put on one, that feem'd natural, he took this Ass to a Market, and fold him to this Countryman: the Gyphe had no fooner receiv'd the Money, but he faid to the Countryman, that he had another Ass, very like that he had fold him, and also younger and more vigorous, and that he should have a better Pennyworth than the other, by two Ducats. The Countryman answer'd him, he should go fetch him, that they should not differ; and that, in the mean Time, he would take to his House that which he had bought; he went, the Gyplie follow'd him a great Way off, and found Means to fleal from him that he had fold him; the first Thing he did, was to take a-

People

way the Sham-Tail, and change his Stall; after which, without looking Time, he went to call the Countryman; he found him, before he was aware of the Theft, so he bought twice the same Ass; as foon as the Bargain was made, he ret urn'd Home with the Gyplie, to pay him his Money, and he was much furpriz'd (as thou may'ft imagine) to fee that his Ass was stole away; he suspected presently twas the Gypsie that had play'd him this Trick; and he told him roundly, he would pay him nothing, fince he had fold him the same Ass that he had stole: but the Gypsie having prov'd, by good Witnesses, and a Bailiff of the Court, that the first As that he had fold him had a Tail, and so it could not be the fame, fince the last had none, fo the Countryman was condemn'd. I could give thee a thoufand other Stories of this Nature: but this shall fuffice, to let thee fee what is the Charaster of these People.

I was with them twenty Days, as I have told thee; but as I did not like this Way of living, I left them at Granada, without faying any Thing, and went into a Moor's Garden the fame Day, that feem'd a Pleafure to me to retire into; I staid near a Month with him, and I can fay, I never made worse Chear; this Moor, the same with all the rest of 'em, was avaricious, not to be express'd; he was rich, because most of the Moors are so; but he took little Care to make use of his Money; he fell Sick, and liv'd only upon Trisses. Judge you if I could live well; however, I was content, because the Life I led was Tranquility; and that I had no Design to grow old in his Company; his Garden was a pleasant Place, where all forts of

People had Leave to walk; fome even walk'd at all Hours: and I took Notice there was one who came regularly every Morning, before the Sun was up, and that he posted himself under an Arbour, very thick, where some Chairs had been placed: 'twas a young Man, whom I took for a Scholar, for his Habit was Frize, that formerly was black, and the Thread appear'd fo plain, it would make Thieves run away; I never faw Motions like his; he gave from Time to Time, great Stroaks to his Forehead, with his Hand, flamp'd with his Feet, fcratch'd his Head, bit his Mails, bow'd his Head to the Ground, and then, on a fuddain, rais'd it up to the Sky; fometimes he fell into Distraction, so profound, that he mov'd neither Hand nor Foot, not fo much as his Eye lids; and one would have faid, he rav'd in an Extafy: I came once near him without perceiving me, I heard him mutter fome Words between his Teeth, and a Moment after, he came out with a great Cry, faying, Ah! This Bout, I may fay, I never made a better Stanza in all my Life; prefently taking a Book, he had laid upon one of the Chairs, with an Ink-horn, he writ fome Lines : I perceiv'd then two. Things; the first, that he was a Poet, and the fecond, that he was pleas'd with the Verses he brought forth.

Whilst these Things were a doing, I saw come in another young Man, handsom, and well dres'd, who gave himself Airs, and who read a Paper every now and then, ruminating on what he had read; as one learns any Thing by Heart; he went strait to the Arbour, and addressing himself to the Poet, Very good (he began to say) Have you finish'd your first Act? The Poet answer'd, and in the hap-

piest

piest Manner in the World. May I know how? (reply'd the young Man, just come in.) Here 'tis. (faid the Poet, fmiling) The Pope, in whose Mouth I put admirable Verles, will appear habited pontifically, in Company of twelve Cardinals in Habits of Violet You are furpriz'd (faid he again) at the Colour of the Habits of their Eminencies; but at the Time the Action I represent pass'd, 'twas in Crimfon ones, when Cardinals never wear Red: this Contrivance will do me more Honour than you are aware of; for the Audience will fee, that I know not only how to verfity, but that I have read the Roman Ceremonial. That's not amiss (reply'd the young Man) but how would you have it (faid he again) that the Actors, who are to act your Piece, should get twelve Violet Habits for twelve Cardinals? They may take 'em where they please (reply'd the Poet) that's not my Bufiness: but I know there will want fo many, tho' one fetch'd 'em from Rome. Should one, to comply with the Avarice of Comedians, be depriv'd of a Spectacle the most pompous, and the most charming that ever was? for, in short, can one imagin any thing greater, or any thing more worthy of a Dramatic Poem, than to make appear in a Scene a Sovereign Pontiff, and twelve Cordinals, with their Ministers and Footmen? I faw then, that the young Man was a Comedian; but as he did not like fo many Eminencies, he advis'd him to retrench some of 'emthat he might not make the Representation of the Comedy impracticable; the Poet would not hearken to it, but told him, 'twas very lucky he had not put in the whole Conclave; that he was upon the Point to have done it, to follow the Story, Step

by Step; and that he had not follow'd his first Motion, was by Poetic Licence, that those of the Profession would pardon him in. The Actor be-

gan to laugh and withdrew.

Thou imaginest, without Doubt, that the Poet was angry; not at all; he compos'd some Verses besides, as if nothing had happen'd; after which, he took out of his Pocket some Crums of Bread, and about twenty dry Raisins, that he eat. All that I got by this Meal, was some Crusts he could not eat, they were so hard; the Meal being ended, we went, he and I, to a Fountain, to disalterate our Thirst.

Thou fee'ft by this, my dear Scipio, that a Poet's Trade is not the best in the World, with Regard to the Ease, and the Commodities of Life; their Misery is great, generally speaking; but mine was much more, since I was forc'd to live on that which the Poorest of Poets threw away. What Flux of Reslections, if 'tis lawful for us to make 'em? One is never so unhappy, but one finds some more un-

happy than ones felf.

The Poet, at last, finish'd the Composition of his Comedy; after that Time, he never appear'd more in the Garden; and I went into the Town, to look out a new Master, weary with making Pennance so long; I had not made few Steps in the Street I enter'd, but I perceiv'd my Poet, who came out of the Monastery of St. Jerome, the Moment he saw me, he came to me, I, on my side, run strait to him; he never made me so many Caresses as at that Instant; he took two or three Pieces of Bread out of his Pocket, which he gave me, which I eat with a good Stomach'; I follow'd him

him, and having gone a pretty Way, we came to the Director of a Company of Comedians, to whom the Poet gave one of his Pieces; 'twas the Day they were to make their first Repetition; we went to one of the Comedian's Houses, where was a great deal of Company affembled; the Actors began but the first Act, and 'twas hardly ended, but all the Company disappear'd: the Piece was generally his'd; all the Audience went out, one after another; fo we were left alone, the Director, the Poet and I. I own, I understand but little of Verses: but I was of the Opinion of the Company: I found the Piece abominable; the Comedians were enrag'd; they went to the Poet in a Rage, and if the Prompter had not interrupted, they would have taken and can'd him. I admir'd at the cold Blood of this poor Author. Since my Comedy does not please you (he began to fay) give it me again; People of better Taste will like it well enough; he took it, and withdrew. I durst not follow him; for to tell thee the Truth, I was as much asham'd as he; I staid with the Actors, who omitted nothing to retain me with them, feeing I might be ferviceable to 'em: in effect. I ferv'd 'em fomething in the Intermedes; for I not only amus'd the Ignorant in the Intervals, but I brought to Reason those that would get up upon the Theatre, or infult the Actors. 'Tis true, I every now and then met with hard Blows, and that was it which put me out of Conceit of this Exercise: the most terrible that I receiv'd was in this Town. where I follow'd the Troop; I had to do with a Brute, that gave me fuch a Rap on the Legs, that it wanted but little of leaving me dead on the Place

Place, yet I had neither hurt or bit him : for that Day they had put me on a little Muzzle; I only made Shew to bite him, to make him come off the Stage, where he was got up in fpight of me, and against the Will of my Masters; but he understood not Railery. I bid farwell to the Comedians fome Days after, who, on the other fide, were not the People I wanted; for, there's not a more terrible Life than that which they lead: I was troubled, however, after I had left them; three or four Days pass'd, without knowing where to lay my Head. I faw thee, one Night, with that good Man Mahudez, carrying the Lantern, and I own to thee, that feeing thee in fo Holy an Occupation, I envy'd, prefently, thy Happiness; I went to thee, if thou rememberest it; I went gravely by his Side, I pleas'd the Holy Man, who loft not a Minute to chuse me for thy Companion. and brought me with thee into this Hospital. What happen'd to me in this House, is not so small a Matter, but it requires Time to relate it: but I will confine myfelf to a Discourse, that pass'd one Day between four fick Men, that were in four different Beds, plac'd near one another. Pardon me, I pray thee, my dear Scipio, what I have to fay will please thee, and I will be short.

Scip. I pardon thee, but be fhort the, as thou hast promis'd; for, I perceive the Day is approach-

ing

Ber. In one of these four Beds, that are at the End of the Infirmary, there was a Chymist; in the second, a Poet; in the next, a Mathematician; and, in the last, a News-monger.

Scip. I remember to have feen 'em.

Ber. The first of the Patients that spoke was the Poet. I was under one of the Beds to take the Air, for it began to be hot, so I heard all the Dialogue. I never heard fuch lively Complaints, nor accompanied with fo many Sighs, and fo many Exclamations. Whence comes it (faid the Mathematician to him) that you complain fo bitterly? I complain of Fortune (reply'd the Poet) they have Reason to say she is blind; she is certainly with respect to me; those that say, that those who have Merit are Masters, are deceiv'd; Fortune reigns over all; and if fometimes the renders Things charming the most obscure, she renders also, very often, obscure Things the most charming, I have had fad Experience. Who would not complain? Who would not groan at a Destiny like mine, you shall judge? I have observ'd, with the utmost Exactitude, all that Herace prescribes in his Poetic Art. This able Master gives for a Rule to all the Children of Parnassus, to all the Babes of Phabus, never to bring to Light a Work in fix Years after 'tis finish'd. I have done more; I have compos'd one, wherein I have labour'd these twenty Years; the Subject is great, the Invention new, the Episodes are admirable, all the Verses incomparable and marvellous; tis an Heroic Poem, that forpaffes all those we have hitherto scen: 'tis a Master-piece, that obscures the Iliads and the Ansids, and yet O Times! O Manners! I could never yet find a Prince to dedicate it to; I mean, a Prince, a Friend to the Muses, able and liberal both together; for that's it we look after. I understand you, (faid the Chymist then.) But tell me, I pray, what is the Subject of this fine Poem, 'Tis (reply'd the Poet) a long

a long and ample Supplement to the Life of King Arthur, compos'd by Archbishop Turpin; there are antedate Additions, that illustrate the Life of this great Prince, who reign'd in Great Britain; and all the Adventures he had with the Witch of the Isle of Avalon, whither he was carry'd, after the Battle with the Sons of Lothus, King of the Pists, wherein he was dangerously wounded. You comprehend very well, that befides the Util contain'd in this Piece, you cannot fail to meet with the Delectable, which is the double End a Writer ought to propose. I could have continued the Story in Profe, but I love rather to make it in the Language of the Gods. Profe is cold and infipid; in a Word, improper to relate marvellous Accidents: Besides, Posey is sublime, that can take Freedoms that were ridiculous in an Orator; in a Word, it belongs only to Pofey to fay Things nobly. I understand nothing of this way of writing (reply'd the Chymist) and so I am no Judge of the Misfortune you complain of; however, I believe it to be great; for I am not follicitous to give Credit to your other Poets, that you are, for the most Part, visionary; but what I have to fay to you (faid he again, giving a great Sigh) that if any one has Right to complain of Fortune, that if any one has Reason to say, that there is no liberal Prince in the World, and understands his true Interest, 'tis I alone: I could be as rich as Crasus, and make Gold and Silver as common as Stones, as Solomon did in Time past, who had not the Secret that I have; and, yet I am as poor, I will not fay as you, that are a Poet of the first Rank, but the most miserable Ballad-maker. Of nothing, comes nothing :

nothing; 'tis one of the first Chymical Principals to make Gold. Gold must be had, and when one wanted only Furnaces and Instruments, that no body fees but he that works at the great Work. is obliged to be at the Charge of it: Now, hitherto, I never found either Potentate or Private Man, who would Rifque a very moderate Sum to get Millions. Did you ever make any Tryal (faid the Mathematician then) to change other Metals into Gold? I never did yet; but I know that it may be done; that 'tis not a Chymera, tho' the Ignorant fay it: I know there is a Powder of Proje-Stion, that thrown upon some Quantity of Metal imperfect, as Lead or Copper, changes it, at the same Time, into one more perfect, as Gold or Silver: I know, in a Word, that I could in less than two Months, find out the Phylosopher's Stone, with which one may turn the very Stones into Gold and Silver. You have fufficiently exaggerated your Miffortunes (faid the Mathematician, interruping him) One has a Book to dedicate, and finds no Mecawas; another could arrive at the highest Transmutation Chymistry can aspire to, but finds no body that has the Faith to hazard the Charge of the Operation; those are your Missortunes. But what will you fay of mine? 'Tis now two and twenty Years that I have been near finding out the Quadrature of the Circle; that is to fay, the Description of a Quadrant, the Superficies whereof were precisely equal to the Superfices of a Circle: I know not whether you understand me; I thought a thousand Times I had come to't; but in the Time that I began to felicitate and applaud myfelf. I am further off than the first Day I began my E-X 2 lements

lements of Geometry. This puts me in mind of the Inacceffibilities Travellers think to touch, but come not at 'em. Thus my Torment is like that of Tantalus, that died of Hunger amongst Fruit, and of Thirst in the midst of Waters: All that I have to say to you is, that I run after a Fantom; I have spent the best of my Days to think and meditate, and having employ'd my Wit and my Brain in a Search, that I very well see, I was not capable of, I see myself reduc'd to the utmost Indigence: I see now, but too late, that an Art is nothing when one cannot live upon the Exercise of it; and that this Discovery, that certainly is not impossible, should be the Employ of wise Men, to whom Fortune has been lavish of her Goods, or entertain'd

by the great Ones.

The fourth fick Man, that hitherto had kept Silence, broke it at last. I am of your Opinion (he began to fay, addressing to the Mathematician) a Trade that gives not Bread, is the most miserable of all Trades: and I blefs Heaven, that has neither made me Poet, nor Geometrician, nor Chymist. Don't you be angry (he went on, in looking at 'em, one after another) they are three Profeilions that feem to be invented for nothing elfe but to starve those that apply themselves to em; they spent the Flower of their Youth in composing Sonners and Romances; to fearch fix'd Points or Longitudes; another converts his Gold into Coal; that is to fay, they neglect the Essential, that is, to apply ones felf to an Art that may divert him that profeffee it, and at last, he sees himself old and poor, both together, and without wherewithal to Iwallow, like the Stork in the Apologue. As for me (faid

(faid he) I have a better Trade than yours; I shall own, however, that I am not more happy: I can fay, I am impoverish'd, by what others make their Fortunes; but so 'tis, that there's Happiness and Unhappiness in all Things, and that every one is not well drefs'd, 'tis not the Fault of the Art, nor that of the Workman, that is the Cause that I am in Poverty and Mifery, tis the Influence of my Star, and the Caprice of Fortune, of what you complain: every one in his Turn; and whereof, no body can complain more justly than I. What then is your Art (faid the Chymist) I am an Intelligencer (answer'd the last sick Man) you all know the Trade; there are few more luxurative; witness fo many People, who from nothing, are now to be feen at the Top of the Wheel, for having ruinated the People; yes, I am a News-monger; I am willing to repeat it again; I have given to the Court, at different Times, all to the King's Profit, and not to the Danger of the Kingdom; in the mean Time, I have had the Misfortune never to be heark. en'd to, Thanks to Courtiers, and the Ministers, whom I had never the good Fortune to please; not that my Advices were not good, but that they were too much fo: and these fort of People that take Umbrage, have for a Rule to keep 'at a Distance, those that have more Penetration than themfelves. I have now wherewith to revenge myfelf (he went on, fmiling) I will address no longer to Ministers, I will go to the Fountain, and I have already prepar'd a Project, that I will prefent myfelf to the King, to discover to him the only Means to discharge generally all the Crown-Debts. I am willing to discover to you what it is, perswaded

as I am, that you will not divulge it, and that you will admire my Ingenuity, and the Profundity of by Wit. I will propose to the King, that he will order all his Subjects, from the Age of fourteen, to that of fixty, that they fast one Day in a Week, with Bread and Water, be their Quality what it will, what Day they think fit; and that all the Expence that would be made that Day in Provitions, be reckon'd to his Majesty. By this Means, I'll maintain, that in less than twenty Years, he would not owe an Half-penny. I have calculated at, and the Calculation is not difficil; there are in Spain more than three Millions of Persons, of the Age I have noted; every one of these Persons spends not less than a Rial and half a Day; suppose one Rial, and no more, he cannot spend less if he eat nothing but dry Bread. And don't you find it would not be a fmall Sum, to have three Millions of Rials every Week? and this (he went on) would be more advantagious to his Majefly's Subjects than you are aware of; for at the fame Time that they ferv'd their King, they would render themselves agreeable to God, and advance their Salvation. The Expedient is admirable, as you fee; the Profit is clear for the King, and the People not oppress'd; and the Sum may be levy'd by Parishes, without Occasion of Receivers or Collectors, who are the Pests of an Estate, and the veritable Blood-fuckers. They all laugh'd at this Advice, and at him that gave it. He himself, which was a Thing fingular enough, could not forbear laughing at this mad Thought. For my Part, I was furpriz'd at their Discourse : but I was not at all, to see People of this Character end in an Hospital. Scip.

Scip. Thou art in the Right, Berganca, Haft

thou any more to fay?

Ber. I have but two Words, and then I have done: for, methinks, I fee Day appear: I went one Day with Mahudez to the Governor of this Town, who is a good Gentleman, and an honest Man, after having given us a confiderable Charity, according to his Custom, the Conversation ran upon the Diforders of the most Part of Women, and above all, of these unhappy common Whores, that People this House all the Spring, with an Infinity of Miserables, that suffer horrible Torments; and whereof fome even perish under the Violence of the Remedies they come hither to feek. The Pains they suffer (faid the Governor) are but the Preludes of greater they are to expect after this Life; for, God will punish severely Impurity; in the mean time, 'twere good to remedy fo abominable a Vice. I have often given Way to my Mind, to find an efficacious Remedy for fo great an Evil; but (faid he, mournfully) I believe the Evil incurable, confidering the horrible Corruption of the Age. It was but two or three Days before, I heard an old fick Man discourse upon the same Subject, that was not so embarras'd as the Governor, of the Means to stop Inundations; he found a marvellous one; I was enrag'd I could not mix in the Converfation. as Zeal inflam'd me, without making Reflection, that I had not the Use of Speech, I put myself in a Way to talk; but, instead of articulating my Words, and pronounce what I thought, I began to bark fo Loud, and with fo great Porce, that the Governor, in a Fright, cry'd out to his Domesticks, that they should beat me out of the Hall with a good

good Stick; he thought really I was grown mad; a Lackey, who, unluckily for me, was not deaf came up, and having found a great Piece of Wood, beat me fo rudely, that I feel the Blows yet.

Scip. Did'ft complain, Berganca?

Ber. I made truly pitiful Cries; but that didme no good, the miferable Lackey did nothing but

laugh at my Cries.

Scip. Doff fee, Bergan ca, tho' thy Intention was good, thou hast Wrong done thee now? You should never give good Council to those that ask it not: On the other hand, Mahudez and thou went to the Governor, to complain you were both of you with him as poor Men; and thou may'st be perswaded, that the Councils of poor Men, how good soever they be, are never received: There's more, the Poor should never pretend to council the Great, because the Great believe they know all, since their Flatterers have the Impudence to tell them so.

Ber. Thou art in the Right: I went another Evening to a Lady of great Quality, that held in her Arms a little Bitch : fo little, the might have hid it in her Handkerchief; as foon as this Jewel faw me, the leapt from her Mistress's Arms, run frait to me, barking, and never flopt at all 'till the had bit me by the Leg; I turn'd towards her in a very difdainful Manner; I durst not touch her; tho, contenting to fay to myfelf, If I had you in the Street, little villainous Animal, I should shew you but little Favour, there I would make mince Meat of you with one Stroak of my Teeth: That made me call to mind then, that those that are in Favour, are commonly infolent; tho's very often, they have no more Merit than to have have pleas'd fome Prince, or fome great Man; that is to fay, to those, who commonly raise, not always to great Employments and high Dignities, those who are most worthy; all is known in Courts by Caprice; Virtue has not always the Presence; and thence it comes, without Doubt, that a Favourite is seldom pity'd, when he comes to fall into Disgrace. I could push this Resection surther, the Matter is fair and sertile; but its Time to conclude; for, in short, thou see'st its Day all abroad.

Scip. 'Tis true, let us break then our Discourse 'till the next Night, I will tell thee my Adventures. As soon as the Licentiat had made an End of reading this Discourse, he awak'd Campu cano, who was still asleep. Altho' this Dialogue be feign'd (he began to say) I have taken an extream Pleasure in reading it; I admire the Invention and the Artisice, and am perswaded, that Scipio has not less Wit than Berganca, and that he will tell us Things as util and agreeable. I am willing to satisfy you (answer'd Campu cano, to this Effest) I will endeavour to remit in my Memory the second Discourse of the Dogs of Mahudez, and I will give it you in Writing.





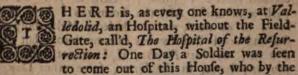
## NOVEL III.

## THE

## Deceitful Marriage.

Dans cette maison tout va mechant, La ou la poule plus baut que le cocq; chant.

Within that House nothing is seen but Woe, Where the Hen lowder than the Cock does crow.



Paleness of his Face, and the Weakness of his Legs,

Legs, oblig'd him to lean upon his Sword, shew'd clearly to all those that cast their Eyes upon him, that altho' the Season was not very hot, he had sweat more than once during the Season; he stagger'd at every Step, like a Man newly recover'd of a great Malady; he could not in a Wind stand upon his Feet, he was so much extenuated and

disabled.

He was hardly come to the Gate of the City. but he faw come towards him a Licentiat, one of his Friends, call'd Peralta, that had not feen him in fix Months, and more; this Friend, who hardly knew him, drawing towards him, began to fav. (with an Exclamation, as if he had feen a Ghoff) What is that which is here, my dear Campu cano? Is it possible that you are in this Country? I thought you had been in Flanders in good Health, and I see you here, pale and disfigur'd, like a Corpfe, Yes: I am here (faid Campu cano to Peralta) and I am here for my Sins: All that I can fay to you is, that I came out of this Hospital. where I have been a very long Time, to cure me of a Malady, that a Woman I marry'd, a few Months fince, took the Pains to communicate to me. You are marry'd then (reply'd Peralta) I am but too much (faid Campu cano) 'Tis from thence has proceeded all my Mifery I have fuffer'd, and do still fusfer: I cannot represent to you (faid he, with a mournful Air) the Torments I have been forc'd to go thro', and the hideous Melancholy my fad and cruel Deftiny has cast me into; but pardon me, my dear Peralto, if I cannot talk with you any longer in the Street, some other Day, I may more commodiously relate you my Adventures,

that are the most fingular, and the strangest you ever heard in your Life. I shall not stay for that (faid the Licentiat) let us go, if you please, to my House, that we may eat a Bit together; I will advertise you before Hand, I will make no Stranger of you, for you are accustom'd to do Pennance: however, we will haften Dinner, a Pye shall be all, with some other little Thing; the best Dish we have is what I shall give you; I shall give it you with a good Will; refuse me not, I befeech you. Campu cano thank'd him, and accepted the Offer. They went to St. Lawrence to fay their Prayers, and from thence to Peralta's House, who treated him as he promis'd, he shew'd a thousand and a thousand Kindnesses; he offer'd him his Purse, and after Dinner, he pray'd him to begin his Story. Campu cano, without much Entreaty, began in thefe Terms:

You do remember, without Doubt, Peralta, that I was an intimate Friend in this Town of Captain Pedro de Herrera, who ferv'd fome Time in Flanders. I remember it (answer'd Peralta.) One Day (Cambu cano went on) as foon as we had din'd in the House we lodg'd in, we saw two Women come in well drefs'd, with two Maids that attended them : one of these Women began to talk with the Captain, leaning both against a Window, and the other fate upon a Chair near me; her Face was fo cover'd, it was impossible for me to see her: I defir'd her instantly to discover herself, but could not obtain the Favour: I own, that inflam'd my Defire; for we never defire any thing fo much as what is forbidden us; 'tis the Fault of all Countries, and all Ages, and is as old as the World: That which

which aremented my Curiofity, was either by Chance or premeditated Defign; the let me fee a very white Hand, that thin'd with beautiful Rings: In those Days I went well drefs'd : I had a Soit that was magnific, a very fine Feather, and this great Chain; you may have feen me wear; I thought myfelf handlom and well thap'd; and, I imagin'd I should make all the Women die for Love; fill'd with a very good Opinion of myself, I press'd her to let me fee her; but my Instances were inutil. Press me no more, for that (fhe told me, with a very honest Tone) I have an House, make one of your Servants follow me, and then make me a Visit: I will do myfelf the Honour to receive you; and when we know one another a little better than we do now, you will see then on your Side, if you can accommodate your felf with me; and I on mine, if your Qualities and your Virtue correspond with your good Mien. I remerciated her for a Grace, to which I durst not pretend; and I made her a thousand Protestations : to which, she answerd in very good Terms, and in the most obliging Mannet in the World. At laft, these Women withdrew, and I made a Setvant follow em. Pearo de Herrera told me, as foon as they were gone, that the Lady with whom he discours'd, came to defire him to convey a Letter to Flanders, to an Officer, a Kinfman of his; but for the other, he knew her not, I foon perceiv'd there was fome Mystery in it; be that as it will, I fell in Love with this Stranger, that came to invite me to her House; the Tone of her Voice, her Expressions, her Behaviour, her Shape, her Hand, it all enchanted me; and I figh'd after the happy Moment to be

permitted to fee her, and to talk with her alone; that Moment was not long in coming; the next Morning I was shew'd to her House, by the Man that follow'd her: I was receiv'd with a thousand Tokens of Affection, and in the Manner I wish'd for: I found an House well furnish'd, and a Woman about thirty Years old, whom I knew not only by her Voice and her Hand, but by her Cloaths, for the was drefs'd in the fame Manner as the was the Day before; the was not extreamly handfom; but enough to make one love her; the talk'd well, and with a good Grace; more Attractions could not be feen; never an handsomer Out-side. She presently ask'd me a thousand Questions, and I had a long Discourse with her; she forgot not to know of me, tho' in an indifcreet Manner, wherein my Estate consisted. I told her a great deal more than I had. I promis'd her Mountains of Gold : I was full of Protestations and Promises: for I would not let any Occasion slip to make myself happy all my Life long. As the was tharper than I took her to be, she let me understand, with a modest Air, that the Language I us'd to her mov'd her not in any wife; and that the advis'd me to address myself to a Person of less Experience than her. All this was nothing but pure Hypocrify. In the mean Time, I was mad in my Mind, to think the acted very fincerely; and that the imagin'd I was too great a Man for her, to dare to aspire to me. I was upon these Terms with her during four Days; her House was always open to me : I found her always alone with her Maids, employ'd in some little Plain-works; and I could not fee, in any of my Visits, any thing to give

me the least Suspicion, with respect to her Conduct: I perceiv'd nothing in her that look'd not like an happy Education; the more I faw her, in a Word, the more I was enchanted with her Perfon, and with the Manner she talk'd and behav'd herfelf with me; but the Affair upon that Foot. agreed not with my Impatience, I must withdraw. I told her, at four Days End I must begon, and tollow your good Council, charming Estefamia (for that was her Name) or I must instantly know, if I have any Room in your Heart; and if I can flatter myself to enjoy it at last. I speak somewhat frankly to you (faid I, asking her Pardon) but 'tis what I am impatient to know, whether I am to be the most happy, or the most unhappy of all Men partular profitate 1908shipm the the old point

The politic Estefania (who was well pleas'd, I affure myfelf, to fee herfelf importun'd) feign'd, however, to be furpriz'd at what I had faid to her ; the began to blush, and seem'd troubl'd a little while, as if the knew not what to answer me; the spoke, however, of a Suddain. Since you would have me explain myfelf (she said to me) I am very willing to do it; and I shall speak to you naturally, as I know you have no Defign to cheat me; neither shall I cheat you, as you may judge, by my Simplicity, and my Freedom: If I should tell you I am a Saint, I should lye (faid she, with a down Look) I have had Gallantries, and have still: but they are Gallantries that never, hitherto, did me any Injury; fo that I may go any where with a bold Face: There's nothing in this World but the Manner of doing Things to get a bad Reputation: As to the rest, Persons of our Sex, are all alike; but some are more prudent than others, there's all the Difference.

After this Prospect I have made you, that you may not blame yourfelf, nor me: I must tell you. I have inherited nothing, from Father nor Mother, nor any Kindred, and yet I have in my House to the Value of three or four thousand Crowns: you shall fee the Furniture is good and well chosen, on which one may borrow to-Night, or to-Morrow; what Money one pleases, without any Need of selling of it. With this little that I have (faid Fstefania) I look for an Husband, whom I would obey and please; I would entirely renounce all the Pleasures in the World, to make a Spouse my only Pleasure: I would be entirely his to love him, for Duty and for Virtue, and forget nothing to make him as happy as I hope to be happy; for I flatter myfelf, that Heaven, that knows my good Intentions, will allot me a Man virtuous and reasonable. As fine as you fee me, I can put a Hand to Work; and I do always what is necessary; my Maids are not always in the Kitchen, I am Cook very often myfelf, and I can fay, I understand it. This Linnen (faid the, flewing me fome Smocks Handkerchiefs, Table Cloths, Commodes, and fuch other Things) are foun with my own Fingers; there are very few Works but I know 'em, and take Delight in; but my best Quality is, that I am neither giddy nor contradicting; that I never chide my Domesticks; and that where I love, I love tenderly. I find (faid she, with an agreeable Air) that I shall love a liusband a little too much; but be that as it will (faid she, presently) I will have one; for in fhort, 'tis but reasonable to have a

Mate; one cannot be a Maid all ones Life long. You know the little Raileries to which we are expos'd, when we come to att in a certain Age; I am weary of Lovers; I am for a Husband; and if, after all I have faid to you, we can't agree, it shall be your Fault if we do not; for I will have no Intermedler. You find me to your Mind, you have told me several Times on your Side; I find nothing in you but what please me; let us do it

between ourselves without Intermedlers.

I own, Peralta (faid Campucano then, with a Sigh) I own I suffer'd myself to be blinded with the Discourse of this Enchantress, as imprudent, as I thought myself wise; I fell into the Net she had laid for me; charm'd with all the Words of her pronouncing, and thinking already all these rich and magnific Moveables had been Money, and that were worth more than talk'd of, I fell at her Knees, without making the least Reflection, and taking her Hands into mine, killing them a thousand and a thousand Times, I said to her, transported with Joy, The Spoule you look for you have found, fair Estefania; and I bless my Destiny, that 'till now, it never made fee what I ought to have, lo great an Honour; for, as to be belov'd by you, and please you (I told her further) that besides the Chain I wore, and fome other lewels, I had a good three thousand Ducats; that this Money, join'd to what the had, would make a Sum more than fufficient, to retire into a little Borough, whereof I was a Native, and where I had still some little Estate: that there she might disengage herself from the Multitude of her Acquaintance, and myfelf, from the Trade of War; because Merit was not always

always rewarded; and that the and I, could not make a more fweet, and a more honourable Retreat; that we should have nothing to do but to love one another; that for my Part, I was refolv'd to love and adore her to the Grave. Estefama acquiesc'd in all; and from that Moment forward, we thought no more but of concluding our Marriage: It was an Affair quickly expediated; the Parties being agreed, as you have heard, we caus'd our Banns to be publish'd; no body forbid 'em; these Ceremonies being over, we were marry'd, two of my Friends were at the Wedding, and on my new Spouse's Side, one of her Kindred, or calling bimself such. I can say, I never tasted so great Pleasures as those: I presently did taste; but I perceiv'd not there are no Pures in the World; and that this Woman under a false Out-side, that had fascinated my Mind, prepar'd Bitternesses, that have reduc'd me to the fad Condition you fee me in at present. My Servant had Orders to carry all that I had to Estefania's House; that was soon executed, in her Presence. I lock'd up in a Trunk my magnific Chain: I shew'd her three or four others, that truly did not feem fo rich, but were of exquisite Workmanship; I shew'd her three or four fine Hatbands of different forts, my l'lume of Feathers, my Cloaths, all my Equipage; and I put into her Hands feven or eight hundred Rials, which frankly was all that I had. I eat feven or eight Days the Wedding-Bread, without Tryal of the least Difagreement: I walk'd upon Turky Carpets: I lay in Holland Sheets: I was lighted with nothing but Flambeaus of Silver: I Breakfasted in Bed: I arose at eleven o'Clock; I din'd at twelve; I slept R 2 every

every Afremoon: The Time that Eftefania was not with me she was in the Kitchen, employ'd in making Sauces and Ragous, and all forts of Paffry; I never made better Cheer: my Shirts, my Neckcloaths, and my Handkerchiefs offended the Sight; I fmelt nothing but of Iris and Orange-water: 'Twas good Times, as you fee; but these Days pass'd upon Wing, the same that Years pass, that are under the Jurisdiction of Time; and my Destimy was as different of that I reckon'd upon. One Day, near nine o'Clock, when we were yet in Bed, (for, as I told you before) we flept all the Morning, we heard fome loud Stroaks at the Door, one of the Maids went down, and coming prefently into the Chamber, the began to fay, the came to furprise us agreeably, and the more, that she had not mark'd in the last Letter she had writ; but, however, the is welcome. Of whom do you talk? (faid I then) To the Maid I speak (she answer'd me) of Donna Clementia Buelo, my Mistress, just now come, and who brings good Company; for the has with her Don Love Mendez de Almendarez Hortigofa, and three or four Footmen. Let us arife my Friend (faid Effefania then) that this great Visit afflighten you not. I have, my Dear, a Fayour to ask of you; 'tis, that you will be furpriz'd at nothing, whatever you fee done; and that you will not reply one Word, to whatfoever is faid to me, and what can be faid that may offend you, or who may disturb you. I reply'd, Does any body come to infult us, which I can hardly believe? But tell me, Effefania, what fort of People are there? You feem to me to be troubled and in Difler. I have not Time to answer your Question

(she said to me) All that I have to say to you at present is, that all that you will see done is but a Fistion; we are going to play a Game that will divert you; I can tell you no more except the E-vent.

In the Time I was about to reply, Donna came into the Chamber, drefs'd like a veritable Queen; her Gown was of flower'd Sattin, trimm'd with Silver Lace, and some Embroidery of Silver and Silk; she had, after the Fashion of the Country, a great Scarf, of the same Sruff, and an Hat garnish'd with Feathers, Carnation and white, whereon shin'd a rich Cross of Diamonds; her Face was cover'd with a Vail of Gawze; but one might see, however, 'twas a Person well shap'd, and carry'd it with great Majesty; she was led by Don Lope Mendez, who was a Gentleman of a good Appearance, whose Cloaths were of the utmost Magnificence.

Hortigofa, who spoke first, was a Servant-maid, as was not dissicil to conceive. What is that which I see? (she cry'd out with great Exclamation) I see, my Lady's Bed posses'd, and I even see it posses'd by a Man! I know not whether I am asseep or awake! I can hardly believe what I see with my Eyes! Never was any thing more singular. Truly, (said the Maid, with an Air concern'd) Esessial in the same Tone) she has found out a Way to enjoy herself, at the Charge of my Lady's Bed; she has known how to make use of her Absence, to spend the Night in a Friend's Arms. This is beyond Railery; thou art in the Right, Hortigosa (said the Lady) I am no less surprized than thou,

at Efferania's Management. Tis fo pleafant an Adventure, to find a Man in my Bed, that as irritated as I faw, I cannot forbear laughing; but I have no lefs Wrong than Efferania (faid she, putting on a ferious Look) to have left her Mistress of my House. I will endeavour, another Time, to know People better. Be not angry, Madam (she said to her) I humbly beseech you; what you see is a Mystery, with nothing of Criminal in it; I will undeceive you, the Moment you will hearken to me; and, I am perswaded, that far from blaming my Conduct, you will give me your Approbation.

Whilst this Scene pass'd, I had taken hold of my Cloaths, and tho' I could say, my Wise, which was but a Comedy, I was a Spectator, as you may well comprehend, that made there a very bad Figure. I could not imagine what to think of so singular an Adventure. In the Time that I was taken up with a thousand Imaginations, all different, Esteraia came to take me, she led me by the Hand into another Chamber, where she told me, that this Lady was one of her good Friends; that her Design was to cheat Don Lope, with whom she desir'd to marry; and that the Superchery, she pretended to make use of, was to make him believe, that our House, and all our Moveables, were hers.

Will you tell me (said Estefania) that Donna Clementia plays so bad a Game, and so terribly expose herself? You deceive yourself, my dear Spouse (said she) Donna Clementia has so much Beauty, and Don Lope loves her so vehemently, that he will only laugh at this little Cheat, as soon as 'tis discover'd. Perhaps, he knows very well what it is,

and

and feems not to know it. Be that as it will, the Moment they are marry'd, the will restore me my House; and I thought myself oblig'd, as a Friend, to do her this little Service. What we do, she and I, is irregular, I confess; but to catch such a Spark, as is Don Lope, I believe no body will blame us, to have us'd this Contrivance. Men know how to cheat us fometimes, we have every Day Examples of. Why should not we cheat them too, when Occasion presents? In the mean Time, sleep in Repose; all the Hurt that can come of this, that we shall have a Present, that will indempnify us for the Complaifance we have shew'd, to have yielded our House for some Days, to a Person, for whom you will have as much Amity as I, the first Moment you shall come to know him. I shall believe all that you please (I answer'd) but that which I have to fay to you is, that 'tis to push Complaifance too far, to use it the Manner that you do. I pray God some Mischief may not come of it. Ah! Mischief! Think not of it (said Estifania to me, embracing me) in eight Days Time the Marriage will be concluded and confummated. Don Lope will laugh when I tell him the Artifice; he will carry his Spoufe to one of his Estates, and we will re-enter our House, very content, to have render'd fo good a Service to a Friend, for whom I would facrifice all that I have in the World; and he would do the same by me, if he thought it would do me the least Pleasure. The Side that we have to take, for seven or eight Days, is to lodge at another, of one of my Friends. I believe you will not find it amis. No, Estifania (said I to her) I will go whither you would have me. In the mean

Time, shall I venture to tell you my Thought? Ah! my Dear, never distrust me (she answer'd, interrupting me) Do you believe I should be so imprudent, or rather, that I were so senseles, to do what I do now, if there were the least Risque to run? Should I be so much my own Enemy? There is more here to get than to loose, seven or eight Days,

will convince you.

After these Purposes, and some others of this Nature, it were inuril to entertain you with, Eftefania took Leave of Donna Clementia, and Don Lope, I said then to my Servant, go take the Trunk, where my Cloaths and my Linnen is, and follow her. I follow'd her myfelf, without taking Leave of any body; for to tell you, the Things as they were, I knew not very well what I did. You would, I am fure, have been fo much encomber'd as I, on the like Occasion. Estefania stop'd at the House of one of her Friends, with whom she talk'd a long Time. I began to be uneafy, when I faw come out a fort of a Maid-fervant, that made us go in, I and my Man; we were conducted into a very narrow Chamber, wherein were two Beds, very near one another, that there feem'd to be but one, because, in Effect, there was no Space to seperate them, so that the Cloaths touch'd one another. We flay'd there fix Days, during which Time I was in a wonderful Trouble. This Tendernefs, that we had fworn to one another, to preferve inviolably, 'till Death, began to cool; we quarrell'd upon the least Occasion in the World; and all this, because I reproach'd her very roundly, as foon as I faw myfelf lodg'd in a Hole, to play the Wag with me, or that she had neither Wit

nor Understanding to have left her House, and all her Goods to Strangers, that perhaps, might never be in the Mind to restore 'em. This Reproach that I made her, in a Manner very dry, offended her, or at least, she seem'd to be offended; and from that Time forward, we said a thousand biring Things to one another. To dissipate my ill Humour, which I could by no Means surmount, when I cast my Eye upon my Appartment, I went out and took a Walk about the Town; but as soon as I went in again into my Dog-hole, my ill Humour retook me again, and I past it upon Estefania, my Tale running always, that she had done a Foolery she would repent of at Lessure. I consider'd not

amiss with Regard to myself.

Estefania kept House; but one Day that she had 2 Mind to go out, to go fee (as she told me) what pass'd in this Lady Clementia's House, who was to make us fo great a Prefent, I heard some Things very mortifying. The Woman where we lodg'd. would needs know of me, what was the Reason that oblig'd me to speak so often against Estefamia: and what was it she could have done to reproach her fo often as I did, as if the had committed the most notorious Folly. I told her all, from Point to Point. She thrug'd up her Shoulders, and made Exclamations, that made me look about me : the explain'd herfelf no further. I defir'd her to tell me, whence it came. She feem'd fo furpriz'd at what I had told her; I dare not tell you (she answer'd me, shrugging up her Shoulders again, and faying something between her Teeth I understood not) Speak (said I to her) I beseech you, and leave me no longer in Suspence. I will (faid she, a little

ele after) and I ought to discharge my Conscience. Come what will on't. 'Tis Charity (faid the to me) to leave you no longer in Ignorance, that is fatal to you. You have been cheated, and never Man. perhaps, fo much as you are. You thought to have marry'd a rich Woman; but you are much out in your Account; Donna Clementia Buefo is the veritable Mistress of the House, where you espous'd Effefania; and all this wicked Woman has told you is a mere Falfity; she has neither House nor Goods: flie has no other Cloaths but what she has upon her Back. Donna Clementia has certainly fome Love for Eftefania; this Lady was obliged some Time agon to take a small Journey, she left her with one of her Maids in her House, to take care of it in her Absence; Estefania made use of the Occasion; she made you believe, that the rich Moveables you have feen, belong'd to her; you believ'd it; you marry'd her; there you are paid for your Imprudence. I own, however, all Things confider'd, that Eftefania is excufable in some fort, to have us'd fuch a Stratagem, to gain a Spoule of your Distinction, and your Merit, and you ought to pardon her; Men are so fierce now-a-days, that strong Nets must be laid to take 'em; since you are catch'd, bear your Misfortune with Patience: Marriages are made in Heaven, before they are made upon Earth; this was to be your Spoule; accufe not your Misfortune, because 'tis nothing but your Destiny.

But this Moral, as good as I thought it, agreed not with me; however, I enter'd into a fort of a Rage with myself, I was in Despair, so see that I had been bubbled in so cruel a Manner; I came

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out with a thousand indiscreet Words; I condemn'd myself a thousand Times to live no longer; and with my own Hands I had kill'd myfelf, if a little Reason and the Fryars had not come to my Relief; however, irritated with Choler, I took my Sword and my Cloak, and went out, refolv'd to revenge myfelf on Eftefani, if I happen'd to meet her; I look'd for her a long Time; happily for her, and, perhaps, for mefelf too, that I found her not; I went to St. Lawrence, I recommended myself to all the Saints. but was nevertheless unquiet; I went to Donna Clementia's House, I found her very tranquille, and to whom I durst say nothing of my Misfortunes ! I was fo much troubled, and besides myself, I return'd to my Apartment; the Woman, in whose House we lodg'd, and whom I had made acquainted with my Unhappiness, said a thousand Things to me, to endeavour to pacify me a little; but my Mind was in fuch Diforder. I would hearken to nothing with Reason. She said to me at last, that Estefania knew that her Treachery was discover'd. and that the had Charitably advertis'd her, that I was gone out in a Rage, in Hopes to meet her, and do her some Mischief, and that Estefania, affrighted, was gone out with some Goods; I run thereupon to my Trunk, and found all carry'd away, but one Suir of Cloaths for the Country.

These are terrible Misfortunes one after another (faid Peralta then.) What Campu cano (faid he) you have loft then all your Chains and Golden Harbands? Yes; I have loft them (answer'd Campu cano) but this Lofs does not trouble me much, 'tis the least of my Vexations; for I can fay, what a Man faid, that had marry'd a Wife somewhat thick

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shick Shoulder'd: My Father-in-law pretends to have cheated me, in giving me his Daughter, that is crump-back'd, and 'tis I that have cheated him: I am crump-back'd too myfelf. I do not know what you mean by faying this (faid the Licentiat.) Tis answer'd, Peralta, that all this Shew of Chains, Hatbands, and other Baubles, certainly, are not worth ten Crowns You are in Jest (reply'd Peralta) the Chains only, you wore about your Neck, weigh'd, I'm fure, above two hundred Ducats. It would have weigh'd fo much I own it (answer'd Campu cano) if Truth had answer'd Appearance : but as all is not Gold that glifters, thefe Chains, these Hatbands, and these other Jewels, were but Alchimy and Copper gilt; but it was a Workmanthip, and a Guilding, wrought with to much Art, that the most Skilful would have been deceiv'd: in Effect, they were thorow Proof, except the Fire. .

In this Manner (faid Peralta) you cheated one another, and now you are to begin again. We are indeed (answer'd Campu cano) we have no more to do but shuffle the Cards; but that which troubels me most is, that Effefania may put off thefe false Jewels, instead of my putting her off; for in fhort, she is my Wife, and there's no unmarrying again. Give God Thanks (faid the Licentiat) that the is fled from you; you are not oblig'd to run after her. We are agreed (faid Campucano) in the mean Time, I find her always in my Imagination, altho' I feek her not, and my Shame is always prefent. What can you do to that? (faid Peralta) your Evil is an Evil without Remedy; and I have nothing to fay to you upon that, only remember thefe two Verses of Petrareb, where he fays, in a Man-DELVIS A CONTINUE OF DEEP CONTINUE OF DEEP

ner so nocturnal, and so veritable, that he that takes Pleasure to cheat, should not complain when he is cheated.

Ohe chi prende diletto di far frode, Non se de lamentar si altri l'in gana.

Who takes Delight in cheating others, Must not complain of cheating Brothers.

I understand you, Peralta (said Campucano) you mean, I have been beaten with my own Weapons; I know it; and in the same Time that I have Wrong, the best Policy, without Doubt, would be, to have none, and walk always strait, but you know, that is not the Way of the World.

I have done, Peralta (faid Campucano) for, I imagin that my History has tir'd you. I knew that this Kinsman of Estefania, that was at our Wedding, was gone home; he was as much her Kinfman as he is yours. I have understood fince he was one of her Gallants; be that as it will, I never troubled myfelf to look after him ; for, besides, after I was a little come to myfelf, I began to confider he was beneath my Revenge, and was best to let it all alone, and not expose myself, to make a Noise, and make myself a publick Jest. I left the House where the was retir'd with me, when Donna Clementia came, for fear the might find me out: but I was much furprized a few Days after, when I perceiv'd my Hair tell off, and that I could hardly comb myfelf; I was defolated, to loofe by little and little, my Head of Hair, that was very fair. This was not all, I found myfelf, all on a fuddain, with-

without the Lashes of my Eyes, and without Eyebrows, and at the fame Time, without one Hair upon my poor Head. You know the Name of the Malady that makes fuch terrible Ravages: I shall not explain myfelf any further. I was veritably what they call a poor Peel-garlie; for, I faw myfelf without a Beard to shave, and without Money to spend. My Malady augmented considerably, because I saw myself out of Condition presently to provide Remedies; and as I grew worfe and worfe, every Day, and that these fort of Evils, when they are inveterated, are incurable, I thought it best to go into the Hospital of the Resurrection, where the Physicians and Surgeons told me, if I had a Mind to be cur'd, I must set up a Resolution to Sweat; which is what I did. That is to fay, that during forty Days, I fuffer'd Martyrdom. They affur'd me, I had nothing more to fear, and that I should be very well again, if I took Care of myself. I am willing to believe I have my Sword, and that's all but Providence, who, as a good Mother, will have Pity on me.

Peralta offer'd him his Purse again, telling him, all was surprizing in his History. You are surprized at a little Matter (reply'd Ca p cane) what I have to relate to you surther will surprize you a great deal more. What has happen'd to me, has happen'd a thousand limes; but what remains to tell you never yet happen'd; 'tis a veritable Miracle, a thing supernatural, and that surpasses Imagination. I have suffer'd horrible Torments; for, be you perswaded, Peralta, one cannot suffer more, than those do who pass thro' this Remedy, by which I have been obliged to pass; but I account my

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Sufferings as nothing, fince they have procur'd me a Sight of a Prodigy, that, hitherto, never had the like, and, perhaps, never will. I fee already that you take it for a Vision; but my Eyes and my Ears have not deceiv'd me. In the mean Time, I shall not be surprized, when I find you incredulous. So many Preambles are inutil (faid the Licentiat, who grew impatient) let us know this Prodigy: but 'tis not faid of you what is faid of the Mountain, that was big with Child, and brought forth nothing but a Mouse. Fear nothing upon that (reply'd Campucano) you never yet heard any thing more furprizing in all your Life. You have feen two Dogs (faid he to him) that follow'd the Fryars of the Hospital, when they go their Rounds about the Town; these Dogs carry each a Lantern, when these Rounders are obliged to walk by Night. If they throw fometimes Alms out of the Windows, 'tis these Dogs that pick it up; and they know very well how to stop in all the Places, where they accustom'd to give any thing. You fee 'em as mild as Lambs when they are in the Streets, and are, however, in the Hospital as Lions, when they hear at Night the least Noise in the Street. There was never feen Guardians more vigilant, nor more faithful. I know all that (faid the Licentiat, who expeded fome other thing) that is no great Marvel. This is not what I have to fay to you (reply'd Campu cane) have a little Patience, and you will fee I shall relate, however, nothing but what is ventable. One Night that all the House was bury'd in Sleep, and no body awake but myfelf, I heard some body talk on the bad Matters. that were behind my Bed. At first, I made but little

little Account of it, for, as I was not very well, I thought my Ears deceiv'd me; in the mean Time, being well convinc'd that I heard two different Voices, I rais'd myself up a little upon my Bed. when I perceiv'd it was two Dogs, that talk'd together. Ah! for the Tale you tell us, Campu cano (faid the Licentiat, rifing up from the Chair, with a great Fit of laughing) 'till now I veritably thought you had talk'd feriously, telling the Story of your Marriage; but now I fee you have a Mind to be merry; to others, my dear Friend, Campucane, but not to Pilgrims of St. James; one may talk of Cockle-Shells; you fay a little too much to be believ'd; I thank you, however, for your Romance; but remerciate me too in your Turn, of what I have complain'd, when you have related your feign'd Adventures.

I faid well. Peralta (answer'd Campucano, very ferioufly) I faid well, I would divert you; be, however, convinc'd, Scipio and Berganca, those are the Dogs Names, that had a long Discourse together. I know very well, that Animals, naturally, cannot discourse; but they may by Miracle. Magpies and Parrats speak, but they only articulate certain Words that are taught them, and that they machinally pronounce, without understanding them; but these two Dogs not only speak, but they understand very well what they faid; they made Anfwers very just. I own, that at first, I took it for a Dream; but examing myfelf very well, and a long Time too, I faw I was not affeep. That which fufficiently convinc'd me, that I was awake (faid he) and that I certainly heard Scipio and Berganca fpeak is, that the Things they faid

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> lingli anni ma guarde ladis, Ingli nomice un guardere is.

(vi) keep me from my Frience say I, My Case shall be to watch the Event. NOVEL ВЪ

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## NOVEL IV.

## QUIXAIRE,

Princes of the Moluccoes.

Escoje he muger el sabado y no el domingo.

Choose thou thy Wife on Saturday, And not on Sunday when she's gay.

## To ALCIDIANA.



A M not at all deceiv'd, Alcidiana; you are diverted with the Adventures of Theodolia, and of Leodicia, you have several Times made me sensible, and I see you since that Time, well pleas'd with the Bb 2

Spanish Nation, you have Reason to be: the Author of these Adventures was a Genius extraordinary in this kind of writing; he was yet so modest, that he was of Opinion, that he was not the only one that succeeded in these fort of Works; he admir'd that they were not done, and took Pleasure in translating them. Here is one of these Novels he had a Mind to put in its proper Language; he took it out of the Memoirs of the Indies. You will read it with Pleasure, I assure myself; 'tis a Traduction next to his own. I will warrant you exact; but in the mean Time, I own to you, that it was not possible for me to preserve all its Beauties.

The HISTORY of RUT DIAS, 2 Spaniard, and QUIXAIRE, Princess of the Moluccoes.

Actions of fome mean Souls, who became Slaves to this Passion, seem to me to be less reasonable than the Nurse of Medea, who instead of accusing the Persidy of Jason and his Inconstancy, complain'd of the Mountain in Grace, that had produc'd Trees, they made use of to build the samous Ship that first dar'd to cleave the Bosom of the Ocean, and commit it to the Insidelity of the Waves. Superior Causes act according to the Disposition of their Subjects. The Sun by the same Virtue, is one of the Causes of Man's Birth, the noblest of all the Creatures; and is, at the same Time, of the Production of Insects, who are the Shame

Shame of Nature, as I may fay. All comes from the Disposition of Subjects. There are none but those, whose Prejudice blinds 'em, or that will not make use of the Light of their Reason, that can differ tor question it. Love never produces bad Effects but by Accident; and since this Passion is like others, that act seldom entirely pure, of which one may be convinc'd, by so little Attention as may be made to the Circumstances of this History.

These five Isles, situated under the Equinostial, that our Modern Historians have call'd Moluccoes, are not so barbarous as are imagin'd; the Worship they give salse Divinities, brought this Name upon'em; but that does not hinder their Production of illustrious Persons, whose heroic Actions acquire 'em no less Glory, than that to be the only Country in the World where this admirable Bird is hatch'd, who, for never touching the Earth, and by living and dying in the Air, deserves the Name

of the Bird of Paradile.

The two principal Kings of these Isles are, the King of Tidor, and the King of Ternate. The Fable that sets forth, that the Children of Leda were born of an Egg, that Jupiter made transform'd into a Swan; this Fable, I say, that was formerly receiv'd in Grece, not only as veritable History, but as a Thing sacred, has reach'd the Molucioes; they account it an Holy Thing; whereof, 'tis criminal to doubt, that their Kings are issued from Eggs, that were found upon a Fiery Mountain, that is in these Isles, somewhat like our Mount. Etna. One of their Kings, whose bright Actions gave Credit to this Tale, has so imprinted this Belief

lief in the Minds of the People that inhabit thefe Isles, that they believe, that these Kings are of the Race of Gods; and that they ought to be always ready to lavish their Blood and their Life, for the Service of their Sovereigns, unless they will irritate the coelectial Puissances. These two Isles are separated only by a little Channel. The Neighbourhood foon flir'd up Diffentions between the two Kings, and, at last, Wars, that have been almost immortal, because these Princes fight not as we do; in forming great Armies; in being Masters of the Field; and, in befleging Towns; by this Means, to put a Bridle on People, Subducated. Their Manner of making War, is to place little Ambuscades, where the Weakest have no Dissiculty to avoid Peril by Flight, which is not shameful among them, provided it be repair'd by some Action of Distinction and glorious. The Kings of Tidor and Tenate, were so animated one against the other, that they left their implacable Hatred for an Heritage to their Children; and this hereditary Hatred lasted 'till the Arrival of the Portugeze, who no fooner appear'd upon their Coast but they presently made Conquests; so that the two Kings form'd a Defign to attrack them to 'em, to make themselves the more formidable; he of Tidor was the most diligent; he fent Embaffadors to the Portuguze; he receiv'd them in his Country; he permitted them to build Fortresses, and become Masters of his Ports. He of Ternate, who was in Despair to see himfelf prevented, made an Offer of greater Advantages: But they foon perceiv'd, both the one and the other, the Fault they had done, to have introduc'd amongst 'em People, who presently thought of of establishing a tyranic Domination; they made up then, their particular Quarrels, and leagu'd themfelves at last, against their common Enemy. Sullam Bahu, King of Ternate, was the Author of this League, and he, who animated all the Islan-

ders to the Defence of their Country.

After the Death of Bahu, Zaide, who fucceeded him, invited the King of Tidor to his Coronation, under Pretence of continuing their Alliance, This Prince came under the publick Faith; but Zaide caus'd him to be cruelly affaffinated, and all those that came with him, to preserve the Amity of the Chinese, who began to be distrusted by him. After this base Action, he fell upon the Lands of Tider: But the Brother of the King, who had fo tragical an End, having been fuccour'd by the Portugueze, repuls'd him vigorously, and preserv'd, to his Brothers Children a Kingdom, that the perfidious Zaide thought to possess. Mole, the Son of the King, fo basely betray'd, was no sooner of an Age fit to bear Arms, but he undertook, with an incredible Ardour, to evenge the Death of his Father: But as Fortune not always accompanies Virtue, as the not always declares for just Wars, this young Prince was made a Prisoner by his Enemy, in a Naval Battle, when he went before the Succour the Portugueze fent him from India. Zaide over-run all the Isle of Tidor, with the young King. Prisoner, thinking that this Spectacle would oblige this Prince's Subjects to revolt; but gaining nothing upon the Fidelity of these People, he return'd to Ternate, laden more with Spoils than Glory. All Zaide's Subjects run to the Sea Side, to see this victorious Prince; the Men of War appear'd first;

there was never fo amazing a Sight; they had plac'd on the Masts and the Yards of their Ships, the Heads of those flain in the Battle, and other Ships were loaden with Heaps of Members of those Miserables; for, they are the Trophies of Arms these People use to erect, to serve for a Pomp to their Triumphs. The unfortunate King of Tidor appear'd loaden with Chains upon the Deck of the last Ship; this illustrious Captive was Tranquille, tho' he was fufficiently perswaded, he was to expect nothing from his cruel Enemy but Death, or a perpetual Prison. He said often to himself, he made it no Mystery to those that guarded him; but at a Time he least hop'd for it. The Charms of his Sifter had bound the Heart of a Portugueze, who broke his Chains, and gloriously restor'd him his Liberty, and his Crown.

Mole had an only Sister, call'd Quixaire, in fayour of whom, Nature feem'd to be exhausted, so great Charms were never feen; all that Heaven could dispence to a Mortal of Graces it had lavish'd on this Princess. There was nothing of Mediocre in her, in regard to her Body or her Wit; flie was, in a Word, a Princess accomplish'd; fo the was the Admiration and the Occasion of Vows of all the Kings her Neighbours. He of Bachian, he of Siam, and Zaide himself, the cruel Enemy of the Family, were fo totally fmitten, that they often offer'd her their Crowns. She had also enflam'd the most eminent of their Subjects, and some Foreigners, that were not Princes, and not daring for that Reason, to hope to make her sensible, had the Wifdom to stifle their Passions, and place no Confidence but on Trees and Fountains. The Princels.

cels, who wanted not Penetration, perceiv'd those that lov'd her; the read in their Eyes what pass'd in their Hearts; and, altho' fhe felt nothing for any one, was very far from irritating a Passion. which she very well saw they were not Masters of. and willing to engage 'em in her Interests, by this new Bond, the gave by her obliging Looks, of that fort of Hopes, and nothing oblige those that expect 'em: and for fear not to animate those, whom Love has enflam'd, but yet, Quizaire must love: her Heart was not a Rock, to be eternally infenfible. It was the Day they celebrate the Feast of St. John, that the Ice of her hardned Heart began to melt. As it was fuch another Day that the Pertugueze enter'd the Moluccoes, and had laid the Foundations of the Tyranny, that the Spaniards afterwards establish'd; 'twas the Custom of the Portugueze to celebrate that Expedition, to make a Review of all their Forces, in the Isle of Tidor. Ruy Dias, that had then the Command of the Porturneze Forces, was of one of the most illustrious Families of Pertugal; he was a young Warrior, very handsome, and had the Gallantry of a veritable Merit; there was never a Man that had fo many Qualities, to make himself belov'd by the Fair Sex; he put, by break of Day, his Men in good Order, and willing to declare to the Eyes of these People the Grandeur and Magnificence of his Country; he omitted nothing to compass his Ends in that Behalf; for himself, he took Habits and Arms of an extraordinary Beauty and Riches; his Air and good Mien needed no fetting off; and, 'twas plainly feen he had in View to make appear on this Occasion, that he was no less recomendable by him-

himself, as by the Dignity he was commission'd by his Sovereign. Quixaire had a Mind to fee this Review; and, as on her Side, to make appear to a Nation, that infinitely put beneath itself all other People of the Earth, that the Moluccoes were inferior in nothing to the Portugueze, the omitted nothing about her that might augment her Charms. Dias appear'd at the Head of his Officers and his Soldiers, with fo much Splendor, that the Princess was at a Stand; she even felt, that the Portugueze attracted her with somewhat more than Admiration; the felt, in a Word, that the could not forbear giving all her Tenderness to a Foreigner, that was of the Number that ador'd her; for she had known a thousand Times, tho' she never durst discover it to him, and declare her Fire, and her Passion, than in an indirect Manner: that which Dias's Merit, that which his Pains, and his Affiduities, could not do, from the Time that he was in Tidor, the Luftre wherewith he appear'd, on this Review, brought about; Love took Posleffion of Ouixaire's Heart, and it was even with that Violence, that the was not Mistress enough to diffemble it one Moment; only the accus'd herfelf of Cruelty and Ingratitude: the reproach'd herfelf a thousand Times to have so long relisted, and without keeping any Measures; she resolved, she herfelf to declare to Dias the Empire he had upon her Heart. If this Resolution was prompt, the Execution was no lefs: fhe made Shew the next Day to go make a Visit to one of her Aunts, call'd Quixane, where the Portugueze General was lodg'd; the took her Measures so well, that she found him alone with her Aunt, and contriving the Conversation

tion upon a Subject she had always affected to discourse upon, always with the utmost Circumspession. She told him, without much ado, that there appear'd in him so many Qualities, and a Merit so extraordinary, that she was forc'd to own to him, he was the only Man that could render her sensible. This Beginning, which Dias did not much regard, was accompany'd with a thousand Tranfports; and she promis'd him, that she was so much his, that the had form'd a Defign to abandon her Religion to follow his. Yes, Dias (faid the amorous Princess to him) I prefer you before many great Kings, that court me, with an extraordinary Application. In the mean Time, abuse not my Weakness; I give you an Heart you will eternally posses; but before I can give it you in Public, exact nothing from me, that may flain my Reputation, and render me unworthy of my Birth, that diffinguishes me from other Princesses of the Earth, since I draw my Original from the Gods. Dias, after that Time, was very often with Quixaire; but that Princess behav'd herself with so much Management, and so much Prudence, that few of her Subjects perceiv'd the Design she had form'd in her Mind, with 1efpest to this Foreigner. These Beginnings were happy, but the Consequences were fatal

Whilst that Dias and Quixaire tasted a thoufand innocent Pleasures; whilst they concerted together the Measures they were to take, to taste the most perfect, and the most solid, the News of Mole's Deseat, and his Imprisonment, was spread all over Tider. Quixaire was in Despair; she lov'd her Brother dearly; and the Reputation this Prince had acquir'd in some Assions, had made her always hope that he would revenge the Death of their Father. These Hopes were entirely vanish'd; Quixaire did nothing but weep; the abandon'd herfelf to Grief; those that go about to consolate, sower the Misfortune. One cannot represent the Affliction, and the Mortification of this Princels. Dias faw her not that Day. As foon as the News of the Defeat of the King of Tidor was dispers'd about, he held a Council of War, that took up all that Day : on the other fide, he believ'd not that he ought prefently to go and oppose Tears, that were just; he thought to let pass the Torrent, to make her hearken to the Propositions he had to make her, to endeavour to draw her out of the Embarass she found herself in, on this Rencounter; he saw her not ordinarily, but with Ouixane, to have a lawful Pretence to fee her in the Royal Palace. He call'd the next Morning together his principal Officers: he propos'd to 'em, there was an absolute Necessity to offer all his Forces to the Princess, and to concert with her. Means the most prompt, and the most efficacious, not only to secure the Kingdom to her Brother, but to draw this Prince out of the Hands of his cruel Conqueror. He presently advertis'd Quixaire of his Design. Quixaire answer'd, the waited for him; the nam'd the Hour, and then brought about her all the Ladies of the Court, of Distinction, to receive with the more Magnificence the possibly could, this generous Foreigner, that offer'd to succour her, in a Conjuncture so sad; that was not her only View, Dias went to the Palace, with his Train, he is introduc'd into the Princes's Chamber, who was employ'd in drying up her Tears, the Marks whereof appear'd on her Breast, and her

her Face : but as the Sun appears much more beautiful after a long Rain, 'twas the same in this Princess's Eyes. Dias never found her so charming: and he was fo stun'd, that he knew not presently where to begin, what he had to fay to her. He began to speak at last, and after having testify'd the Displeasure the Destiny of the King her Brother had caus'd him, he offer'd her his Sword, and his Life, 'till the Officers that came with him made her the same Protestations, and the same Offers. The Princess thank'd them all, in a Manner the most obliging in the World; and to give Occasion to her Lover, to entertain him in particular, the went to the Officers, made a little Conversation with them, and having commended them, complementally, one after the other, on the Generofity, and Valour of their Nation, and on their perfonal Qualities, she left them with the Ladies, that were with her, and turn'd, in fine, to Dias; they drew a little on one fide; and the Portugueze were not long in Discourse. He said, If it would please the inflinies, that I could redeem with my Blood, the Tears you have shed, there were no Happinels like mine; but these Tears which I could not dry up; these Tears your Face is bath'd with, still make me perceive, that I am the most unfortunate Man in the World; for, in short, they convince me, that you have no Confidence in me. You doubt, Quixaire! you doubt, Alas! either of my Fidelity, or my Courage; you would not have abandon'd yourfelf to your Grief, with so much Excess, if you had depended upon't never fo little. In the mean Time, be convinced, I will humble your Enemy, if all the Forces of China should join to defend him, [ will

I will deliver the King of Tidor. There's nothing impossible to Love. If my Life were not so dear to you, as you have fignify'd a thousand Times, I would have come to Blows with this barbarous Prince, that has made you flied fo many Tears: but fince you are willing I should preserve it, and, besides that, I cannot dispose of these Officers, and my Forces, without the Permission of the Vicerov of India, I'll wait for this Permission that will not be refus'd me, to the End, I may act, in the mean Time, with Regard to my Love, and with Regard to my Duty; in the mean Time, there are no Obstacles that I should not be ready to surmount. He was going to fay more, when all the Company drew near; they presently chang'd Conversation, wherein the Princels mixt very ingeniously the Anfwer she had prepar'd for Dias, affuring him, That fince he offer'd her his Succour, the had nothing more to fear. I should wrong your Merit, and the Reputation your Arms has gain'd you, if I look'd not as a Thing certain, the Delivery of the King my Brother. Wait for the Viceroy's Orders; the Night that uses to give us the best Council, because our Minds are not diverted by the Divertity of Objects, that our Eyes present to us in the Daytime, acts with more Liberty in Silence and Darkness. The Night, I say, made the Princess take a Resolution, that at the same Time, that flatter'd her Love, made her hope, she should be fully reveng'd of the King of Ternate. There were two Things that hinder'd Quixaire's Marriage with Dias; one was, the Divertity of Religion; the other, a Law inviolable in the Moluccoes, that forbids their Princesses marrying with Strangers. She thought the the Conjuncture favourable to abolish these Customs. and prevailing on the Consternation the People were in, she form'd a Design, to publish throughout the Kingdom, That he that should deliver her Brother, out of the Hands of the King of Ternate, should have her in Marriage, of what Religion, of what Quality, or of what Country he were 'Tis not difficult to fee what the Views were of this politic Princess. She doubted not, that even those that were the most interested, to see the Laws of the Kingdom observ'd, admir'd her Disinterestedness, and that it was not Dias that should deliver the King of Tidor, the other Kings of these Isles feeming to her too weak, even to dare undertake it. The Defign she had projected was executed the Day following; she call'd together the principal Men of the Isle, and after a long Discourse, that tended to the Misfortunes that had happen'd to her Brother, to put an End to em, she cunningly varnish'd over the Resolution she had taken, infinuating, at the fame Time, 'twas only an Expedient that the propos'd to 'em, which the defir'd might be examin'd. The Expedient relish'd : 'twas applauded; in a Word, the Resolution was solemnly publish'd, and the Noise of this Publication was quickly spread thro' all the neighbour Isles.

One cannot express the Joy conceived at this News, by the King of Siam, and the King of Bachian, who both loved the Princess passionately. He of Siam was young, he was handsome, and had already given Marks of Courage. For him of Bachian, he possessed immense Riches; he could raise great Armies; there were sew Princes more pussion than he. These two Kings, who burnt at the same

Fire

Fire, conceiv'd, prefently, great Hopes they then got, that Heaven had permitted the Misfortunes of Mole, to facilitate to them a Conquest they had try'd at inutilly 'till then ; nothing feem'd difficil to 'em: and reckoning already on the entire Defeat of the King of Ternate. They fent Emballadors to Quixaire, who arriv'd at Tidor the fame Day. These two Minsters had Orders to tell the Princess, on the Part of the Kings that fent 'em, that these Princes were extreamly sensible of the Misfortunes of the King her Brother, and, that when by a Generofity, that, perhaps, never had Example, she would permit those that should deliver this illustrious Prince, a Recompence that the Gods only could merit; they would not forbear to take Arms: they would go and affemble all their Forces; and that they even dar'd promife, that the Princess should quickly see at large, the King of Tidor and his Enemy loaden with Irons. This was pretty near what the two Embassadors faid, one after another.

The Embassadors were hardly withdrawn, but there came one from the King of Ternate. Quixaire would not see them; but those of this Princess's Council having represented to her, Embassadors should never be sent away, without knowing what they had to say, and what Propositions they had to make. They were admitted to Audience, where they publickly expos'd their Orders, and the Views of their Embassy. The King of Ternate, (said these Embassadors) is one of the most puissant Princes of these Isles, you are not ignorant, illustrious Princess; these Conquests, and these Victories, have acquir'd him the Title of Great and Invincible;

cible; but they are Titles he puts under his Feet: and the only one he glories in, is that of being your Slave. That which the joint Forces of the whole World together could not do, you have done in one Moment, in offering yourfelf for Recompence to him that should procure the Liberty of the King your Brother. Zaide, who always ador'd you, bleffes the Battle that made him triumph over Mole, fince tis that happy Triumph that permits him to aspire to the Happiness of enjoying you. We come to offer you the Liberty of the King of Tidor, incomparable Princess; and, at the same Time, the Crown of Ternate. If this Crown were not estimable for itself, the eminent Qualities of Zaide equal him to the Empire of the whole Universe. Speak, divine Princess; order, dispose of all; hasten the Toy of the Subjects of the King your Brother; restore a Calm to your Kingdom; and difdain not a Sceptre, the greatest Queens of the Earth would think themselves honour'd to bear, Whilft these Embassadors spoke, it appear'd by Quixaire's Air, that the hearken'd with Impatience to the Elogies given to the King of Ternate: and that she was irritated at his Offers. I know not, (answer'd the Princess, fiercely) what are the Sentiments Zaide has for me: But I know very well, and even defire he may be inform'd, that I shall eternally be his implacable Enemy: I defire to live no longer than to revenge myfelf of his Perfidy with Splendor: For, in fhort, can he imagine I can ever forget with what Baseness he took away the Life of a Prince, that gave me Day-light? I shall have liv'd long enough if the Gods revenge me: and they are too just to let Zaide go long unpuocivable nish'd

nish'd. Mole shall not grean long in Irons. That which the King of Ternate fays, That all the Forces of the Universe united could not do, my weak Hands thall do, he may be convinc'd. But be it as it will (faid the further, with a fevere Air) It you love your Life, speak no more of Zaide, the worst, and most unworthy that ever wore a Crown. The Embaffadors withdrew all confounded, and all furpriz'd, at Quixaire's Courage. Zaide waited with Impatience the Princess's Answer; and he was fo much enrag'd, when he knew with what Difdain his Offers had been rejected, that he did not know where he was metamorphos'd; in a Moment his Love chang'd into Fury, and thought of nothing but Revenge; and as he could not exercize his Revenge on this Princefs, he loaded with Irons the King of Tidor; and he furrounded the Prifon with fo many Guards, where he had order'd him to be that up, that the Delivery of this unfortunate Monarch feem'd abfolutely impossible.

While the King of Siam, and he of Bachian, made ready for War; while the wifest of Ternate apprehending, that the Beauty of Quixaire might be as fatal as that was, in old Times, of Helen, to the most great, and the most flourishing Kingdom of Asia; while those of Tider feard they should in vain attempt the Delivery of their King, one single Man, without other Forces than those of his Courage, and his Love, undertook, and came

happile to his Ends.

There was a young Lord in the Court of Tider, call d Cuehiz Salama, he was a near Kinsman of the King, and in all the precedent Wars, he had made appear a Valour, and an Intrepidity, inconceivable

ceivable; he had been bred up in the Royal Palace; and, from his tender Infancy, had been passionately in Love with Quixaire. As lively as his Love was, he had never discover'd to her, whether he thought it inutil to declare it, or that his Passion was as respectful, as 'twas strong and violent; he gave not fo much as any Motion, in Appearance, when Quixaire made Proclamation, she would marry him that deliver'd the King her Brother, of what Quality soever he were of. In the mean Time, full of Hope, and depending on his Intrepidity, he was fully refolv'd to attempt a Conquest, to which he would never have dar'd to aspire, and that the Violence of his Love made him regard as very eafy. The Resolution was no sooner taken, but he made himself ready to execute; and as his Defign was to use some Stratagem, to facilitate his Enterprize, he had no need of great Preparatives; he only arm'd a little Boat, he embark'd in it, with five Soldiers, whose Filelity and Valour he was well affur'd of : and he went off with fo favourable a Wind, that he reach'd the Isle by Break of Day; he hid his Boat upon the Sea Side, and took his Merfures fo well, that he arriv'd at Ternate on a Marketdiy; it was there where the King of Tidor was straitly imprison'd; he mix'd with the Merchants, and being enter'd with some little Combustibles, into an Inn, he fet it on Fire, whilst one of his Men fir'd another House, at the Town's End. The Mitter of the Houses of this Country was very favourable to his Enterprize; for, 'twas all Wood, and had nothing to defend them against the Injuries of the Weather than Palm-Leaves, which they bind together to cover them. A gentle Wind blew

blew from the Sea, by Means whereof, the whole Town was in Flames in a Moment. All the People run to repulse the Violence of the Fire, and never greater Disorders were ever seen. Salame taking hold of the Confusion the Inhabitants of the Town were in, goes to his Boat, and beat a false Alarm, with four or five Drums, he had provided for his Defign, and having by Force of Oars push'd his little Boat on the Side of the Town. where was the King of Tidor's Prison; he came to't without being perceiv'd by any one; he landed with three of his Men, and came fo opportunely to the Gates of the Prison, that he found the Guards gone off, because they run, some to the Fire, and others to the Place where they heard the Alarm beat; they presently forc'd open the Gates, and found Mole bowed under his Chains, who waited for nothing less than to be deliver'd at that Moment : he knew not whether he awak'd or fleep'd ; and all that he could fay in this Surprize was, to demand of Salama, if Tider was altogether defolated? I will answer you to that another Time, (Salama told him.) The only Thing that you have to do at prefent, is to follow me. 'Tis not a Time to talk of inutil Things. The Prince, who could comprehend his good Fortune, made fome Difficulty of going out of Prison; but Salama apprehending the Miscarriage of his Design, was in Defpair: he could not forbear menacing of him; he even faid very hard Words to him, and taking, at the fame Time, his Chains in one Hand, and his Scimiter in the other, he laid flat all those who went about to oppose his retreat in the House. He was met in the Streets by Soldiers, who came back

back from the Fire. These Soldiers had a Mind to Rop him; but having with his Sword charg'd thro this Company, feconded only by his three Men, he had Means to recover his Boat, after having made all those fall on his right and left Hand, that dar'd to refift him. 'Twas thus that Fortune declar'd herfelf for the hardest Enterprize ever projected by Love. They were no fooner got into the Boat, but all four took the Oars, and rowing hard by mere Force, they arriv'd at Tidor before those of Ternate, who follow'd them very near, could come up. They were but just come, but the Noise of this Marvel was foread throughout the Isle; they all run in Heaps; nothing was heard but Acclamations-every where, and Cries of Rejoycing; one could hardly walk the Streets for the Crowd of People: every one had a Mind to fee the unfortunate and happy Monarch, that Salama had newly deliver'd. They could not forbear pursuing the Liberator; the Islanders call'd him their Saviour, and their Father, the Shield and Sword of Tidor. If Salama's Triumph had not the Magnificence of those of the Romans, one may fay, at least, it had fomething more grand; for, in fine, in Place of the Chains of the Captive Kings that the Emperors caus'd to be carry'd in Triumph, Salama made Shew of those of his King, that his Valour alone, that his Intrepidity alone, had knock'd off. Salama, with Prefence of Mind, had the Precaution to carry in his Boat, a Suit of Cloaths, of the richest and most Superbe, to add to his Triumph, all that was capable to make the Heart of the Princels fensible. The Moment he faw himfelf out of Danger, and that they drew near to Tidir, he put on this Habit bit, that of yellow and blue Satin; his Turban wae all cover'd with Feathers, that represented the Bird of the Sun; the Habit was of the Roman Fashion. but almost hid under a Cloak, ty'd to his Shoulder, with a Scarf, red, yellow, and blue; the Scimiter, wherewith he open'd his Passage in the Streets of Ternate, hung at a Golden Chain, on the Middle whereof, hung a Medal, whereon was the Princes's Picture, holding Nets, wherein the took an Infinity of Hearts; he carry'd one of these upon his Scimiter, and the other held the Chains of the King, who had not yet put them off. It was with this Equipage, follow'd by an innumerable Crowd of People, Salama came to the Royal Palace, where Quinaire waited for him at the Gate. As foon as he came near the Princess he fell on his Knee. Madam (faid he) behold the King your Brother, whom you have taken out of Prison at Ternate; his Delivery is the Work of your Hands; for, that which I have done, was no more than to render me worthy of the Recompence you have annex'd to it. Love his taken Pity on the lains that I fuffer fo long Time; Pains, without Doubt, the more cruel, that it was not permitted me to discover them: and, I dare fay, this God has done me Justice, in choosing me to break the Irons of the King of Tidor; fince the Passion I have always had for you in all my Life, has been as violent, as it has been respectful. Quixaire hearken'd to Salama somewhat coldly; all the Answer she made him was, They would talk of these Things in due Time. After which, she embracd her Brother, and having taken off his Chains, the condusted him to his Throne, giving so many Tokens of a seign'd Joy,

as the refented veritable Grief in her Heart. The Ceremonies of that Day were no fooner over but the Princess withdrew into her Apartment, where fhe made them know the had a Mind to be alone : her Women withdrew; and, 'twas then the abandon'd herfelf to Sighs, and let fall a Torrent of Tears, that the was forc'd to retain all the Day. To these Sighs and Tears, succeeded bitter Complaints. O! Gods (fhe faid) to what End do you referve this unfortunate Princess? I have fatigu'd you Foly Divinities, by my Vows, and by my Prayers; I have offer'd you a thousand Sacrifices to obtain the Return of the King my Brother; you have granted my Request; but, Alas! but, 'tis on a Condition fo hard, that I would fooner choose Death, than confent with my Life to accomplish it. Let Mole go again into Slavery, and his Enemy poffefs his Kingdom; and that my Days may be the most unfortunate, to which a Princess could be condemn'd to, provided I am not forc'd to obey your hard Laws: But, I do ill, great Gods, to accuse you, you never do any thing unjust. I ought only to accuse myself: Yes; 'tis myself that hath drawn all these Evils upon me; 'tis I myself that hath drawn on me all my Misfortunes. O! Dias! the bafest of all Men (she went on) I prove this Day for my Punishment; that all Men are vain and deceitful; and, that those of thy haughty Nation are infinitely more than others. Tears flop'd her Complaints, and while the shed a Deluge, she felt her Eye-lids grow heavy, and being overcome with Grief, she fell asleep. This Repose restor'd her Charms, and at the Time she began to awake, she faw the King come into her Chamber; the was oblig'd

blig'd that Day, and the two following, to constrain herself in a Manner the most cruel in the World; for, in fhort, twas all Festivals, Divertisements, and publick Rejoycings. Salama, in the mean Time, forgot nothing to make the Princess agree to the Recompence she had promis'd to him, that should deliver her Brother, the King : all the Court favourd him. Quixaire, who thought to gain Time, alledg'd little Excuses; but she faw herfelf to press'd, that the resolv'd to fee Dim: and to fee him the foonest that the Thing was possible. Quixane, her Aunt, gave her the Opportunity; the went to her the fourth Day after, where the found Dias with one of his Nephews, to whom the difcover'd his Love; for wanting a Confident, he made no bad Choice and natorally could not address better. Durane, and Rofa Peimra (it was his Nephew's Name) withdrew afide. Ournaire and Dias were a long Time alone, without talking; but, at laft, the Princels, after fome Sighs the fent forth, and were the Fore-junner of her Complaints; broke Silence. If all the World knew you, Dias, as I know you, at present (faid Quixaire, with an Air that shew'd her Difdain) it were in vain for you to make a Brag of your Bravery; I have try'd; the is but a Fantaim; and that you possess but a Shadow of that veritable Valour which ought to be the Lot of Men of War; the Peril that there was to deliver the King of Tidor made you afraid; and you would rather renounce a Glory, that would have immertaliz'd your Name, than expose yourself to the Rifgees you would have run in this Enterprize; and you choose rather to renounce the Possession of a Princess, who had the Weakness to give you her

her Heart: But, I am deceiv'd, Dias, and I do you wrong, in that Refpect; you have fac'd Death too often; you have expos'd your Life in too many Rencounters to doubt your Courage. No : Dias, I doubt it not; but, 'tis the Excess of my Grief, 'tis my Despair, that have forc'd out these Words: I cannot complain but of your Coldness; I cannot complain but of your Indifference; you lov'd me not enough to attempt the Delivery of my Brother; the Recompence that was promis'd to him that knock'd off his Irons, feem'd a fmall Thing to you to go and expose your Days. In the mean Time, I flatter'd myself that I could soften you; and you have flatter'd me yourfelf; But, all your Transports, all your Protestations, all your Oaths, ferv'd not now but to confirm me, that you are the most ungrateful, and the most unfaithful of all Men. Alas! I imagin'd in myself (said the Princess, deliriously) that your Heart was fo enflam'd, that it would outfhine the Fires of your famous Atna, when by a Prodigy, an impetuous South Wind drove all the Flames beyond the Ocean; but, I fee myfelf very much out in my Thought; your Heart to me is all Ice; and, I know, very well, that you have taken Pleasure to deceive a Princess, so unfortunate to have granted you all her Love. Dias, at these last Words, could not forbear interrupting Quixaire. If I would defend myfelf, unjust Princess (said he, putting a Knee to the Ground) I would befeech you to remember the Offer I made you, to execute blindly your Orders, without waiting those of my Sovereign, and the Commandment you made me. in the same Time, to wait his Orders, and the Forces, twas prudent to affemble, before I went to Ee engage

engage with a formidable Enemy. I could add to that, that it had been very difficil to foresee, and that Fortune would favour the most timerarious En erprize has ever been heard speak of, and that could not but enter into the Mind of the most audacious of all Men; but I will not justify myself at all: I am culpable, fince I have the Unhappiness to displease you; and, I see very well, I am not worthy any more to fee Day; pierce then, Princefs, pierce then this Heart, that has displeas'd you (Dias faid to her again, prefenting her his Sword) If you disdain to do it, I will pierce it with my own Hands. If these Hands (faid he forther) have not been hardy enough to dare to fled the Blood of your Enemies, they will now to shed my own, and destroy a Life that is odious to me, fince I have the Mistortune to be hated. He began already to turn the Point of his Sword against his Breast: but Ouixaire held back his Hand. No. Dias (fid the to him) your Life is necessary for me: 'tis not your Death that I ask. She rais'd him at the same Time, and taking him by the Hand, made him fit down by her. I alk your Pardon (she faid, presently to him) I am a little too forgetful : but 'tis to my Grief you must attribute it to, and not to an unfortunate Princess, who is not unfortunate but because she loves you. After a thousand Excuses of this Nature, that shew'd all the Vehemence of her Love, she made him a Recital of the Pursuits that Salama made, to oblige her to execute the Promise, to choose for her Spouse him who should deliver the King her Brother. This Prince, and all the Court (faid she further) interest themselves for him with the utmost Importunity. There

There is nothing they can fet on Foot to conclude a Marriage, to which, I will never confent. There is none but you (she said further, looking on him with Eyes, that shew'd a fort of Despair) there is none but you, Dias, that can deliver me from fo cruel a Purfuit; there is none but you that has Interest in it; there is none but you, in a Word, that I wait for Life or Death. Dias, in these Transports of his lov, promis'd her all; but in the mean Time, he was not so prompt to execute his Promife, when he came to make Reflection, he could not rid himself of Salama, without committing the most base of all Crimes, whether he did it by himfelf, or whether he did it by another; when he came to confider, that he could not but draw the Hatred, and the Contempt of the King of Tidor, but to expose his own Nation to the Aversion of a People, that 'twas the Interest of his Master to manage, besides drawing on himself a just Punishment; that he could not do it without dishonouring himself and his whole Life, to foul himself with an Action fo unworthy, as that of Salama was great and worthy of Admiration; he faw then, he had given too much Way to his Love, and the Acknowledgment he was oblig'd to have from the Amity of Ouixaire; he repented of his precipitate Promise, and indetermin'd, if he should hearken rather to the Voice of his Passion, than that of his Duty; he ask'd Time of himself, and was, in that Respect, at a Stand, that made the Princess loose Hope. Salama, in the mean Time, flept not, he forgot nothing to compass his Ends, and had so far fucceeded, that Quizaire could no longer defend herself from accepting his Offer.

It were difficil to describe the Condition this defolate Princess was in; she had concealed her Grief, in some Manner 'till then, but she was no longer her own Mistress; the only Course she had to take was, to avoid Day-light and Company, and that was it she took; she seign'd herself incommoded for some Days; she remain'd shot up in her Apartment, and if, during that Time, she was seen sometimes in Public, 'twas only to convince the whole Court by a veritable Sadness, that was painted in her Face, that her Retreat was not affected.

In the mean Time, Dias had little Regard to put in Practice to effectuate what he had promis'd to Quinaire, who was in mortal Inquietudes. One Day that the King had extreamly press'd this sad and afflicted Princess so far, that he said to her roundly, that he would oblige her to do that by Force that she refus'd to do with a good Will. That Day, Quixaire not knowing now what Way to take, to fend off a Stroak she look on as the greatest Misfortune that could ever happen to her; that Day, I fav, the went out with fome of her Maids, to take a Walk; her Delign was to meet Dias, to discover to him the Extremity to which she saw herfelf reduc'd, and to load him with Reproaches. Fortune, that had contriv'd Dias's Ruin, permitted not Quinaire to meet him; but, the Princess met-with Peinera, the Spaniard's Nephew, who was in the Plot, as I have faid; she call'd him the Moment the faw him, and afk'd him where Dies was. Peinera, answer'd, he was gone to walk to a Fortrefs, that was at the End of the Island, to give Order for fome Works; and he added, at the fame Time, if the thought him capable of doing her

any Service, he should be as ready to do it as his Uncle could. Alas! (Quinaire faid to him) tis no great Matter: however, I thank you for your Offer, you have very much oblig'd me. This Answer made Peinera very bold, to presume to let her see he was of the Number of those that ador'd her. He was a young Man, not unhandsome, who was brave and enterprizing, but, who was fill'd with Vanity and Prefumption, and had as many bad Qualities, as Dias had of Generofity, and Greatness of Soul. He lov'd Quixaire to Extremity, tho' he had never declar'd it to her, and nothing would have feem'd difficil to him that Quixaira would have employ'd him in, if the had order'd him the most horrible of all Crimes. One would be furpriz'd, I assure myself, that that Princess could charm Spaniards; for, I doubt not but one would imagine, that Quinaire being born in the Moluccoes, that are directly under the Equinodial Line, was an Ethiopian Beauty, little capable, by Confequence, of charming Europeans. Those that were of this Mind are deceiv'd, I own, that those that inhabit these Islands are black, because they are expos'd continually to the Heat of the Sun, which they take no Care to avoid; but they are not born with this Colour. I believe, thereupon, those that have describ'd these Countries, do affure us, that there are Women who are very white, and that they are so always, when they take the necessary Precautions to preferve their flue. Their Hair is of the same Colour with the Gold that is brought out of these Countries; they twist some Part, where they flick Flowers and Palm, and let the rest hang down, which fets them off very much; they drefs magmagnificently, their Habit is of the Persian Mode, ordinarily enrich'd with Jewels, and great Neck-laces of Pearls, which the Country much abounds in. This Digression was necessary, to make appear, that the Beauty of this Princess was not Beauty in Idea, that her Charms were real, and they were even to our Fancy, that agrees not with a Beauty

purely American.

Quixaire, fo very handsome as she was, 'twas no furnizing Thing, that Pernera, feeing her often, was taken with her Charms; he durit not discover the Fire that burnt in his Heart. I have faid already, he imagin'd and with Reason, he should have difcover'd it inutilly; the Princels must love Dias. Silence was the only Side he could take, and he took it too, 'till then; but feeing Quixaire irritated against Dias, he made Use of the Occasion, which certainly was favourable; he thought the would hearken for Disdain to a Declaration, that would have offended on any other Rencounter; and to come the more fecurely to his Ends, he caus'd a Picture of Dias to be made, that gave so great a Blow to the Heart of this blind Princess, that the felt that very Moment, that this Lover, worthy of a better Destiny, was become unworthy of her Affection, and her Tenderness. You miy imagine, divine Princels (said the base Peinera to her, finiling) that Dias lov'd you veritably. I was sufficiently convinc'd of the contrary. You fee it now with your own Eyes. Yes: I knew, adorable Quixgire, I knew he lov'd you not; but who durft (faid he further) ever disabuse you? I have a thousand Times detefted his Ingratitude, and his Perfidy. I have groan'd a thousand Times at your Creduli-

ty: But is it not true, that if I had taken the Liberty to have touch'd upon't before you were convinc'd, that he betray'd you, you would have taken me myself for ungrateful and perfidious? I call to Witness the Gods, whom I adore, that I abhor Baseness; that I have chang'd into veritable Hatred, the Affection which Blood oblig'd me to have for him. Yes: I call the immortal Gods to Witness, that every Time that I saw myself oblig'd to carry you the feign'd Affurances of his Fidelity, I would have chosen Death sooner than have been the Instrument of so black a Treachery; but, I should have purish'd myself, since I should have been depriv'd, for ever, of feeing your fair Eyes. What then can you expect from a Man, that so many Benefits you have heap'd upon him, could not attendrize of a Man, that after fo much Love you have fhew'd him, could not be constant to you? I know very well what he will answer; if you make him new Approaches, he will alledge his Religion: he will alledge you his Conscience; he will alledge the Managements he ought to have for his Master. Ah! Princess (cry'd out the perfidious Peinera) 'tis to love feebly, when one can hearken to other Laws than those of Love. For me, be perswaded, the Moment that I ador'd you, I facrific'd to you both my Religion and my King; and if it were only to gain some Place in your Heart, I should think of nothing but facrificing to you Salama, but to facrifice to you Dias. This Iron, that I wear by my Side, should quickly fend their base Souls to People the Kingdom of Darkness. The Despair the Princess was in, made her hearken to Peinera tranquilly. Tis true, the accepted not the Offer he made her;

but the did not forbid him washing his paricide Hands in the Blood of unhappy Dins. Peinera continu'd for some Days to entertain her with such Discourfes : Quinaire never answer'd positively : but Peinera, who clearly faw on his Side, that the Princefs was convine'd, that Dies lov'd her not; and concluded of the other, that he could not fail to love her, when Dias and Salama were remov'd out of the Way. Peinera, the unnatural Peinera, form'd a base Resolution to massacre 'em both with

his own Hands.

While Dias's Nephew took Measures to execute the horrible Project, he had meditated in his Heart, Salama did all he could to discover, what might be the Caufe of the Princes's Inquietudes; he foon perceiv'd the had an Affection for Dias, and there wanted no more to convince him, that Dias was the only Obstacle that oppos'd his Happiness. He was not discourag'd, however; and as he had Authority, in some Manner, to take the Liberty that a common Lover durst not take, he resolv'd one Night to go into Quixaire's Apartment; he gain'd one of her Maids that ferv'd her, to hide him in the Palace, and, one Night, when he well knew the was alone, he went boldly into her Chamber, and fell on his Knees. Quixaire was extreamly alarm'd, the cry'd out, the thed Tears, the reproach'd him for his Temerary; the put herfelf in a Posture to defend herfelf, thinking that Salama would use fome Violence. Salama remain'd unmovable, and in Silence: but after that the Princess had done talking and complaining, he began to speak. I own (faid he, with a fubmissive Air) illustrious Princels, that my Enterprize is indiscreet; but be not alarm'd, I shall

I shall not fail of Respect. Hearken one Moment to a Wretch, and punish him afterwards: If that which he has faid give you Offence, he will fubmit to the Stroak of his Destiny, without murmuring, how rigorous foever it be. You know it, Quixaire, you do not avoid the Light but to avoid me; your Retreat is an affected Retreat, and only with Design to avoid me; that you avoid since, for fome Time, all the World. The Gods (he went on) the Gods themselves, who know what you have promis'd them, will approve of my Temerity: 'tis they that have inspir'd it to me, and even confent to the innocent Frolic I have us'd, to make you remember, what, without Doubt, you have forgot, that I am the happy Man, but, at the fame Time, the unfortunate Salama, who, by their Affistance, and the Force of my Love, deliver'd the King your Brother. I shall say no more: I am ready, prefently, to banish myself for ever, from your Presence, if you require this Sacrifice. Pronounce the Sentence, adorable Princess; I will obey: I will never prefent myself in my Life before your Eyes; I will go feek Death, the Gods will not refuse it me, too happy in dying, to make you happy; for, I cannot now be ignorant, that nothing but my Death can calm in your Heart, the frightful Tempest that disturb'd it. Salama made an End of these Words, when he burst forth into a Torrent of Tears, and he was going to relieve himself by going out of the Chamber, when Quinaire drawing near to the Place, where he was still upon his Knees, the took him up herfelf. Salama faid she to him, imbracing him, and causing some Tears on her fide to fall, Salama, you have vanquish'd

quish'd me, I can no longer resist your Submissions, and your Love: I acknowledge, in short, that I could not without the last Ingratitudes, refuse you an Heart, and an Hand, whereof you have render'd yourself so worthy: This Heart, and this Hand, are yours; you may leave me without this Assurance. Then when the Sons of Priam went out of the Ports of Greece, glorious of the Conquest of the greatest Beauty there was in the World, selt not a Joy suitable to that which Salama selt; 'tis not difficil to conceive how great his Joy was. Let

us leave this happy Lover for a Moment.

Peinera, who could know nothing of what pass'd; dispos'd all Things to let the Princess see nothing was difficil when any thing was to be done to pleafe her; he affected, during some Days, not to see her at all, because he would not present himself to her, but in giving her certain Proofs, that his Obedience, and his Love, had no Limits: His Project was difficil, nor was it less dangerous; but, he took fo good Meafures, that whofoever he was, he could not suspect him, for an Action the most detestable that a Man could be capable of committing. The fad Day he had chosen, to execute his black Paracide, he went to a Fortress, that was at the other End of the Island, and that was but two Leagues distant from the Town; he staid there all the Day, and as tranquille as ever he was, without feeling the least Remorfe; he diverted himfelf with the Officers 'till Nght; the Hour to execute his infamous Plot drew near; he feign'd a little Indisposition; he retir'd into his Chamber, and went to Bed; the Lacqueys that undress'd him withdrew; he arose a few Moments after, and going out by a Postern,

Postein, whereof he had the Key, he went strait to the Town, whither he came a little before Midnight. Dias's House had false Doors, it was not difficil for him to go in; he hid himself in a little Closet, and when he thought they were all profoundly afleep, he went into Dias's Chamber, drew near his Bed, and finding him bury'd in Sleep, he gave him Blow upon Blow, two or three Times, with a Dagger in his Breaft; thus ended the Days of this Man, so worthy of a better Destiny. The base Peinera, contrary to his Intention, render'd him a very good Office, for he would not have furviv'd one Moment the Happiness of Salama, who, at last, was to be the Spouse of Quixaire. Dias died without making the least Noise. Peinera withdrew as foon as he had feen the Effect of his Blow, and coming to the Fortress, he went to Bed again, without being perceiv'd by any one. The News of the tragical Death of Dias was quickly fpread about; 'twas known in the Fortress the next Day, betimes in the Morning; Peinera feem'd to be in Despair; he rises, and runs to the Town; he weeps on his Uncle's Corpse; he swears, he would omit nothing to discover the Assassins; he caus'd all the Domesticks to be arrested; he put fome upon the Rack; he menaces Heaven and Earth; he is all inflam'd with Fury: Peinera did, in a Word, all that Refentment and Revenge could infpire, or any veritable Grief.

Three or four Days pass'd, that *Peinera* went not to the Palace; he had resolv'd not to go 'till he had done as much to *Salama* as he had to *Dias*; but having met with Difficulties he little thought of, he thought he had no longer to wait, to go

Ff 2

and acquaint the Princels in what Manner he had taken to execute this barbarous Tragedy; he had a Mind to affure her, at the fame Time, that he would foon deliver her from Salama; but, just as he was going into Ouixaire's Apartment, Salama and he met: Peinera thought he ought not let flip an Occasion that seem'd so favourable to him, to free himself of a second Rival, that had not given him less Jealousy than what Dias had given him; he prefently took his Sword in Hand, and thought to give him a Blow, against which it were in vain to parry; but Salama, who had some Inkling of Peinera's Defign, stood fo well upon his Guard, that he was in a Posture of Defence, as soon as the Spaniard was ready to attack him; the Skirmish was thort and vigorous; Salama receiv'd two or three Blows, that only grated his Skin, but he made fo furious a Pass at him, that he laid him dead at his Feet. All the Court run to the Place where this Skirmish was made, and whilst some fled, or cry'd out, as they were more or less affrighted, or interested in this Affair, Salama went into Quixaire's Chamber, who understood, with a great deal of Joy, the Death of Peinera, more than when the heard that of Dias, whose Fortune she lamented in her Heart, as ungrateful as she believ'd him. Salama, by the Princes's Order, retir'd into a Fortress he was Governor of; some Days after, in the View of the King, and the People, he folemnly espous'd the Princess; and Mole dying afterwards, Salama was elected King of Tidor.

By the Taste and Humour I know you of, you detest the base Peinera; you lament the unfortunate

nate Dias; and, you are overjoy'd that Salama has been happy: But, I am convinc'd, Alcidiana, you are not altogether pleas'd with Quixaire; there is, in effect, fomething in this Princess, that pleases not over-much: It feems, that having the Perfections attributed to her, fhe abandon'd herfelf fo much to Love and Revenge, and by the divers Motions she made at every Turn, she shewed a Weakness, that suits not with an Heroine: Let us agree, however, Alcidiana, the was in a terrible Situation, loving fo strongly as she lov'd, and thinking herfelf, at the same Time despis'd; there is no Heroine on these Occasions, that holds, but warps fometimes at least. For Salama, there is no body. I affure myself, but thinks him worthy of his Happiness; and, if it had not cost Dias his Life, he would appear with a great deal of Satisfaction upon the Throne of Tidor, and in the Arms of the Princess; allow it him, divine Alcidiana. Salama merited, without Doubt, that Quixaire should recompence both his great Action, and his Constancy; but allow, besides, there are Lovers of Salama's Character, that are more unhappy than this Islander.

You know there Equals are to Salama, In Love and Bravery, and all that's gay, Who go without the Recompence he had, Whose Fortune wou'd have made them all so glad.



NOVEL





## NOVEL V.

# CONSTANCIA,

THE

## Illustrious Chambermaid.

Quien determina a se cafár A sus verinos ha de mirar.

He that refolves to marry should regard, How with his nearest Neighbours it has far'd.



HERE liv'd in the famous City of Burgos, not long fince, two Knights, that were very rich, the one call'd Don Diego ( Carriaffe, and the other, Don Fuan de Avendania. Don Diego had one Son, Don Juan had another; we will call them by their

Fathers Names.

Carriasse was but thirteen Years old when he had a great Delire to ramble, to that Degree, that he strip'd his Father's House, and went to travel the World; he was so pleas'd with the Freedom of Life he enjoy'd, that he took Pleafure in the Incommodities and Miseries such an unworthy Life brings along with it; hard'ned to all forts of Fatigues; infenfible of Cold or Heat; impenetrable to Grief; and became so able in the Trade he had undertaken to profess, that he could have instructed the famous Guzman of Alfarache. One may fay, however, that Carrialle had not entirely torgotten what he was; he diffinguish'd himself by a Generosity, that render'd him respectable to his Comrades. He was above all extreamly fober; and when he could not excuse himself from Company, where he must drink, he knew how to take so just a Mein, that he never lost his Reason. To speak all, in one Word, the World faw in Carriaffe, what, perhaps, was never feen; a Rambler virtuous and honourable: a Rambler who had Politeness, and, who, without a Shew of Affectation, obf rv'd even in his meanest Actions, all the good Breeding, that Persons the best elevated, are accustom'd to observe. He pass'd thro' all the Degrees of Rambling, and took his Licences at the Peche de des Thons, which is the Top Miferable Cripples, that ply at the Gates. of Towns and Churches, that run half naked upon their Crutches, whifiling, without Fear, either of the Heats of the Dig Days, or the Frofts of the coldest Winters, as if you were all Visage, wicked Embrio's, that feem to have nothing of Man; you are so counterfeit, and out of Shape, that you are a Difgrace to Nature, Crump-backs,

that rather carry than walk, with that Part of the Body that remains to you; Cut-purfes in the Market-Place of Madrid: Pannier-makers of Seville: in a Word, all the innumerable Company of those, comprized under the Name of Beggars, presume never to brag, to have been, or are, if they have not pass'd two Carriers in this famous Peche: 'tis there as in the Center, Idleness encounters with Labour : Want with abundance; Slavery with Liberty; 'tis there the Art is to be learnt, of not finking under Afflictions, how grievous foever they may be; where Troubles are not felt; where Fatigue has Attractions: and, where the Disagreements of Servitude are drown'd in the Sweetness of Libertinage; 'tis there where Vice has nothing that is shameful; where Lying and Ill-behaviour are Signs of Wit; where Theft is tolerated and encourag'd; 'tis there where Gaming and Dancing, where idle Songs, Murmurings, and abundance of other Divertifements, one cannot describe, begin regularly every Evening, 'till the Sun precipitates into the bitter Waves of the Ocean; and, generally all Days confecrated to Saints, or that threaten some Tempest: Never was Life to happy as to live without Ambition, and without Glory, when Virtue is trodden under Foot, and, that which Men call Honour: This Life, in the mean Time, all fweet and voluptuous, (as I have represented it) does not want its Bitternesses, (as I have sufficiently infinuated : But that which makes it the most disagreeable, that those are so blind to choose it voluntarily, and prefer it before any other, never fleep foundly; for, 'tis certain, they are under perpetual Apprehensions, to be taken and carry'd away Captive into Barbary,

'Tis very true, that in the Night-time they retire into certain Towers, that are upon the Coast of the Sea; they place at the Gates, and principal Avenues of the Shore, Centinels, that awake and go the Round, whilft they fleep: But it has happen'd. nevertheless, more than once, that Guards and Strollers, Boats and Lading, have been Prize to the Infidels: And that those that lay at Zabara, which is the Place of this Peche, at Night, have been carry'd

next Morning to Tetuan.

These Fears were not capable of disgusting Carrialle. He was three Years in this School, where among other Qualities he acquir'd, he became fo able a Gamster, that in the End of that Time, he found himself worth seven or eight hundred Rials he had gotten at Play. This Sum, fo confiderable by Report of the Condition of Life he had been pleas'd to choose, made him begin to consider; he thought he ought to return to Burgos, fince he could do it with Honour; he thought it was Time to go and agreeably furprize his Father; that he ought, by his Return, to go and suppress the Alarms his Flight had caus'd; to go and dry up the Tears, and draw him out of the cruel Incertitudes he might be in, if he was either dead or living. or loaden with Chains by the Moors. This Refolution was no fooner taken but he made ready to execute it; he took Leave of his Friends, at a Time they least expected it; he embrac'd 'em with the utmost Tenderness, and said to 'em, weeping, That he left 'em not for good-and-all; that he left his Heart at Zahara, and that he would fee 'em again the Spring following; nothing but Death could hinder his Design, that surmounted all other Obstacles whatfoever

Carriaffe, who certainly had Wit, entertain'd presently Don Diego Carriasse his Father with his Travels. He told him, that not to be discover'd, he had taken the Name of Urdial; he related to him a thousand furprizing Adventures; he told him what had happen'd to him, wherein he was not concern'd; but they were made up of Fictions for agreeable, so circumstanciated, and spoke with so great an Air of Sincerity, that Don Diego would have believ'd him if he had not been his Father: He talk'd to him of a thousand different Places where he had never been; but he took Care not to fav one Word of Zahara, altho' it was that which occur'd most to his Mind, and where his Heart was entirely engag'd, especially when he saw the Time draw near he had promis'd to go to his Friends again. Hunting his Father delighted in, and often made it his Diversion; but was none to him; he was weary of Festivals, Promenades, Spectacles, in all parts of Pleafure; nothing feem'd comparable to the Sweetness of the Life he had met. Burgos had nothing could please him; nothing that could make him forget, but for one Moment, those charming Cheats, that had enchanted him, and whom he regarded as the only Good that could make him veritably happy. 'Tis thus a Man fuffers himfelf Gg 2 to. to be feduc'd, that he becomes his own Cully, and taking the Shadow for the Body, he runs not only after Fancies, but after Fancies the most hideous.

Thomas of Avendania, Son of Don Juan de Avendania, who had been to visit Carriaffe several Times, vifited him again; in the mean Time, he meditated in his Heart to escape the second Time from his Father's House, and took the right Meafures to make his Design succeed. He found him fad and pensive. What is the Matter, Carriasse? (faid young Avendania to him) I find thee extreamly melancholy; we are Friends from our Infancy: we conceal'd nothing from one another formerly, now 'tis nothing fo. Is it an Absence of many Years has so chang'd thee, that thou hast never till now, made a Mistery of thy Troubles? For, I perceive clearly, thou haft fome that devour thee. I was never inconstant. Carriasse answerd him: And never any one made me the like Roproach. What I have lov'd once, I love always; and to give thee a double Proof, I will open to you my whole Heart. He then discover'd his Design to him, and made him fo handsome a Picture of the Peche of Zahara, that Avendania was enchanted with it. Far from blaming the Resolution thou hast taken, I exhort thee to execute it (Avendania answer'd him.) That which pleases, is always that which makes the veritable Happiness: But this is not all, I will accompany thee whitherfoever thou goest, and go and enjoy for a While those sweet Pleasures, whereof thou hast given me so agreeable an Idea. Carriasse, who expected not that, had as much loy as Surprize. They embrac'd; they made a thousand Reciprocal Promises; and from that Time

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Time forward, they took Care to provide as much Money as was possible. Avendania was to return within two Months to Salamanea, where he had begun his Study. Carriasse let his Father know he had a Mind to go thither with his Friend. I am yet (said he to him) of a veritable Age to learn Languages, and the Sciences, and I will make so good Use of my Time, as will satisfy you. The Design pleas'd Don Diego, he was even extraordinarily pleas'd; he talk'd of it presently to Don Juan de Avendania, who gave him Joy. The two Fathers resolv'd, in fine, that their Sons should go to Salamanea, and that they should study there

together.

The Time for their Departure being come, they were provided with the Money they wanted, and a Governor, who had more of the Honest Man than the Prudent and Covetous. They receiv'd their Parents Bleffing; they promis'd Mountains and Wonders, and took their Journey on two good Mules, with two Servants, and the Governor, who had let his Beard grow to have the more Majesty, and inspire the more Respect. They came to Valledolid, and as their Delign was very foon to give their Blow, they faid to their Governor, that they desir'd to sojourn two Days in that Town, to visit what was curious in it. The Governor, thereupon, gave a gross Reprimand, and said to 'em, with a fevere Air, citing divers Apothegms of the Ancients, that they had no Time to loofe, and that their Bufiness was to arrive as foon as they could at the Place where they ought to apply to their Studies: That they could not come Time enough: for Time lost was never to be recover'd; and that he

he could not confent they should stay one Moment! only to amuse themselves to see Nicknacks. See here how far this Governor's Ability extended. In the mean Time, our young Men perlisted to ask him to grant 'em, at least, one Day, to see the Fountain of Argalles, whereon they wrought at that Time on the fumptuous Aqueduets, that were to bring Water to the Town. He durft not any longer contend, in refuling them; but it was, however, with a great deal of Regret and Repugnance. He had a Mind to fave the Expence of this Visit, and go and lye in a Village, from whence he might arrive in two Days at Salamanca; but if he had his Views, his Pupils had theirs, which they defign'd to execute the fame Day, which they had provided for already, in feizing of four hundred Crowns of Gold he had in his Portmantua,

As foon as Carriasse and Avendania had obtain'd Leave to go fee this Fountain, fo famous for its Antiquity, and its Waters, they mounted their Mules, and took one Servant with them. They came to the Place very foon, and hefore they difmounted, they gave a Letter to the Servant, to return incessantly, and give it to their Governor, and afterwards go and wait for 'em at one of the Gates of the Town, that led to the Fountain. The Servant went his Way, and they the same Instant fac'd about to gain Ground. They went the fame Day to lodge at Modadas, where they fold their Mules, and chang'd their Cloaths for courfer. Being equip'd as they wish'd, they made no great Stay in this Capital of Spain; they went on Foot to Toledo, well fatisfy'd, and well pleas'd: But the Governor was in great Anguish when he receiv'd

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the Letter from the Servant, who faithfully deliver'd it, and was couch'd in these Terms:

2 OU may, Sir, if you please, return to Burgos, and take the Pains to say to our Fathers, having maturely consider'd that Arms are more proper for Gentlemen than Learning, we have resolv'd to change Salamanca for Brussels; and Spain for the Low-"Countries. We have the four hundred Crowns. We are willing you should know it, to prevent iyour Trouble for 'em; And for the Mules, we design to sell them. The Side we have taken, which is so worthy of Persons of Quality, and the long Journey we are to take, is a legitimate Excuse, that we hope this Fault will be pardon'd. Our Departure is now; but our Return when God pleases; whom we pray to take you to his Protestion. From the Fountain of Argalles.

#### CARRIASSE, And, AVENDANIA

Don Pedro Alanzo (that was the Governor's Name) was mightily surprized at the reading of this Letter; the first Thing he did, was to look for the Poitmantua, he found it empty; Carriasse and Avendania had told no Lye; his Disorder was not small, he took a thousand chimeric Resolutions; but, after all, they seem'd impracticable, and not knowing what Saint he should apply himself to, he return'd to Burgos, where he was not overwell received; 'tis not difficil to comprehend it:

For, Carriaffe and Avendania; they purfued their Way; and having met in their Journey a little Inn, they stop'd there to ease and refresh themfelves. They were not alone in this Place; they went aside to talk together; but that hindered them not from conversing with two Servants, very fharp, that came out with a thousand little Tales for Laughing; one came from Toledo, the other was going thither. 'Tis Time to part, and make the best of our Way (faid the first, turning to him that was going to Toledo) 'tis now Day 'till Night comes, and the best of Friends must part at last: But before we part, I have a Word of Advice for thee. Go not to the Inn where thou doft commonly lodge: if thou wilt agreeably feed thine Eyes, go lodge at Sevillan's House, where thou wilt fee the handsomest Maid, perhaps, that is in the World: I shall not draw her Picture, I have no Expressions strong enough nor quick enough. All that I shall fay to convince thee is, that the Mayor's Son dies for Love of her, and does a thousand Fooleries to make her love him. The Master whom I serve. who is a Gentleman well-made, is no less a Fool than the Mayor's Son; he is resolved, after a little Journey he is to take, to go and encamp two or three Months at Toledo in the same Inn, for nothing else but the Pleasure to see this Girl : the other Views he has I know nothing of: but I am very much afraid, he will not find what he loofes, for she's terribly fierce. I pinch'd her once, and all that I got, was a Blow, the finest I ever had in my Life; never was any thing colder or more difdainful; 'tis a Rose stuck round with Thorns: he is an happy Man that can pluck it without

without pricking his Fingers; I leave the Conquest therefore to him that will undertake it; for I fee well enough, I should loose but my Steps and my Pains: tis a Bit for an Arch-Deacon, or an Earl: I thall trouble myself no farther about her. The two Servants parted: Carrielle and Avendania began their Tourney : half an Hour after they discours'd of divers Things, and the Servant, of whom fuch Wonders were told, was not forgot: They shew'd both of 'em a Defire to fee her, particularly Avendania, who felt already fomething for her, fo great an Impression had the Picture of her Beauty made upon his Mind. They came at last to Toledo. Carriasse. who had been before in this City, went strait to Sevillan's House; but, as it was the most famous Inn of the City, where none refided, but People with great Equipages, they durst not at first aft for Lodging there. Let us go look for a Lodging fomewhere else (faid Carriasse) we are weary, and 'tis late, this Lodging agrees not with us; fuch as we are, they will drive away, as those that fart in a Church, and Reason good. We shall have Occasion to-morrow to see this Girl, who, perhaps, is not fuch, as 'tis faid; for my Part, (faid he further) I have as good as feen her, and I shall have no Regret to go to Bed without gratifying my Eyes, provided I find a Place where I may fun and fleep well, if it were in the poorest Cott. I would not rest here upon the Pavement one Moment more, if it were to fee the Pyramides of Egypt, and all the Seven Wonders of the World. Avendania was not of this Mind; Carriaffe's Representations did but provoke him; he lean'd at the Inn Door, in Hopes at last, to see appear this Hh celebrated celebrated Servant, whose Idea posses'd him en-

tirely: it had already turned his Brain.

Night was now advanc'd; the Servant appear'd not : Carriasse began to be uneasy : but Avendania. who had no Stomach to eat, nor go to Bed, went out, of a Suddain, into the Court of the House, under Pretence, to inform himself, if certain Gentlemen of Burgos, who were going to Seville, and lodg'd there ordinarily, were not yet come. He had hardly made two Steps, but he perceived a young Girl, of about 15 Years old, clad like a Country-Woman, holding a Candle lighted in her Hand; this Object affected him, he was smitten; in Effect, this young Girl was of an extraordinary Beauty. Avendania was so taken up, that he minded Ncthing but her Contemplation from Head to Foot, without Power to open his Mouth to fay one Word. What do you look for, my Friend? (faid the Girl to him) Do you belong to any of the Gentlemen that lodge here? I am no body's but your's, (answer'd Avendania, all in a Trouble.) Go your Ways, my Friend, (the Girl answer'd disdainfully) those that ferve have no Occasion for Servants: Then calling the Landlord of the Inn, the bid him know of that young Man what he would have, What do you ask? (said the Landlord presently to him.) I look for two Gentlemen of Burges, who go to Seville, who lye, or are to lye here; I belong to one of those Gentlemen, and I am to wait for 'em at your House. It was reply'd, that he might wait there. Order then (faid Avendania) that they make ready a Chamber for one of my Comrades and for me. It shall be done (faid the Landlord of the House then) and in that Instant, turning . turning to the Girl, gave her his Orders; after which the withdrew, and Avendania went to Carriasse. He made Recital, in a Manner so confus'd: that Carriasse saw plainly what his Friend had upon Wing; he would not however let him know it, nor quarrel with him 'till he had first seen the Object of this growng Flame, that feem'd to him fo extraordinary; they went into the Inn; and Arguillia, who was a Woman of forty five Years of Age, Chamberlain of the Beds and Furniture of the Chambers, shew'd 'em into a little Chamber, that pleas'd 'em. They call'd for Supper. Arguillia answer'd 'em, they dress'd no Meat for any one in that Inn: That, in Truth, they might drefs for those that lodg'd there, what they bought, or cause to be bought themselves; but she advis'd 'em to go fup at a little Tavern that was in the Neighbouhood, which she shew'd 'em: They made use of her Advice; but if Carriaffe eat heartily, Avendania eat but little, he was fo posses'd with Constancia, (that was the Servant's Name) that it was impossible for him to tafte what they brought him. Carriasse was sufficiently convincid, that Avendania was really taken; but, to be fully affur'd, he faid, going back to the Inn, they should go to Bed as foon as they went in; for, 'tis necessary, (said he) that we arise very early, that we may reach Orguz before the Heats furprize us. We are not there yet (faid Avendania) for, before I part from this City, I am refolved to fee all that is Remarkable: as, the Caverns of the Enchanted Tower; the Forest of the Hundred Girls; the Ruins of the Machine; the Moors Invention to throw up Water out of the Tagus; the King's Garden, and generally

rally all the Reliques they shew in their Churches. I agree (answer'd Carriasse) we shall see that in two Days. I will fee it at Leafure (reply'd Avendania) We do not run after a Benefice, ha! ha! (reply'd Carriaffe) I have taken you at the Hop, and you shall not escape me, my poor Friend: I know now, Toledo has more of your Heart than our Journey. I own it (faid Avendania, interrupting him) I can as foon depart from Conftancia as I can from myfelf: Love is like Fire, neither the one nor the other can be hid. The Resolution is good, without doubt (reply'd Carriaffe) and worthy of Don Juan de Avendania's Son, young, rich, and well-made as he is, and one of the most il-Justrious Families of Castile. My Resolution is very near as noble as thine (faid Avendania) for, in fine, to do thee Justice, my good Friend, Art not thou the Son of Don Diego Carrieffe, Knight of the Order of Alcantara? Art not thou his eldest Son? Is it not thou that ought to succeed to his Dignities, and his great Estates? In the mean time, Has thy Inclination any Thing that answers to what thou art, and what thou ought'ft to be in Time? Thou art in Love as I am, and of whom? Of the Peche of Zahara. One Inclination is as good as the other. Thou beatest me with the fame Weapons I have beat thee with, my dear Avendania (answer'd Carriasse.) I have nothing to reply to thee: Let us stop there, and go to Bed; perhaps, To-morrow, we shall be wifer (faid Avendania, finiling) When thou hast feen Constancia (faid he, further) I am certain then, thou wilt use other Language. I fee plainly (faid Carriaffe) where all this will end, and in what, (Avendania interinterrupted) 'Tis answer'd Carriasse, that I shall go to my Peche, and there will stay with Constancia. I shall not be so happy (cry'd out Avendania, sighing.) Nor I (said Carriasse again) so complaisant, and so much my own Enemy, to renounce for thee an Happiness so solid, and so real, as

thine is chimerical and imaginary.

They came to the Inn, where the Conversation continued, within a little on the same Tone. At last they went to Bed, and fell asleep; but they hardly repos'd one Hour but they were wak'ned with a Symphony of divers Instruments, they heard in the Street. They fate upon the Bed, and hearkening a little: I will lay a Wager 'tis Day (faid Carriasse) and that there is a Festival in some Church of the Neighbourhood. Thou art deceiv'd (anfwer'd Avendania) 'tis not so long we have been to fleep, that it can be Day already. In this Moment, they heard one knock at the Chamber Door, and cry'd out to 'em, if they would hear the finest Music in the World, they should presently arife, and go to the Grates in the Hall, that look'd into the Street; they presently went thither, and there were three or four Strangers that made Room for 'em at the Windows; and a little Time after, they heard a Confort of Lutes, Harps, Bafe-Viols, and a marvellous Voice, that fung these Words:

Thou art not of mortal Race;
The Gods above might give thee Place.
Some new Catastrophe, will discover
Thy Pedigree, and happy Lover.

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A Ruby has less Fire than thy bright Eyes: The fairest Planet in Confusion lies: Then leave this Way of Life to lesser Beauties; Silvia the Charming may command all Duties.

> Queen of Hearts, Beauty divine, Thy Forehead shews thy Origin.

'Twas unnecessary to tell Carriasse and Avendama, that this Music was for Constancia. The Words of this Air were clear, there was no room to make the least Doubt. Avendania was mov'd; he was in Inquietude: We will fay better, he was tormented with a strange lealousy: He knew no more now where he was: That which redoubled his Diforder was, that he knew not the Concurrent that came to cross the Conquest he had a Mind to make; but he was foon inform'd. Is it possible? (faid one, all of a fuddain (one of those that were at the Grates of the Balcony) Is it possible that the Mayor's Son should so forget himself, as to amuse himself to give Serenades to a Servant? I own that this Girl is well shap'd, and, perhaps, the prettieft that is any where to be feen; but in fine, the is a Servant, and he courts her too publicly. That which I find to fay more (faid another) is, that he puts himself to inutil Charges, and makes Motions to no Purpose. The Girl answers not in any Manner his Love: she would never so much as hearken to him; and at the Time we are talking, the is in Bed, very tranquille, in her Mistress's Chamber, where the can hear nothing that is done in the Street. She is virtuous, all those that know her agree; and as the had Prudence also in a great MeaMeasure, she knows very well the Risque she should run, if the should amuse herself to open her Ears to Flatteries, her Beauty might produce; for that Reason she is insensible, at least, to avoid Occasions, wherein she might be oblig'd to hearken to

Courtship.

Avendania began to take Heart at these Words. They heark'ned to the rest of the Serenade: they went on to elevate Conftancia up to the Skies: But Conftancia troubl'd herfelf very little about it; she flept profoundly. At last the Musicians withdrew. Carriasse and Avendania went to Bed again, to wait for Day. Day came, and 'Constancia appear'd a thousand Times more beautiful than the Morning; Her Dress was a Gown of a little green Stamel, with a Petticoat of the fame Stuff, the Lining of a Colour a little less lovely, suited it very well, her Neckcloth was embroider'd with black Silk, she had Pendants in her Ears, that look'd like two Pearls, but yet were but Glass, and her Hair, which was an admirable Flaxen, was ty'd with a Ribband. This was her Drefs. She wore St. Francis's Girdle, and on her right Side a Girdle, on which hung many Keys. When she went out of her Mistress's Chamber, the first Objects that presented themselves to her Eyes, were Carriasse and Avendania; she presently turn'd away her Head, and profrating herfelt before an Image, that was in a Nick of the Wall, she withdrew, to go to call Arguillia, who was not up yet.

Without diffembling, Carriaffe was charm'd with Constancia. He was of the same Mind, that she was a perfect Beauty, that, in a Word, she was above all the Commendations the World gave her; but he was not in Love, he had other Intrigues in his Head.

A Moment after, Arguillia came out, with two other young Women of Gallioia, that were also Servants in the same House. At the same Time, Servants from all Sides, run about to ask for Oats of the Landlord, who, when he gave it 'em, made a thousand Imprecations against his Maids, that were the Cause (said he) that one of the best Domestics in the World had left him. Avendania, who from the Top of the Stair-case perceiv'd the Landlord's Disorder, endeavour'd to make use of this Occasion, to offer him his Service. trouble yourfelf about it (faid he to him) you may recover what you have loft, only give me your Book of Accounts, I will discharge that Function while I am here, and I warrant you, I shall please you very well. I will take you at your Word (answer'd the Landlord) and I take the Offer very kindly : for, as I cannot be every where, I have a thoufand, and a thousand Affairs that call me aside every Moment. Come down then, my Friend, and enter upon the Charge, you must only have a Care they do not cheat you; for thou hast to do with People, over whom you must carry a good Foor, and a good Eye, who make little Conscience of taking a Bushel of Oats, and even two more than is wanted, and steal the Straw too. Avendania came down to the Landlord, who gave him his Book of Accounts; and this new OEconomist took so well to his Bufiness, in the Distribution he began to make, that the Landlord cry'd out, Would to God thy Master come no more, and that thou were at Liberty to dwell with me. Thou might it well fay

fay thou would'ff loofe nothing by the Change; for upon the Word of an honest Man, the Lad that left me, came hither about eight Months agone, lean, poor, lowfey, and all in Raggs. I wish thou had'ft feen him. He went away big and fat, and with two good Suits of Cloaths. Thou takest me right (faid he) there cannot choose but to be great Profit for Servants in the House, besides their Wages, there come fuch Abundance of Lords and great Men, every Day from all Parts. If I live with you (reply'd Avendania) I shall not regard Gain fo much; I should be content with a small Matter, for the Pleafure of living in this City, which, as they fay, is the best of all Spain, It is so (faid the Landlord) but that is not all; I want a young Lad to fetch Water from the River. I had one three Days agone, who with a famous Ass that I have, supply'd my House. I wanted so little, when he was here, as I might if in the middle of the Sea: and thou may'st well think, that Servants would rather carry their Masters to an Inn where Water is to plenty, from Morning to Night, than go to another, where they are oblig'd to go fetch it themselves from the River.

Carriasse, who heark'ned to this Dialogue, began to fay to himfelf, Here is an Office waits for me, I may have it if I will; very well, we except the Employ. Upon this, he addresses to the Landlord, and told him, he had found what he look'd for. Let the As come (faid he to him) and you will see you will be no less pleas'd with me than with my Comrade. I will answer for him (interrupting Avendania) Lope the Afturian, that's his Name, tis he that you want; look no further for another. Leginicon.

another. Arguillia, who from a little Alley, where the was, heard these Words, and going to Avendania, faid to him, Who are you, my Friend, that take upon you to pass your Word for another who wants it yourself? And my Master is very good, by my Faith, to lend an Ear to your Songs. Hold thy Peace, Arguillia (faid the Landlord) do not thou meddle with our Bargain; I ask not thy Advice; I caution 'em both; and what I have to recommend to thee, and the rest of the Maids, that you have nothing to do with them; for I loofe all my Men by your Means. By my Faith, they are fine Priggs to have any thing to do with (answer'd Arguillia) I wish they would but once look me in the Face, they faould not try it again. Sleep found on that Side; one must have a great Mind to quarrel, to quarrel with fuch Animals; we are not for their Turn. She had, however, other Thoughts.

In Effect, the was no fooner affur'd that the Landlord had entertain'd both, but fhe form'd a Defign to make the Afturian love her, whose Mien pleas'd her extreamly. She thought, that by Means of making Steps, the should, at last, obtain her Ends, which was only to begin, that nothing in the World was more easy. Another of the Maids, call'd Galliega, that lay with her, form'd the same Design upon Avendania, who caus'd himself to be call'd Thomas Pedro. They made Confidence from the same Day of the Resolution they had taken, and concerted presently together all Measures necessary, to carry on with them a fecret Commerce; but they

mistook their Reckoning.

To come back to Carriasse. As soon as he was hir'd, he began to enter upon his Function; he mounted

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mounted upon his Afs, and run to the River : but this first Day was mark'd for an Adventure, not very agreeable to him, Ill-luck would have it, that in a little Alley he met another Water Carrier, who came loaden, and was mounted upon a miferable Afs, who either for old Age, or Wearinels. could hardly draw his Legs after him; as his was vigorous, and for his Part, perhaps he thought of nothing but the Lady Peche of Zahara, the two Animals juftled, and the Shock was fo rude, that the Weakest being oblig'd to give Way to the Strongest, the Ass that was laden was thrown down all of a fuddain, with the Porter that was upon her, and all the Girts broke to Pieces. The Water Carrier this Misfortune fell upon, was no fooner got off again but he fell upon Asturiano like a Fury, and laid him on before he had Time to look to himself. Lope, the Asturian, who had a great Heart, and faw how it was, dismounted from his Ass, as soon as he was a little come to himself. and being his Turn to be angry, he fell presently upon the Water Carrier, and took him by the Throat with both his Hands, and after two or three Shakings, he threw him on the Ground. 'Twas nothing 'till then, but unhappily for both, the Water Carrier struck his Head against a Stone, a terrible Blow, when he was thrown down by Afturiano, that there has hardly been feen fuch a Wound as that was. Every body thought he would never recover. The other Water Carriers that went to the River, or came back again, feeing their Comrade upon the Paving, and that he fwam in his Blood, cry'd out Murder, and feiz'd upon Afturiano. whom they handled fo, that his Life was in as Ii 2 much

much Danger as that of him that was wounded. Upon these Scuffles, and the Noise that was spread, that a Water Carrier had been kill'd, three Bayliffs came to the Field of Battle, and without other Form of Process, they seiz'd upon Asturiano and his Ass. They set the wounded Man upon his cross-ways, and carry'd all to Prison. One may well imagine all the People run to fee this Specta-v cle. Sevillan, and Thomas Pedro, did as others; but they were mightily furprized when they law Afturiano, whom two Bayliffs held by the Arms, and his Face all bloody. The Landlord cast his Eyes every where, to fee if he could find his Afs, and faw it at last, in the Hands of another Bayliff. He presently understood what pass'd between Asturiano and the other Water Carrier, at which he was troubled, because Assuriano had the Air of a good Servant: but he was much more concern'd that his As was engag'd in this Affair.

Avendania follow'd his Comrade, but it was impossible to speak with him. Carriasse was made a close Prisoner, and the wounded put in a little Chamber, where the Surgeons thought fit. They found that the Wound was mortal; they fpoke it publicly as they went out. For the Asses, the Bayliffs took 'em home, after having feiz'd on feven or eight Rials, they found upon Carriaffe. Twas happy he had no more, Avendania kept the Trea-

fure.

Avendania went back to the Inn, much out of Humour, and disorder'd, to make an exact Report to Sevillan of the Condition he had left his Comrade in; the Danger the wounded was in; and the Fate of the Afs. Hiere's a fad Adventure (faid he)

and for an encrease of Misfortune, I just now met a Gentleman of Burgos, who inform'd me, my Mafter would not pass this Way; for to make the more Haste, and to gain two Pistoles, he went over in the Boat of Azeca; that he would lie this Night at Orguz, and flav for me at Seville. In the mean Time, this Gentleman has given me twelve Crowns of his good Will, that I put into your Hands, that you may endeavour to take Afturiano out of Prifon, I have no Need of this Money, for I shall not go to Seville; and, I believe, I may on this Occasion, without wronging my Conscience, disobey my Master. Be that as it will, I shall never have the Heart to leave my Friend in Prison, and the Danger he is in for his Life, I am well affurd my Master will allow me this Transgression; for he always recommends to his Domesticks, to love and ferve one another: And as on the other Side, he is very tender; and I can reaken upon't, as a Thing certain, that the Moment he knows Affuriano's Fate. he will open his Purfe to make and End of the Business, if the Thing be not absolutely impossible.

The Landlord was very well pleased with the Money he received, and at the Words of Thomas Pedro. Be not alarm'd (faid he to him) my dear Thomas, there's a Remedy for all Things; and we are not fo bare of Friends, but we have one or other that will bestir himself on this Rencounter: I have not lost all Hope to see again yet Assuriano, and my poor Afs, found and fafe. There's a Nun, a Kinswoman of the Mayor's, that can make him do whatfoever the pleafes; and I doubt not of having Access to this good Lady. Do you hear me, Thomas? A Laundress that washes for

one of our Neighbours, has a Daughter extreamly belov'd by a Monk, I need not tell you his Name, and this Monk is an intimate Friend of the Nun's Confessor. My Wife shall speak to the Neighbour; the Neighbour shall speak to the Laundress: the Laundress to her Daughter; the Daughter to the Monk; the Monk to the Nun's Confessor: and the Nun's Confessor to the Mayor; there the Business is done: Yes: I promise thee, we will fave Affuriano, if he had killed all the Water-Carriers of Toledo; nor will we loofe our Afs, provided, showever, that thy Master be as kind and as liberal as thou fay'ft; for many People must have their Fingers greatest on these Rencounters, if he would not have his Sollicitations fruitless; I believe thou art not ignorant of that. Thomas had much ado to forbear laughing, to hear this Gibberish, altho' he had no great Cause to be merry: however, he thank'd Sevillan, and promis'd him to forget nothing proper to acquaint his Mafler with, to obtain some Relief.

Arguillia, who had feen Affuriano in the Bayliff's Hands, was no less afflicted at this Adventure than Thomas Pedro: She was ready to dye with Grief; she run presently to the Prison all in Tears, under Pretence of carrying him his Dinner; but she was not suffer'd to speak with him. Murderers are not to be seen (said the Keeper) you'll have time enough to see him when he is hang'd in the Market-place. This was all the Consolation she received from this barbarous Jayler, who, in the mean time, was a bad Prophet. The wounded Man was out of Danger sifteen Days after; and the twentieth, the Chirurgeons declar'd, he was entirely cured

cured. Thomas, who knew very well the Mayor and Bayliffs must be satisfy'd, and the wounded Man indempnified, was no fooner advertiz'd what the Chirurgeons faid, but he told Sevillan, that his Master had answer'd a Letter that had been written to him; and at the same time, remitted him fifty Crowns in Gold; and that he might not hold him any longer in Suspence, took out of his Bosom the Money, and gave it him with a Letter, pretended to be written by his Master: As it was indifferent to Sevillan, whether the Letter was true or false, he would not read it, nor so much as look on it; and receiving very joyfully the fifty Crowns, he told him, after he had told it three or four Times, and well examined it, If we have no need, my Friend, for Solicitors, or Solicitresses, we shall see again, be assured, thy dear Asturiano; and I, my dear, ask'd, Whether (to make short) the wounded Man was satisfy'd with fix Ducats? And Affuriano and the Ass were condemn'd in ten and the Charges; whereupon they were fet at Liberty.

Seven or eight Days before Afturiano went out of Prison, he was permitted to see Thomas Pedro, and Sevillan's Maid-Servants, who carry'd him his Vistuals. Arguillia, who took Care of that Matter every Day, had declar'd her Heart to him; and had made such undecent Steps to him, that he resolv'd to free himself from the Solicitations of this Woman, to leave Sevillan's Service: In the mean time, being unwilling to leave Toledo, 'till he had seen the Success of Avendania's Courtship, he formed a Design to buy an Ass, and continue the Trade of a Water-Carrier, that he might not

pass for a Vagabond, and be driven out of the City. I will walk thus (faid he to Avendania) from Morning 'till Night, without any Contradiction: I will distribute my Water to whom I think fit, and I will examine, at my Leisure and my Ease, where are the ugliest Women. Say rather (reply'd Thomas Pedro) where are the handfomest; for, certainly, 'tis the best City of all Spain, where are the best shap'd, and the most Polite. I will, only to convince thee, put thee in Mind of Constancia, who is a Miracle of Beauty, fost and fair. Thomas (faid Afturiano) do not exalt too much this Servant. She is no Servant (reply'd Thomas) her Business is to watch the Maid-Servants of the Inn, to take Care of the Linnen and the Plate, and to give Orders to the Domesticks. They call her however (reply'd Afturiano) nothing but the Illustrious Chambermaid; and thou can'st not be ignorant what that Word fignifies. I am not ignorant of it (reply'd Thomas) it fignifies a Servant, that puts her Hands to every Thing, that does even the lowest Offices. But believe me, the has no other Employ, however, but that I was speaking of. I believe it (faid Afturiano) but to talk no more of that, tell me my dear Thomas, how goes thy Affairs with her? They cannot go worfe (anfwered Thomas) I could never come to fpeak with her yet: but that which confolates me is, that the fpeaks to no Man, not fo much as to the Mayor's Son, who courts her publickly; who gives her Mufic almost every Night; and who has declar'd himfelf fo highly, that he calls her by her Name in his Songs and Romances; but this comforts me not: However, if the Mayor's Son cannot obtain her Fa-

cia, this Minerva, this Penelope, that discharges so worthy an Employment in Sevillan's House (faid Afturiano smiling?) Since thou lovest her without Hope, mock on as much as thou wilt (reply'd Thomas) but I know very well I am in love with an accomplish'd Person, who makes herself no less admir'd for her Virtue, than she is distinguish'd for her Charms. I know she serves in this Inn, but at the fame time. I know the deferves to be ferv'd by the greatest Monarchs in the World: In a word, I love her; for don't think I love her, to gratify an indecent Passion. O Platonick Love! cry'd Afturiano, an illustrious Servant full of Charms, enough to bind the greatest Kings in Chains! Oh happy Age! that retracts the Golden Age, where the fame Hand that holds the Scepter, crowns a Shepherdefs with Garlands! Oh my dear Fish, that spent this Spring without feeing me; when shall I enjoy you? For in short, we have all our Intrigues. Asturiano faid, Thomas, thou mockest me too openly. Go to thy Fish, I shall not be against it, and leave me here, where thou shalt find me at thy Return: 'Tis fit every one should follow his Inclination: Let us divide the Money that remains, and let us part good Friends. Art thou in Earnest, my good Friend ? (faid Afturiano) Thou dost not fee I make myself merry. No : Thomas, I will not leave thee: And I renounce for the Love of thee, this Year, all the Delights of Zahara. I have but one Favour to ask thee; do not take it amis, if I exercize the Resolution I have taken, to stay no longer in this House. I am willing to avoid the Perse-Kk cutions

cutions of Arguillia, who, as thou knowed, has got it in her Head to be in love with me, and who, thou knowest, has not the good Fortune to be accepted. Never was Creature, perhaps, more ugly, and more disgussful, without speaking of her Ways, which are horrible. She has hardly ever a Tooth in her Head but what is counterfeit. She has falle Hair; and to appear the more wrinckled. or less smooth, she lays on such a deal of Paint on her Face, that the is a true Picture in Plaister. There is nothing more true (answer'd Thomas) but thou must know, that Galliega is no handsomer. and that the perfecutes me as much at leaft, as Arguillia perfecutes thee. In the Condition that I am in (faid amorous Thomas) I ought to fuffer all, my dear Afturiano; for thee 'tis otherwise. Lie to-Night with me, and buy an Ass to-Morrrow. Thou maift go whitherfoever thou pleafest, I will not oppose it in the least.

There was this Night a Ball before the Inn-Door: the Dancers and Danceresses were the Men and the Maids, and fome Girls of the Neighbourhood. Many Perfons were there in Masks, rather to fee Constancia than the Ball; but she appear'd not. Afturiano play'd on the Guitar, and he came off so well, that all the Company were charm'd: In the mean Time, in the Height of the Dancing, when others were wild to dance, one of the Masks without discovering himself faid, he defir'd him to give off. As he would not do it at first, another Mask began to quarrel with him the German Way; fo that Afteriano, as sugged as he was, had the Wisdom to give Way. In Effect, these Masks were confiderable Persons. The Men began to Mu-CUIDDING tiny,

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tiny, and, perhaps, even to come to Blows with these unknown, if the Landlord had not interpos'd; and the Watch going the Round, nothing tragical happen'd; and a Moment after, was hear'd an admirable Voice; 'twas one of these Masks, that sate down on a Stone, opposite to the Door, who sung these Words:

# A SERENADE.

Where lies this Beauty hid, this Star that shines, Presaging me such Torments, and Divines The Wrath of Heaven for our Hemisphere? Why do you shon t'enlighten every where? Arife thou fecond Sun of our Horizon: Rife from the Bottom of the Sea; advize on Constancia, how thy faithful Servant dies Thy Cruelty to fhun, I fay arise: Suffer his Tears to vanguish thy hard Heart, And let the God of Love perform his Part. Leave this unworthy Slavery, that confumes The brightest of thy Days, and ne'er assumes The Charms of Love. Leave thy Fervety To those, who for thy Beauty pine and die. Let Hymen's Bond unite thee fast to me; My Hand and Faith most constant thine shall be.

The Musician was applauded, only one of the Men cry'd out a thousand Fooleries upon him. Truly (said he) here are pleasant Songs thou hast sung to Constancia; very pleasant Sonnets; 'tis happy for her she is asleep, and never heard thy Language. Is it for a Servant to talk of the Horizon and Firmament? 'Tis High German, sit for Girls, that Kk 2 read

read Romance of Knight Errantry. For her Part. fhe reads nothing but Prayer-Books. Bestow, my Friend, thy Romances, and thy Rhimes, upon fome other. 'Tis a Jargon she takes no Delight in, no more than the miserablest Servant the Landlord ever had. Besides, thou must know, if thou dost not know it, that she cares neither for thee, nor for those that employ thee, no more than for Pre-Her John. As much a Servant as she is, she imagines, that the greatest of all Men are beneath her : So much fhe disdains 'em all. I think, she believes herfelf descended from some Indian King, or, at least, some Knight Errant. As to myself, that have address'd her several Times with Sonnets, that cost me some Money, and had nothing back again but Slights for Recompence. I leave her to herfelf, and think him a Fool that troubles himself about her. She will be a Hagg in Time; she will grow old, and her Beauty with it; and the Time will come, that very far from calling her Sun, she will not be call'd fo much as a Moon, we shall fee few Years hence; Time is a good Master, that will give me a good Account. Every one laugh'd at the amorous Rage of the Servant, and withdrew.

Assuriano and Thomas went to Bed, as all the rest did; but they hardly began to shut their Eyes but they hear'd fcratching at the Chamber Door; 'twas Arguillia and Galliega, who faid, in a low Voice, Open to us, for we die with Cold. 'Tis very hot, tho' (answer'd Afturiano, very angry) we are in the Dog-Days. Leave your Railleries Afturiano (reply'd Galliega) and open to us quickly; we come hither with a good Meaning. By my Faith, my Ladies the Servants, you will do well to be

gone;

gone; we will have none of your Company this Night; go warm yourselves somewhere else, and leave us to fleep. As Aluriano fpoke fomewhat hard, and mixt his Words with fome Menaces, they went off in Disorder. All that Arguillia did before the went to Bed, was to put her Belly to a Hole of the Grate, and fay, By my Faith, Honey is not fit for the Mouth of an Ass. We are now rid of the Perfecutions of these Creatures very cheap (faid Afturiano turning to Thomas.) But dost fee (faid he) I would not stay one Day longer in this House for all the Gold of Peru, or if thou would'ft make me King of China. Let us try to fleep again, and I warrant thee I'll unravel all this, as foon as 'tis Day: I have told thee already (answer'd Thomas) thou art free to do it; purfue thy Journey, if thou wilt, or make thyfelf a Water Carrier, as thou hast laid thy Design. I am resolv'd to take this last Side (faid Asturiano) I make a Conscience of leaving thee, 'till I fee where thy Amours will end, and what the Issue will be. They went to fleep again, and as foon as Day appear'd they arofe. Thomas went to give out his Oats, and Asturiano went out to fee for an Ass to buy.

In the Time that Afturiano was in Prison, Thomas, after having done his Business, retir'd commonly to Solitude, where he made amorous Verses, and had writ them in the same Book in which he kept an Account of the Oats he distributed. His Design was to transcribe 'em, and afterwards tear the Leaf out; but he was so taken up with Constancia that he had forgot to do it, and by greater Imprudence, he left the Book one Day upon

a Table, where his Master found it.

The Landlord, who had a mind to fee how the Account of his Oats flood, fince occasion presented. opened the Book and found Thomas's Verses. As he little thought, that his Men amus'd themselves to cajole Maid-Servants, but much less Confiancia, he went off much out of Humour, and went to look for his Girl, whom he found in his Wife's Chamber. The first thing he did was to ask her. If Thomas had ever faid any Foolery to her; or had shew'd by any Action, that he had any Inclination for her? Constancia answer'd, blushing, That Thomas had never spoke to her in her Life; and that the never perceiv'd that he had the least Liking to her. She had a mind to fay more, but the Landlord faid (interrupting her) I believe you Constancia, I never catch'd you in a Lye, I am fatisfy'd, go on in your Bufinefs. In the mean time, Wife (faid the Landlord) now Constancia is out of the way, I know not what to fay of this Matter: Here are Ver-Tes (shewing her the Book, writ with Thomas's own Hand) which makes me suspect, that there is an Eel under a Stone: You must know he's in love with Constancia. Show these Verses (faid his Wife) I will tell you perhaps what they mean. As you make Dialogues very often, I doubt not (reply'd the Landlord) but you may explain this here. I make no more Dialogues than any body else (answered his Wife) fomewhat angry; we have a Tongue to talk with; but I would have you to know we are not fo ignorant as you may think, I know very well, that I can read four or five Prayers in Latin. I know very well too (reply'd the Landlord) that you read them but too well, and that your Uncle the Sexton, has told you often, you would do better

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ter to read 'em in your Mother-Tongue: But let us stop here and hearken to the Verses.

## A Dialogue of Sylvander and Tirfis.

Syl. Who's the Man that makes Love tributary?

Tir. He that knows how to be both wife and wary.

Syl What's that makes his Laws to be?

Tir. Tis Honour, Faith and Constancy.

Syl: What is't attains the lovely Fruit?

Tir. A constant honourable Pursuit.

Syl. I then shall reap the happy Fruit,
Who, in the Midst of my Pursuit,
My Tongue, my Faith, my Soul, and all
Is filent, firm, and Liberal.
But what supports in every where?

Tir. A Favour constant and fincere.

Syl. What is't that quenches foon its Flame?

Tir. Contempt, Difdain, and evil Fame.

Syl. Banish these three from Human Race.

Tir. The God of Love will then take Place!

Syl. My hopes are then, that in this Cafe,
My tender Heart will find fome Grace;
That if Silvander be not lov'd,
Difdain and Scorn, may be withstood.
Charming Constancia, you must know,
'Tis for your Love, I stoop so low;
To be an Hostler in an Inn,
Hardship and Service to begin:
My Faith and Preseverance may,
Your Beauty and your Vertues sway.

No (answer'd the Husband) But what do you think

think of those Verses? First (said she) I must know if Thomas made 'em. There is no room to doubt (reply'd the Hufband) because the Character of the Account of the Oats, and that of the Dialogue is the same, there's no Disserence. Do you see Husband (faid his Wife again) altho' Conflancia be named in these Verses, one cannot judge by that they were made for her; one cannot be however entirely affur'd, how many Conflancia's there are in the World besides ours; but whether it be for her or any one elfe, Time will shew us, only let us stand upon our Guard, and let us carry a quick Eye upon the Girl: If Thomas be in Love with her, it will not stop there, we hall foon discover what is in his Mind. Would it not be better (faid the Husband) to deliver us from these Cares, to discharge him? You may do it (reply'd the Landlady) but, as you fay, he is a good Servant, and, in the Main, is necessary, I would not have him difmis'd but for a great Fault. You are in the right, Wife (faid the Landlord) Time will shew us all things: Do you watch on your Side, and I will watch on mine. They agreed upon that effectively; and the Landlord went to replace the Book where he found it.

Thomas, who forgot where he had laid the Book, look'd for it every where and found it; at last he copy'd his Dialogue, and tore out the Leaf where twas written: His Design was to let Conftancia see it, or declare himself to her in some other Way, as Occasion should serve: but she kept herself so well upon her Guard, that 'twas very difficil for Thomas to find a Day to discourse her one Moment, the avoided him as the avoided all other Men: Men; and when the appear'd in any Place alone, twas like a Flash of Light ning: At last, tho an Occasion presented, Constancia was troubled with the Tooth-ach that incommoded her, during some Days: as this Fluction did not leave her, the walked from Chamber to Chamber, to endeavour to diffipate it, holding her Handkerchief to her Mouth, and complaining from Time to Time, as the pass'd thro' a Gallery where Thomas was, and some other Persons, who fail'd not to ask her what Grief the complained of. 'Tis a Pain (the began to fay) that many People make Slight of; but I am extreamly fenfible 'tis the Tooth-ach that defolates me. Have you a Mind to be eafed? (faid the amorous Thomas) You may if you please, and even in a Moment: I will give you a Prayer in Writing, that will eafe you upon the Spot, and will take away all your Pain, if you read it devoutly once or twice: I have often made the Experiment upon myfelf. Give me then this Prayer (faid Constancia) I will read it, I affure you, with a very good Will. It shall be then on Condition (faid Thomas) that you let no body fee it, 'tis a Secret I am afraid to make publick; but I am willing to communicate it to you, because I am perswaded you are discreet. I promise you (said Constancia then) that no body shall see it; but give it me presently, for I find my Pain encrease. I will go write it (answer'd Thomas) and in a little time you shall have it. This was the first Time Constancia and Thomas talk'd together, altho' twas near a Month they were in the same House. Thomas withdrew, and instead of writing the Prayer he had promis'd Conftancia, he writ this Letter.

T Am, advrable Constancia, a Gentleman of But-1 you; If I survive my Father, I shall enjoy a considerable Inheritance. At the Fame of your Beauty, which is spread throughout all Spain; I left this Capital of old Castile, and am metamorphos'd, as you fee, to fee you, and discover my Love to you. If you will answer it, divine Constancia, I will give you all the Marks of what I am, that will convince you, and then it will be in your Power to make me the most bappy Man in the World, in receiving my Hand, and my Heart. In what seever Manner you take my Declaration, I prefume to make you: I befeech you not to discover my Sentiments to any one: for, 'tis most certain, that if your Maker (bould come to have any Knowledge, as be would not give any Credit to what I tell you, he would instantly difinis me, which would be the Cause of my Death. I hope to be able, very suddainly, to perswade you. that I pretend nothing but what is veritable; but 'till then; permit that I may fee and talk with you : Refuse me net so innocent a Favour ; I will never abuse it, incomparable Constancia; make not an unhappy Man despair that adores you.

Confiancia read the Letter, and was very much furpriz'd, to find there what she found: She went out a little after, something mov'd, and this Emotion seem'd to redouble her Charms; she had the Paper in her Hands, which she tore into many Pieces. Your Prayer has something of Supersition (she began to say, the Moment she perceiv'd Thomas.) Such Prayers as these ought not to be used. As I gave no Credit to it, I thought sit to tear

it in your Presence. I shall say no more to youl In ending these Words, she went into her Mistress's Chamber, and left Thomas very much confounded : for, in short, in whatsoever Manner he interpreted the Action, and her Words, he could discern nothing to flatter his Hopes. In the mean Time. that which comforted him was, that Constancia appear'd not irritated. I am no forwarder now than I was the first Day that I came into this House (faid the amorous Thomas, to himfelf) But Conflancia, properly speaking, has us'd no Rudeness to me; She tore my Letter 'tis true; fhe has faid, fhe gave no Credit to it; she is withdrawn, without entering one Moment into Conversation with me: But there appear'd in her Eyes neither overmuch Fierceness, nor overmuch Content: Nothing, in a Word, to desperate me. Might it be vertiable (faid the) that I might in Time make you fensible, amiable Constancia? Ah! No (faid he a Moment after) you would have kept my Letter; you would have enter'd into fome little Familiarity with me, if you had the least Disposition in the World to answer the Vows of a Lover, who adores you, and will adore you all his Life-time.

Whilst these Things pass'd in Sevillan's House, Asturiano went to the Market with Design to buy an Ass; he saw many, but found none for his Turn. A Cypsie followed him a long Time, to perswade him he had one would do his Business, but he seem'd too little, and somewhat lean, tho'he walk'd vigorously; on the other Side he distrusted the Chap: In Effect, it was plain, that this Animal was not vigorous, but for the Quick-Silver that was put into his Ears. He that found it out had his Views,

for

for he cold that, a little after, that if he books for this the to carry Water, he had one in a Meadon. he server had, generally, the like. Follow me Clinic his and day suching, his lost a little Way of I final (1) 1) then, hyper (sections Aburrons) and taking our another about, as if they had been acquaintaid all that Life-time, They were and jump'd inin a most Mandow, where they found a great many Waste Carriers to fee their Affes at Grafs; the Animil pleased him, and the Bargain was foon conaluded; Affuriana paid him twelve Ducats, and the other deliver'd him the Afs, and all the Harmely, needfary for the Profession he was willing to in littake. Great was the Joy among the Water Carriers that were there, they telicitated Afturiano that he was entering into their Society, and all affurd him, he had bought an Afs that was worth more than he was aware of , for be affur'd (faid they) that he that told him to thee, and who is going in farmin into his own Country, has got in one Year two hours of Cheaths, and the twelve Ducats than half alven him, after he had maintain'd himfull and his An year honourable.

From of their Water Carriers fare to play at Primore and their lay all along upon the Grafs, the
(month through them for a Table, and their Ciraks
the Various phonomes fare and look it car, and
may become to be one play high. There were
the thir and below our above a hardred Rindle;
the thir seen has, two bassing faid the refl, water
the has been seen to all step had, and were off.

The has been seen to be their agent brand or my
his become, but as he may use to physicistic Smitter.

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he would hazard fome Ducats. Afturiano, who never flood out, and who was a good Gamester, agreed to't: They fate then down upon the Grafs. and the Play went on so brisk, that Afturiano, in less than an Hour, lost seven or eight Crowns in Gold he had about him. You have a terrible Afcendant over me (faid he) but 'tis no Matter; I have no more Money, but I have my Ass; I will play him off if you will, he is good and found; I must either loofe him, or recover my poor Crowns of Gold. He was taken at his Word; they agreed to play by Quarters. Afturiano was no more lucky than he had been before; he prefently loft one Quarter of his Afs, and then loft another: In a Word, he loft all four in a very little Time; and he that fold the Ass was he that got him. Dost come to me again my dear As? (faid he smiling) But I will be thy Master but a very little Time, for I will fell thee again to the first that comes. He then made ready to take him. Hold there my Friend (faid Afturiano) make no Haste to offer him, the As is not all thine yet: I know very well I have loft four Quarters, and that these Quarters belong to thee, and thou may'ft take 'em, and carry 'em whither thou pleafest, but the Tail is mine, I have not plaid that. All the Water Carriers began to laugh. You may laugh as much as you please (said Asturiano coldly) but I have not lost my Asses Tail, and he that will have it must win it. How (reply'd the Water Carrier) Is it not as when one fells a Sheep? For Example; Is the Tail to be feparated? Do it not go with one of the hind Quarters? I confess it (answer'd Afturiano) in respect to Sheep in general; but I maintain that to be falle

false with regard to the Sheep of Barbary: these Sheep have really five Quarters, and the Tail makes the fifth : I leave it to those that sell 'em, or rather I leave it to yourselves. 'Tis very true (faid he) that when we fell 'em alive all goes together: but my Ass was play'd for, he was not fold; and 'twas never my Thought to play the Tail: No body can know better than myfelf what my Intention was thereupon. Let him give me the Tail then, and take the four Quarters, every one his own is not too much; and if any one pretends otherwise, 'tis I that he shall have to doing with: I know very well how to dispute what belongs to me. You are a great many (faid he to the Water Carriers, with an angry look) but were you all the Water Carriers in the World, I would have you to know I fear you not. I fay more; if you were willing to give me an Equivalent for the Tail, I would not take it: I will have the Tail, and I will have nothing else: Let 'em dismember the Ass presently. He then threw his Hat up into the Air, and shook a Dagger, he carry'd under his Coat, and putting himself in a Posture of a Man that had a Mind to fight; he appear'd so formidable to all the Water Carriers, that not one of 'em durst stir. What wilt thou do? (faid one of the Water Carriers, turning to him that had won the four Quarters of the Ass.) Afturiano has not altogether Right, but also has not altogether Wrong: It should have been explain'd before Play began. Afterward turning to 'em both, If I were in your Place (faid he) I should choose rather to play the Tail against one of the Quarters, than to fight about fo small a Matter. Play it off at little Primera, Fortune will declare

clare herfelf in Favour of him that has Right on his Side. That was what Afturiano demanded : but the other began to be afraid: They both agreed to the Expedient, and fate down again to play; they play'd one Quarter, and Afturiano won it; he foon won another a little after: In a Word, he recover'd his Afs. Never was Man fo confounded as the Water Carrier, who, at the Bottom, was chous'd in the Matter. Thou hast recover'd thy Ass (faid he to Affuriano) I know not what to do in't; but at the End of the Reckoning, I would rather that thou had'ft him than that he should be dismember'd. Let us play now for Money. I shall do nothing (faid Asturiano) I am content to have lost my Crowns in Gold; I will never hazard my Afs again, that I must get my Bread by. Asturiano had enough to defend himself; they press'd him; fo hard to play; he play'd fo happily, that he left not the Water Carrier fo much as one half Rial. One may well comprehend what was the Rage and Desolation of this Wretch, he would not be comforted. My Friend (faid Asturiano to him) do not despair, forbear thy Lamentations, and thy Complaints, we do not use one another like a Turk, or a Moor: thou shalt not be the poorer for having loft all thy Money to me. Then he reftor'd him all that he had won, he return'd him even the twelve Ducats of the Ass: and, besides that, made fome Liberalities to others, that he thought had no more than they wanted. After that he went into the City, and left the Water Carriers in an Admiration, very hard to describe. He told his Adventure to Thomas, that could not forbear laughing, altho' he had not all the Reason in the World: for

for Conflancia was always infensible for him, and he could not differn yet how his Amours would end.

There was no Tavern nor Affembly of idle Companions where they did not talk of the Subtilty, Courage, and Liberality of Afturiano: But as People are always unjust, as they are naturally more inclin'd to Evil than that which is good, they made little Account of the Generous Action Afturiano had done, and only talk'd of the Cheat he made use of, to receive again the Ass he had loft. This new Water Carrier the next Morning began his Trade; but he no fooner appear'd in the Streets but they pointed at him with their Fingers, crying out, There's the Water Carrier of the Tail. The Children run about him, and follow'd him, crying out the same thing. He did not like that much: he presently thought fit to fay nothing, thinking that Silence was the best Course he could take, to make the Rabble and Children hold their Peace: but he was mistaken, his Prudence did him no good; they came on again, fo that his Patience being chang'd into Rage, he dismounted from his Als, and laid on the first he met, Blow after Blow. That ferv'd only to make 'em cry out the louder, and bring the People together. They were flippery Steps for him, that was naturally harden'd; fo that, as a Man prudent and wife, he withdrew quickly into a little House he had taken, to deliver himself from the Pursuits of Arguillia, and there he confin'd himfelf for five or fix Days, never going abroad, but when Night came to go and difcourse with his Friend, whom he always found very melancholly: for after he had given his Lutter to

Constancia, he could not find any Means to hitch on Conversation with her one Moment. She is more retir'd than ever (faid Thomas to Affuriano) I had but one only Occasion to discourse with her : but the impos'd me Silence as foon as I began to open my Mouth to talk to her. Thomas (faid she) I am very well, and have no need of your Prayers. I own the came out with thefe Words with an Air next to laughing, and without feeming to me my Declaration had offended her; but she would enter into no Discourse with me; and as thou may'ft well think, this Indifference confounded me. I pity thee (faid Afturiano) but the Evil is not fo bad as I thought; one may well hope of Favour from a Mistress, when she is not altogether provok'd; and I prophely all will go well. Let us talk of me (faid Asturiano.) He then made him a Recital of what happen'd to him, the first Time he appear'd in the Streets, mounted upon his Ass. This Out-cry of the Children ( Thomas began to fay ) is disagreeable without Doubt, but strive not against the Stream, my dear Asturiano, the Conncil I have to give thee thereupon, and on the like Occasion I would take myself, 'tis, That thou forbear, for sometime, to appear in the Streets with thy Afs, and leave the Trade of a Water Carrier. By this first Expedient thou may'st filence, and make thy History be forgotten. I will follow thy Advice, my dear Thomas (answer'd Affuriano) I will stay at Home some Days, and if there is no other Remedy, I will foon make Money of my Afs, and renounce for my whole Life the Trade I had a Design to undertake, during which Time, the Court thou makest to Constancia may terminate, Mm ThereThereupon Afturiano went Home, refolv'd to keep close and conceal'd; For (faid he) in feven or eight Days, some new Adventure may happen, to amuse

the People, and make 'em forget mine.

I enter now on a Scene that pass'd in Sevillan's House, some Days after. It was about eleven o' Clock at Night, when of a fuddain, and little look'd for, and one had little Reason to expect, there came in a Company of Bayliffs; with the Mayor at the Head of them. The Landlord and all the Inn was alarm'd at this nocturnal Visit; for 'tis with Justice, as 'tis with Comets, that never appear but it prefages some great Disaster; 'tis at least the common Opinion. The Mayor was shew'd into an Hall, and at the same Time call'd for the Landlord, of whom he gravely ask'd, If he was the Mafler of the House? The Landlord answer'd him. that he was. Whereupon, the Mayor caus'd all those to go out that were in the Hall, and being alone with Sevillan, he told him, He must know of him what Servants he had in his House. Sevillan answer'd him, That he had two Female Servants, besides a young Fellow that kept his Oats. who gave them out to those that lay in the Inn. Have you no other Domestic? (reply'd the Mayor) No. Sir (reply'd the Landlord.) And upon what Account (faid the Mayor then) have you in your House a young Girl, that makes so much Noise, whom they call, the illustrious Chambermaid, of whom my Son is fo much in Love, that hardly a Night passes but he treats her with Music? 'Tis true (answer'd the Landlord) that this Maid is with me; and tho' she is my Servant, I may say, however, that she is not. I do not understand you (said the

the Mayor.) All that I have to fay to you is, that you must explain yourself; for I cannot be satisfy'd with a captious Answer. I have told you the Truth (reply'd Sevillan) and if you will grant me a little Moment of Audience, I will convince you, that this Girl is not my Servant, altho' she be. I will wait (said the Mayor) and I will even wait to understand you, to see in what Manner you can accord Things so contradictory; but first, 'tis necessary that I see this Girl; and I order you to bring her hither. The Landlord presently put his Head

to the Door and call'd Conftancia.

The Hostess, who was heark'ning, and who was by this Time very much mov'd, was yet a great deal more, when she understood, that her Husband had call'd this Girl. Alas! (faid she, with a deep Sigh, and her Eyes full of Tears) What Crime can Constancia be culpable of, Constancia that is Virtue itself? Alarm not yourself, my dear and good Mistress (said Constancia, without being concern'd) we shall soon know what they would have of me; and be perswaded, if I am accus'd of any bad Action, I am, however, very innocent, my Conscience reproaches me with nothing that is unworthy of my Sex, and the Protection you give me. She waited not to be call'd twice, and taking a Link in her Hand, she went into the Hall, where the Mayor was, without feeming overmuch disconcerted. She was no fooner come in, but the Mayor caus'd the Door to be shut, and at the same Time, taking the Link the carry'd, he look'd upon her very attentively, and, as a Blushing arose in her Face, she appear'd fo pretty, in the Eyes of the Mayor, he was furpriz'd; for he expected not to fee a Beauty M m 2

fo accomplish'd. After having well consider'd her he turn'd to the Landlord, to whom he fpoke in these Terms. This young Girl ought not to be with you; she is worthy of a better Fortune; and I blame my Son no more for admiring her; her Renown (faid he) exalts her Charms; but all that Renown has faid, comes short of the Beauty this amiable Girl is adorn'd with. Is the your Kinfwoman? (faid the Mayor to him again.) She is neither my Kinfwoman, nor my Servant (answer'd the Landlord) and it you have a Mind to know what the is, you will hear fomewhat (faid he to him, with a low Voice) that will give you Pleafure and Admiration all-together; but first she must withdraw; make her go out then; but whatfoever I can inform you of her, you may affure her that the is under my Protection, and that I will be to her instead of a Father. Constancia heard these Words. but made as if she heard them not, and went out, Whilst she is relating to her Mistress what passd in the Hall, let us fee what the Landlord faid to the Mayor. It is, Sir, about fifteen, Years, this Day (faid Sevillan) that there came to me a Lady, in a Pilgrim's Habit, attended by tour Men-Servants on Horfe-back, and two young Ladies and a Chambermaid; the Lady was in a Horfe-Litter, and her Women in a fort of a Coach; her Equipage was very magnific, for there were two or three Mules, with Covertures very rich, loaden with a Bed, and all, within a little, that is fit for a Kitchen. The Lady feem'd to be about forty Years old, however, fhe was very handsome. The Moment she came in, they made her Bed in this fame Hall, wherein we now are, and went to Bed at the fame Time.

Time. She had certainly great Need, for she was

not only weary, but fick. but a same and the

Her Servants afk'd me prefently, who was the most famous Physician of the City? I told 'em who. They went immediately to fetch him, and that which he order'd first was, to change the Bed into a Chamber, where was less Noise, and that was executed exactly. None of the Men went into the Lady's Apartment, only the two Females. The Chambermaid that ferv'd her, we ask'd very often (my Wife and I) the Name of this Lady? Whence the came? If the were a Widow or Maid? Why fhe was dress'd like a Pilgrim? And all that we could learn was, That 'twas a Person of Quality of old Caffile; that she was a Widow, and without Children; that the was now fallen into a dangerous Dropfie, and therefore had made a Vow. to go in Pilgrimage to our Lady of Guadaloube. and to accomplish her Vows, had taken this Habit. As to what regards her Name, they faid, they had Orders to call her only the Pilgrim Lady.

This was all we knew then; but three Days after she called for me and my Wife, by one of her

Maids, and spoke to us in these Terms.

Heaven is my Witness! (she began to say in shedding a Torrent of Tears) Heaven is my Witness! That, without being Culpable, I find myself the most unfortunate Person in the World; I am with Child, and I am so near my Time, that I feel already my first Pangs; none of my Men know any thing of my Missortunes, my Women only know it, I could not make it a Mystery to them, and I am perswaded besides, I could discover it to them without Danger, to avoid those who might observe

me at home: I have made a Vow to go to our Lady of Guadaloupe; and I fee now 'tis her Pleafure I should be brought to Bed here: I look upon you then as the only Persons that can give me Relief: I throw myfelf into your Arms, and I hope, in fuccouring me, you will pity my Destiny, and that you will never reveal the Secret I trust you with. In ending these Words, which made us Weep, the took from under the Pillow of her Bed a Green Silk Purse of Gold, and presented it to my Wife, and told her, There is in this Purse two hundred Crowns in Gold, that I give you to let you fee, that I am willing, before-hand, to acknowlege the Service I am convinc'd you will do me. My Wife, who felt herfelt much concern'd, took the Purse without answering any thing; but I took the Word, and told her, If there was no Recompence to hope for, whatfoever I could do fliould be to ferve her, and we should spare for nothing to fweeten the Bitterness of her Mind: and that in confiding on us, the confided on Perfons that would love rather to die a thousand times, than reveal the Secret she had charg'd us with. 'Tis then necessary (said the Lady) since you have a Disposition to serve me, that you provide me a Woman to take Care of the Child that God shall give me: but it must be a Woman very well known to you, and that you take all the necessary Precautions the may never know my Adventures; for a Midwife I will have none, my Women shall do the Office, that will be a Testimony at least, that I shall see myself delivered: I will accomplith my Vow after I have been brought to Bed: and at my Return, we will take all the Precautions

cautions that can be taken, to give Affurances, that the Child I shall leave you shall never be any Charge, and to order it, that this Child may be known in due time. She faid no more, she there ended her Discourse; but her Tears ended not. My Wife, who was a little recovered from her Surprize, endeavour'd to comfort her; the confirm'd all the Promises she had made her, and I went out to look for a Woman, whom I found fome Hours after, and fuch a-one as I could wish. The good Lady was not very long before the felt her Pains come on thick; and that fame Night about one in the Morning, when all the World was fast afleep, the was brought to Bed of the beautifulest Girl that I ever faw in all my Life; 'tis she, Sir, whom you just now faw. That which was admirable in this Child-bed, that was prompt and happy is, that the Mother retain'd her Shrieks, and the Child hardly cry'd at all in coming into the World. wherein we admir'd Providence, that manag'd all so wisely, that there was no body in the House. whoever they were, had the least Suspicion of what pass'd. With so much Silence, the lay seven Days in Bed, during which her Phylician never fail'd to visit her: not that she had told him whence her Illness proceeded, nor that she took the Remedies he ordered her, but by that Means fought to deceive her People, as the told me when the was out of Danger. The eighth Day she arose, and continued her Pilgrimage: She return'd in less than a Month, feeming to be very well; for the had, by little and little, left off the Cushions and other Machines the made use of to feign the was Dropsical. The Child was call'd Conflancia at the Font, according

to the Order I had received, and the was at Nurse in the Country, where she pass'd for my Niece. I received presently of the Lady a Golden Chain I have yet, whereof the took fix Links, telling me, that he, she should fend to fetch the Child, should bring them; fhe cut at the fame time, indented, two Pieces of Parchment, on which she writ thus: Imagine you, Sir, two of your Fingers interlaid one on the other, on which some Writing might be form'd: 'Tis eafy to comprehend, that this Writing had some Meaning whilst your Fingers were joyned, and that it would have none the Moment they were Separate. 'Tis the same with these two Lists, one is the Seat of the other, as I may fay, being united; one may read fome Words, that have fome Signification, instead of being separate; one sees nothing but Characters that fignify nothing. I have one of these Parchments, and when they shall come to fetch Constancia, they must shew me the other; 'tis the Signal they have agreed upon.

The Lady (faid Sevillan) was not fatisfied at present with what she had given my Wife; she gave her befides five hundred Crowns in Gold, and the promifed to take home her Child at the End of two Years; but she told us, if by Chance, she could not execute her Defign within the Time the nam'd, the defir'd us to breed up her Girl as a poor Country Girl, never to discover her Birth, and to be perswaded she would not leave her without a Recompence. I have important Reasons (said she) in feparating her from me, for you to conceal her Name; but you shall know in Time, and you shall never have Caufe to repent the Services you have done me, and will do me, in preferving faithfully the precious

precious Pledge that I leave with you. She embrac'd my Wife all in Tears and went away, leaving us full of Admiration, and so affected, that we could not forbear to shed Tears in our Turn; we

were never fo forry in all our Lives.

Constancia was nurs'd two Years in a Village. whence I brought her home, and I have always kept her ever fince with me in the Habit of a Country Girl, as her Mother ordered me. 'Tis about fifteen Years, as I have already faid, that I have waited for them to fetch her away, and I loofe hope now they will ever come; but I have chose my Side, I am resolved to adopt her, and give her all that I am worth, which is considerable: I shall tell you besides, Sir, that this Girl has all the Qualities defuable in a Person one would place in the Number of his Children; the can read and write; the can work in all Sorts of Needle-work : she sings admirably; but what she has besides is, that she has Piety and Virtue; and I can fay, the has none of these little Failings that young Persons ordinarily have, whom Heaven has adorn'd with some Beauty. Don Pedro, your Son, never spoke with her in his Life, you may be perswaded: 'Tis very true he gives her Music sometimes; but she never heard it. Several Lords, of the first Rank, have sojourned with me feveral Days, with no other Defign but to fee her; but none of them could boast they had ever faid one fingle Word to her. There, Sir, is the veritable History of this illustrious Servant, to whom I may give this Name, because 'tis the Name all the World gives her: However, she is not with me upon that Account. The Mayor flood furpriz'd at the Things he heard; he stood awhile without faying

ing a Word, after the Landlord had done fpeaking; but in short, breaking Silence, he ordered him to go fetch the Chain and the Parchment, which was executed in a Moment. The Chain was extreamly well wrought, and the List of Vellum was such as Sevillan had defcrib'd it. The Mayor carried away the Lift, but left the Chain with the Landlord : After which he withdrew, with a Defign to find out a more decent Dwelling, or to place her with a Nun, his Kinswoman, to breed her up.

In the Time thefe Things pass'd, Thomas was in great Inquietudes; but when he faw that the Mayor was gone out, and that Confiancia staid, he began to take Heart a little: In the mean time, as he knew not what Views the Mayor had, he pass'd one Night very fad; the most firmest Thought he had was, that the Mayor might thut up Conftancia in a Convent, to remove her from his Son's Sight, and that this amiable Girl should never more be

heard of.

The Day following, in the Afternoon, four Men on Horseback, and two Running Footmen, came to Sevillan, they preceded two old Gentlemen, whom they aided to dismout from their Horses, which prefently made it appear the two old Ones were their Masters. Constancia went out to meet these two new Guess, with her usual Air; and the Beauty of this Girl so affected one of these two Gentlemen, that he began to fay (turning to the other) I believe, Don Juan, that we have found what we look for. Thomas, who run to put the Horses into the Stable, knew presently one of his Father's Servants; he discover'd his Father a little after, and Carriaffe's: He was extreamly furprized, and

and he no ways doubted, but one of them had difcovered 'em at Toledo: In the mean time, not daring to present himself in the Equipage he was in, he pass'd before them with his Hand upon his Face, and went about to speak to Constancia, who, by chance, he found alone. I have but one Word to fay to you, infensible Constancia; vouchfafe to here me one fingle Moment (faid Thomas to her, all troubled and disordered) One of these Gentlemen, newly come, is my Father; tis Don Juan de Avendania; inform yourfelf of those of his Train, if that be not his Name, or if he has not a Son call'd, Don Thomas, 'tis easy for you at present to fatisfy yourfelf, if I have faid anything with Respect to myself, that is not veritable, for what regards the Offers I have made you, and still do make them; be perswaded, that I have promis'd nothing but what I am able to execute. Conftancia answered nothing. Tis true, that if the had answered any thing, Thomas could not have understood her; for he withdrew, with fo great Precipitation, to go find out Carriaffe, to whom it was necessary to communicate what pass'd.

One of the Gentlemen, in that interim, took Galliega aside, of whom he ask'd what the young Girl's Name was he had seen? If she was one of the Daughters or Kinswomen of the Landlord? The Girl's Name is Constancia (answered Galliega) she's neither of Kin to the Landlord nor Landlady; and you would puzzle me very much if you would know who she is; 'tis a deep Secret to me, and many others. All that I can tell you, Sir, is, she was born with her Head dress'd; and there's no body whosoever that comes to this House, but informs him-

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felf prefently who she is, and who is not charm'd with her Beauty: 'Tis to none but her any obliging Thing is faid; for, as for us poor Souls, there is not fo much as one Word faid to us that may give the least Pleasure. At this Rate (reply'd the Gentleman) the makes fair Play to those that come near her. By my Faith (faid Galliega) very few can boast of having come near her; the Fault is not her's: If the would but permit any one to look upon her, the might, by this Time, have made her Fortune, Times without Number, and might have shin'd with Cloth of Gold; but she flies from the Men as if they were excommunicated; fhe is all the Day long thut up imployed in Prayers to God, or at her Needle; I never faw a Girl of her Character; it becomes us to be wife, but plainly she is a little too much. Men are not fo bad as they are black; and I have always heard it faid, that a Man was made for a Woman, and that a Woman was made for a Man: I am as fevere as another; but I would not be offended if all the Men upon Earth spoke to me, if they talk'd (as to her) in all Civility and Honour.

The Gentleman was fully fatisfy'd with what he learn'd from the Mouth of this Servant, who had talk'd to him very naturally; he turn'd prefently towards the Landlord, and without staying to take off his Spurs, he took him afide into a Chamber, I come (faid he presently to him) to retrieve a Pledge that belongs to me, and which you have had in your Custody many Years; but to let you fee, that I come not with false Tokens, I have brought you a Parchment, and five or fix Links of a certain Chain, that you will know, without doubt.

I must

I must add to that, that I have a thousand Growns to give you, to shew you my Acknowledgment. The Pledge you ask for, Sir, is here (answered the Landlord) But I have neither the Chain nor the List of Vellum, that were put into my Hands, when I was trusted with this precious Pledge, that I have so long kept; but (said he) have a little Patience, I will give you an Account of all. Upon this he went out of the Chamber and went to the Mayor, to let him know some were come to reclaim Genslancia.

The Mayor, as foon as he had din'd, prefently took Horfe, and taking with him the Lift of Vellum, he had feiz'd the Day before, rode frait to Sevillan's House; he had hardly cast his Eyes on Don Juan de Avendania, but he sun to him with open Arms, crying out, Ah! my dear Coufin, is it you then? Yes; 'tis I (faid Don Fuan) and I am overjoy'd to fee you again, you shall soon know by what Adventure: Then embracing him a fecond Time, he took him by the Hand, and conducted him into another Chamber, where the other Gentleman was. The Mayor was yet extreamly furpriz'd to fee Don Diego Carriaffe, who he knew very particularly; the Civilities were reiterated, and having embrac'd again, with a great deal of Affection, they went into an Hall, where they were with Sevillan, who was gone to fetch the Chain. I partly know now what brought you to Toledo (faid the Mayor, addressing to the two Gentlemen) and I expect (faid he) a Discovery, that will cause me no less Admiration, than the History of this Illustrious Girl has caus'd me already, whom you come now to take away from us. Altho' I have her History, in a very imperfect Manner, thew the Chain

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thall foon know

Chain that you have (faid the Mayor, speaking to the Landlord) I have the Parchment you communicated to me Yesterday; of which I was very willing to be the Depositary, for fear it should come to be laid aside. The Chain then and the Vellum Lift were laid upon the Table. On my Side (faid Don Diego) I have in my keeping the Links that are wanting to this Chain, and a Parchment very like that which I fee; I return them to you; We shall foon be inform'd (faid he) if this young Girl, whom we have feen, be her we reclaim. The Thing was foon dispatch'd. The Lists were of the fame Workmanship, of the same Matter, and of the same Form, with the rest of the Chain : And as to the Parchment, the two Links were no fooner joyned and interlaid one in the other, but these Words were distinctly to be read:

#### Constancia will be known by this Signal.

There is no room to doubt but this is the fame Constancia you are come to look for (faid the Mayor, turning towards the two Gentlemen.) There's nothing to be done now (faid he) but to know who are the Parents of this Girl. 'Tis I that am the Father (answer'd Don Diego.) For her Mother, she is no longer in this Life. 'Tis enough to tell you, 'twas a Person of Distinction; and by her Birth, and by her Virtue, you will hardly conceive, that without, being my Wife, her Conduct was always regular. In the mean Time, Heaven knows her Life was always without Reproach. I have fome Reasons to conceal her Name, but, I have besides to justify her Innocence. I alk Pardon of your Ashes, Illustrious

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illustrious Mother of Constancia (cry'd out Don Diego, with a great Sigh ) I made you the most unfortunate Person of your Rank, and your Sex. Don Diego Carriaffe was fome Time without speaking, after this Exclamation. One might fee clearly he was troubled: but he foon recover'd his Spirits. This Lady (faid he) ha th been marry'd to a Gentleman of very great Merit, and one of the first Families of Spain; but the was a Widow a little Time after her Marriage. The Way she took, after the Death of her Spoule, was to retire into the Country, where she pass'd her Time in a Manner very Tranquille. I had known her, and one Day, when I went a Hunting, I found I was fo near her House, that I resolv'd to go see her; it was in the Heat of Summer, and it was about two o'Clock in the Afternoon when I came to her: I left my Horse with one of my Men, and went into her Palace all alone; for this House, by Reafon of its Greatness, and its Magnificence, might very well be fo call'd. I was furpriz'd to find no body neither in the Court, nor in the first Apartments. I came at last into a great Hall, where finding no body, I went into a very fine Chamber, I found open, and where the Lady was afleep on a Pallat-Bed, 'twas a Woman extreamly well shap'd, and as the could not foresce any one could surprize her, she had taken no Precaution to hide her white Arms, and the whitest Neck that could be feen : 'twas a Goddess asleep, who to avoid the excessive Heat of that Day, was in a half Undress; for in short, one fingle Night Gown, and one fingle Petticoat, of very thin Taffatee, was all her Dress: her Beauty, which was extraordinary, the Silence,

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the Solitude, fo many Charms I perceivid, rais'd Defires in me, whereof I was no longer Mafter : I thur the Door foftly, I approach'd her Bed, I admir'd her, and uncertain for a little while if I should retire or stay in her Chamber; the Force of Love carry'd it at last, I stoop'd to her, I gave her a Kifs, and Boldness coming on, Lembrac'd ber with fo much Ardour, that the awak'd, drowfey, and very much affright ned. 'Tis not difficil to comprehend, Madam - (faid I prefently to her) I conjure you most instantly, not to cry out; for, in short, your Cries will ferve only to discover an Adventure, 'tis your Interest to conceal; they are asleep in your House: no body saw me come into your Chamber: your Domesties will not fail to run in upon your Cries, and it might even happen they might kill me in your Arms; but my Death will never take away the Sufficion. That this is a Gallantry agreed on, I fay all in one Word, I obtain'd the Favours I defir'd, because, being taken unawares, the could never difengage herfelf from me, with all the could do. The virtuous Lady was fo furpriz'd, fo confounded, fo troubled, fo little in Condition to know what she should do, or what she should not do, that very far from loading me with Injuries, or to complain of my Violence, that she had not the Force to speak. I found myself also confus'd as much as she, when I came to own, that if I had been happy, I had been happy by a Crime I shall blush for, as long as I live; but the Crime is committed, there was no Remedy. You may well imagine I did not flay long in her Chamber: I should have rais'd too great a Tempest if I had staid 'till she was recover'd of her Surprize; and

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and that she had the Strength to reproach me, for my unworthy Asion, or to revenge herself: I went back the same Way I came in, without meering with any body, and went to one of my Friends, that was two Leagues from her House. The Lady went to live in another Place she had, and two

Years after I hear'd she was dead.

'Tis about a Month fince (faid Don Diego) that a Steward, who had ferv'd her, writ me, he had very important Things to communicate to me, and what I ought not to neglect the Knowledge of, for my Satisfaction, and for my Honour. He observed to me, at the same Time, that he was not in a Condition to come to me, and that the Affair he treated of was very urgent. I went to fee him and found him fick in Bed, given over by his Phyficians; he related to me, in a very few Words, that this unfortunate Lady, on her Death-Bed, had plac'd Confidence in him of what had pass'd with me; that she said besides, that she proved with Child by the Violence I had used her; that to hide her great Belly, she had undertaken the Pilgrimage of the Lady of Guadaloupe; and in fine, that she was brought to Bed in the House wherein we now are, of a Girl that was call'd, Constancia. He put into my Hands at the same time the Parchment, and the Links which you fee, and a Box of thirty thousand Crowns in Gold, and a Paper whereon was writ, with her own Hand, that the referv'd this Money to be given in Dowry to this Girl. If I produce not prefently this Box (faid the Landlord to me, with a doleful Voice) 'tis because this great Sum had tempted me; but as you fee me here, ready to give an Account to God, I will 00

discharge my Conscience. I give you then what belongs to you; and I give you at the same time Means to acquire a far greater Treasure, which is a Child, which you never thought to have, and who has her Mother's Perfections: For, I ought to difcover to you belides, that I have made three fourneys to Toledo, without making myfelf known: I have always feen her inchanted with her Virtues and her Beauty, which certainly is extraordinary.

Don Diego had hardly made an End of thefe Words, but they heard one cry out at the Gate. Advertize Thomas Pedro, that they are carrying away Affuriano, his Friend, to Prison. The Mayor, who heard 'em talk of Prison, gave Order, at that Inflant, they should bring the Prisoner and the they brought Afturians to Sevillan's House, with his Face all bloody. Afturiano was no fooner come into the Hall, where were the Mayor and the two Gentlemen, but he knew his Father, and Avendania's; twas no small Surprize, he was confus d and difconcerted. The Prison would have been more apreeable to him than the Sight of a Father, that could not but be irritated against him, and before whom he durst not appear, in the Condition he was in. He hid his Face with an Handkerchief, feigning to wipe off the Blood that run down; but it was hardly possible he should escape the Knowledge of the two Gentlemen, to whom appearing ill, they kept their Eyes always over him. The Mayor, who was willing to know what they were treating about, ask'd, what this young Man had done to be fo ill-handled? The Bailiffs answer'd, 'Twas Water-Carrier, call'd, Affuriano, upon whom the Children

Children in the Streets cry'd, There's the Man of the Tail. They then made a Recital in few Words. what the Water-Carrier had done, after he had loft at Play the four Quarters of his Afs, which made the two Gentlemen and the Mayor burst with Laughing, the Story was fo pleafant to em. The Bailiffs related afterwards, that Afturiano going out by the Bridge of Alcantara, the Children followed him, crying out to him to come off from his Afs, he struck one of them such a Blow that he left him for dead; and as he was coming off when they feized him, he received fo many little Guffs in the Face that made him very bloody, but 'twas only the bleeding of his Note. The Mayor then bid him uncover his Face; and as he made a Difficulty of doing it, one of the Bailiffs pull'd away the Handkerchief, and his Father knew him. One may well figure then the Amazement of Don Diego, the Joy he had to fee Carrialle appeared presently in the Eyes of the old Gentleman; but this loy was extreamly moderated, when he faw him in this Equipage. You make me asham'd, Son (faid Don Diego to him, with a levere Air) and you dishonour our Family, by fuch unworthy Conduct. Carriaffe stay'd not 'till his Father had ended his Reproaches, and just Complaints, but fell at his Feet, all in Tears, and holding him about, alk'd his Pardon, and befought him to forget all his Follies. They may be forgot (said Don Juan de Avendania) but tell me first (said he) what is become of Thomas de Avendania, my Son? Thomas de Avendania is here (anfwered Carriaffe) 'tis he that takes Case of the Oats for the Horses of those that come to lodge in this House; pardon his Metamorphosis and mine; Sollicitation

'tis Love that has thus transform'd us; when you are disposed to hear us, we will tell you all. The Mayor was in an Admiration; and as Thomas de Avendania was long in coming, he ordered the Landlord to produce him: It was not known prefently where he was; but 'twas known presently after he was gone to hide himself in his Chamber. Afturiano not being to be found, the Landlord call'd him himfelf, but he refus'd to come down; and he had not come down, if the Mayor, who went into the Court, had not call'd him by his Name, faying to him, Our dear Cosen, come down, Don Thomas de Avendania, you may come without any Fear. Avendania came down then, with a down Look, and threw himfelf at his Father's Feet, who embrac'd him with a great deal of Affection. The Mayor went himself to fetch Constancia; and taking her by the Hand, presented her to her Father. Here is your Daughter (faid he, directing his Discourse to Don Diego Carriaffe) then turning to Conftancia, This venerable Gentleman is your Father; give Thanks to Heaven both of you for this marvellous Discovery. Constancia, who knew not what to think, fell on her Knees before her Father, all trembling and drowned in Tears. Don Diego could not forbear to be much concern'd; and taking up his Daughter, I know you (faid he) by your Beauty and your Modesty; and if I shed Tears embracing you, they are Tears of a veritable Joy. A Moment after, there appear'd two Coaches that the Mayor had fent for. It shall be at my House, if you please (said he to them) all that we will end this Scene with. The two Gentlemen were against it; but they were forc'd to give Way to the obliging Sollicitations

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Sollicitations of the Mayor, who treated them that Night very splendidly. The Landlady herself, who could not be separated from her dear Constancia, was of the Company. After Supper, Carrialle made a Recital very circumftanciated, and very agreeable of all that befel to 'em, after they had left their Governor; and falling at last in the Chapter of Constancia, he told them, that Don Thomas was become so hideous in Love, that to endeavour to make himself be belov'd, he had a Mind to take Service in the House where she was; and as to him, he made himself a Water-Carrier to wait the Issue of his Friend's Enterprize. He faid a great many other Things, which they heark'ned to with Pleafure: And, whereas, it was unfeemly, that Carriaffe and Avendania should appear the next Day. in the Equipage they were in they fent for Taylors, who work'd all Night, to make them Cloaths. For Constancia, the Mayor's Wife gave her those of her only Daughter, that was very near her Age and Stature. The Mayor's Son perceiv'd presently, he must renounce Constancia. Don Pedro was not Mistaken; for, that same Evening, it was concluded, he should be marry'd with Don John de Avendania's Daughter; that Carriaffe should have the Mayor's Daughter; and that Don Thomas should espouse the beautiful Constancia. The Rejoycings lasted a Month; and the Weddings were celebrated at Burges, with the utmost Magnificence.



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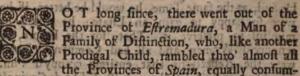
# NOVEL VI.

Providion as well as BeHolld, o what might be nothing, to render this long Voyent left dilayer.

# Jealous Estremaduran.

El dia que te casas é te sanas é te matas.

Thy Fortune on thy Wedding Day depends:



ing his Estate and Years. After many Journeys (his Father being now dead, and his Patrimony dissipated within a little) he came to Seville, where he could not fail of finding Occasions to spend the little he had

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left. When he came to find himfelf without Money, and without Friends (for a Man has not many that is not rich) he took the Course taken in Spain by the most Part of young People, that have liv'd disorderly, and in Libertinage: He resolv'd to go to the Indies, tho' all People that go thither, make not their Fortune in that Country: He remain'd firm in his Resolution, perceiving well it was the only Way he could take, to extricate himself from the Mifery his bad Conduct had reduc'd him to. A Fleet departed for Peru; he had no Time to loofe: he agreed with him that commanded it, and made Provision as well as he could, of what might be necessary, to render this long Voyage less disagreeable : he embark'd on board the Fleet at Cadiz, and having given his Benediction to Spain, they weigh'd Anchor, and hoist Sail, with a Wind so favourable, that he loft, some Hours afterwards, the Sight of Land, and faw himfelf in the midft of the vast and spacious Campaignes of the Ocean. Our Traveller was pensive, his Memory refresh'd him, with the divers Perils he had run in his other Voyages; the bad Management he had hitherto made; in a Word, all the Actions of his Life, calling himself to an Account for what he had done. He faid, at the fame Time, he would be better, if he were fo happy to gain an Estate; he would be mindful to preserve it. That, for the Future, he renounc'd Women, and all bad Company. Thefe were the Reflections that entirely occupy'd him. The Fleet enjoy'd a Calm, whilft Felipe de Carizale (that was his Name) was tormented with a Thoufand and a thousand Troubles, all these different Thoughts caus'd hime The Wind began to rife, and

and drove the Ships with fo much Violence, that he faw himfelf constrain'd to think of somewhat elfe, and give Attention to the Dangers he might be exposed to, in this new Voyage: The Voyage, however, was prosperous; the Fleet arriv'd at Carthagena without running the least Risque: But to abridge our Narration, and fay nothing but what relates to our History, we will content ourselves to fay, That Felipe was forty eight Years old when he departed for the Indies, and, in the space of twenty Years that he dwelt there, he order'd his Affairs fo well, that he amass'd 150,000 Crowns. From the Moment he faw himself Master of so much Wealth, he refolv'd to return to his Country. Pres'd with this Defire, which is so natural to Men, he executed his Resolution. He abandon'd Peru, where he had gain'd so great Riches. He put all his Silver into Lingots, and embark'd in a Ship bound for Spain, and, in fine, arriv'd at Seville, as rich, as he was old. Having left his Effects in Safety, he went in Search of his Friends; but he found they were all dead. This made him take a Resolution to leave this Town, and go end his Days in the Place of his Birth, altho' that he had heard his Relations were dead there alfo. Cavizale was not without Inquietude, diffoly'd with Anxiety when he was poor, his Condition chang'd not in the midst of all his Treasures; he repos'd not with more Tranquility, than he was in Indigence, because, in some certain Sense, Riches are not less incommoding than Poverty: One may even fav. there is this Difference, that he that possesses nothing, is happier, in some Manner, than he that enjoys the greatest Wealth; for, in fine, the poor Man

may become rich; but the Rich never thinks himfelt sufficiently so: Be it as it will, Carizale was not altogether content; he rejoyc'd to fee his Lingots; but his Joy was imperfect; because he knew not what to do with them; he faw himfelf too old to put a Value on them, and apprehended, he should have his Throat cut one Night, in his House, if he shut himself up with them; besides, he could not well resolve to bury Riches, that might bring him such immense Profit, if he would continue the Trade he exercized with so much good Fortune in the Indies. In the midst of these Agitations, he had resolv'd to go pass in Peace his Old Age, in the Place of his Birth; but this Resolution put not an End to all the Cares that perplex'd him; he wanted to convert his Riches into Rent, but knew not where to place 'em; he found no where the Affurances he defired; never was Man more embarrafs'd, nor more uncertain of his Destiny. On the other Side, the Borough that gave him Birth was full of nothing but poor People, he apprehended, and with Reason, to be expos'd at all Times to their Importunities. In the mean Time, he must make his Option, he must choose a Side, and 'twas a Point very difficil to him. Ingenious as he was, naturally to find Difficulties every-where, he took a Fancy to marry, to the End, that after his Death, he might not leave his Effate to Strangers; he examin'd himself thereupon, and it seem'd to him, he had fufficient Strength enough left, to support the Charge of Marriage; but to this Thought, there presently succeeded some very different; the only Imagination of being marry'd, made him tremble, and rejected it, as a Temptation of Satan: He was natunaturally so jealous, that he well perceived he should be unhappy on that Side. Let us think no more on't (said he to himself) there are none but Fools, or People without any Delicacy, that marry. 'Tis the last Rock where a Man of good Sense shall touch. There's too much Risque to embark with a Wo-

man. That's not the Side I shall take.

Poor Carizale might well fav, he could not refift the Caprices of his Star; all his Reasonings was in vain, and made Reflections, he must be marry'd, whether he would or no. One Day, as he walk'd in the Town, always thinking what Course of Life he should lead, he perceiv'd at a Window a young Girl, he was presently taken with; besides a great Sweetness she had painted on her Visage (Leonora was the Name of this young Person) had so great Charms, that the good old Man could not prevent thinking her handsome, and fell in Love with her. She was but about fourteen Years of Age; but as Love argues not, Carixale thought her not too young, whatfoever Resolution he had taken, never to engage in Marriage; whatsoever Reasons had been alledg'd to support the Resolution, he was so metamorphos'd all of a fuddain, that he believ'd there was no State in the World fo happy as that of a Man that was marry'd. This young Girl (faid he to himself) but to see the Out-side of her House) I fee clearly, the cannot be very rich; the is but a Child, and a Wife of her Age can never cause a Husband much Suspicion; 'tis such a-one as I want; it looks as if Heaven had created her for me: the has never yet feen the World: the veritable Rock of most Women: Young and unexperienc'd as she is, I can live fafely with her; I must marry her; PP 2 I will

I will enclose her; I will put her on the Foot, that pleases me : I will frame her, in fine, so well to my Humour, that I shall never have Cause to complain, or repent me to have espous'd her. When one takes fuch Precautions as these, one may marry upon a fure Foot; I am not yet so old (he added) to despair of having Children: And I shall, at least, have this Consolation when I die, that I shall leave Heirs: I trouble myself very little as to other Things, whether she be rich, or whether flie be poor, I have Wealth enough for her, and myfelf. Rich Men ought to endeavour their Contentment when they marry. Content makes long Life, in the room of Troubles that abridge it. Happen what will, the Stone is thrown; 'tis the Woman that pleases Heaven to give me to possess.

Nevertheless, he executed not with too much Precipitation, the Refolution he had now taken; he thought upon it feven or eight Days; and as he perfished still in his Design of espousing young Leonora, he himself demanded her in Marriage. After he had made known his Quality and his Riches, the Father of Leonora, who was a Gentleman too, but had no great Estate, opened his Eyes to Carizale's Proposition. In the mean time, he ask'd him fometime before he engaged his Word, testifying to him, he had great Obligation for the Honour he intended him: But this Precaution (he added) is necessary both for you and me; for 'tis Prudence, that I know before who you are, and that you know also who I am. Marriage is not the Bufiness of one Day; and one cannot take too much Care in an Occasion such as that; the old Man was convinc'd, Information was made on both Sides, the Parties

were agreed; fo they began to put an Hand to the Work, and Leonera was, in fine, married to Carizale, who jointer'd her in twenty thousand Ducars upon his Estate; so much was his Soul instam'd. Carizale deferv'd to be happy, he was married to his Fancy. In the mean time, he was but just engag'd with the Spouse he had chosen, but he had a thousand Chimera's in his Head, that rendered his Condition very fad. He began to tremble without any Cause; a thousand ill-grounded Sufpicions disordered his Mind; and no Man was, in a Word, more jealous than he, from the first Day he fign'd the Contract of his Marriage. The first Mark he gave of his Jealoufy was, that when the Question arose of making the Wedding-Cloaths for his Affianc'd, he would never permit, that the Taylor, who was to take Measure of her, should make em: He was inflexible thereupon; he fought a thousand Ways to order it fo, that the Taylor should neither fee nor touch her. And having at last found a young Girl, pretty near the Age, Bigness and Heighth, of his Mistress; by the Measure of this young Girl a Gown was made, that fitted Leonora very well: After that he caused others to be made in great Number, and fo rich, that the Father and Mother of this young Spouse, thought themselves the happiest People in the World, to have met with a Son-in-Law fo liberal and fo magnificent. As for Leonora, who had never worn but very plain Cloaths, the was inconceivably over-joy'd, feeing she had them in Profusion, and all extreamly proper behold here fomething particular, lealous Felipe would not confummate the Marriage 'till he had an House to himself, which he dispos'd in this Manner:

Manner: He bought one for twelve thousand Ducats, in one of the principal Quarters of the Town. which he furnish'd with the utmost Magnificence. It was inviron'd with a Mote, always full of Water, and had a Garden planted with Orange-Trees: it was a House of the most superbe. As soon as it was his, he shut up all the Windows that look'd towards the Street, how diffant foever they were: and the Apartment that was the most complete, and was to be that of his Wife, and his own, had none at all, having dispos'd it in Form of a Dome. At the Coach Gate he built a Stable for one Mule, which is the ordinary Travelling of the Spaniards, and over Head a Chamber for him that had the keeping of him, who was an old Moor, that was an Eunuch. The Walls of the Terrasses was rais'd in fuch a Manner, that those that entered this House were obliged to see the Heaven in a direct Line, it being impossible they could fee any thing else: Belides all this, he made a Tournelle, that answer'd from the Great Gate to the Court; never were fuch Precautions taken as those of this jealous old Man. He bought four white Slaves, and two Morisco's: these were Carizale's Domestics; but as for Lacqueys he would have none. His House being thus dispos'd; and having made choice of those he would be ferved by, agreed with a Man that bought and dress'd what he design'd to eat : This Man, in a Word, was to furnish him with all; but on this Condition, that he should dwell and sleep at his own House, and that he should come no farther then the Tournelle, whereby he should deliver what he brought. He put in Rent, or in Bank, Part of his Money, after he had taken all the Affurances

fur aces that were possible, and referved what he thought necessary for his most pressing Occasions: he caused a Pick-Lock Key to be made for all the Doors of his House, where, he laid up presently, for the whole Year, what ordinary ones make no Provision for, but when the Season is come. ter he had finish'd all these Preparatives, he went to his Father-in-Law, demanded his . Wife, and espoused her. He brought her afterwards to his own House, and told her, she had nothing to do but to alk whatfoever she had a Mind to, for nothing should be refus'd her; never was a Woman so confin'd. She went not out but Sundays and the Festival Days, to go to Church, and 'twas there her Father and Mother had the Liberty to speak to her, in Presence of the old Man, who was always with her; the Entry of his House was forbidden them, he explain'd upon that when he marry'd. But, on the other fide, he made them very fine Prefents, and supply'd their Wants, with so great Liberality, that confol'd them a little for the Captivity of their Daughter, and the Trouble they conceiv'd for not being able to fee her as often as they defired. On other Days, Carizale arose early in the Morning, and waited for him that made Provision for the House, who was always advertiz'd the Night before what he should provide. From the Time the Caterer was gone, he went out, after he had shut the two Gates that were next the Street, and that in the Middle, between which the Moor lodg'd; as he had no great Affairs he foon return'd: Then he shut up himself. and invented some News to divert his Wife with, and these Slaves that lov'd her, because she sometimes

times made herself merry with them, and Carizale was always liberal enough. Behold what Manner of Life Felipe led. Leonora, and her fix Slaves, pass'd an Year of Noviciate; and they had spent others, after the same Manner, if the Perturbator of Mankind had not disturb'd them, as we shall see.

Let the wifest and most fable of Mortals answer. if he can, what I'm going to ask. What Invention could the good Man Felipe contrive for his Surety? Because, far from permitting any Man to enter his House, that he suffer'd not any Animal but was Female: neither Cat that run after the Mice. nor Dog that bark'd at the Gates, but what was of the Feminine Gender. Carizale never flept Night nor Day; he made Night and Day the Round about his House; he was always a Sentinel; he himself was the Argus of his Wife, to keep at a Distance all forts of Men from him, even his most intimate Friends; he treated with them of Affairs in the open Street. All the Figures represented in his Hangings, and the Pictures that adorn'd his Apartments, were of Vestals, of Goddesses, or some of the firong Women, History has fo much celebrated at his House; in a Word, breath'd nothing but Modesty; and even the Tales that the Slaves made about the Fire, the long Winter Nights, they related very little of Men, as if there had been none in the World; 'twas Stories of some Amazone, or fome Heroine of old Time. Leonora lov'd her Spoule with the utmost Affection, because he was the first Man she had ever seen; she took for a wife Conduct his excessive Jealousy; she imagin'd, . all new marry'd Women led a Life like her's; she had not the least Defire to go Abroad; and the only

only Pleasure she took was to please Carizale; she herself prevented his Desires; she never saw the Streets but the Day she went to Church, and that was only as she came back; for she went so early in the Morning, 'twas impossible for her to see them; never was Monastery closer shut up; never did Nuns live in a Manner more austere; never were Apples of Gold better kept: In the mean Time, Felipe could not forbear falling into the Precipice he apprehended, or, at least, to believe he

was fallen.

There is in the City of Seville, a fort of People lazy, and Do-nothings, commonly call'd, Children of the Quarter; they are young People, that have rich Parents, always well clad, loving Pleafure, making Expence, and always at Festivals. Many Reflections might be made on their Behaviour: on their way of living; on the Laws observ'd among them. Many Truths might be discover'd; but all Truths are not fit to be spoken; 'tis better to come to the Point. One of these Gallants, who was not yet marry'd, cast his Eyes one Day upon Carizale's House, and seeing 'twas perpetually shur, he took a Defire to fee what was within it, he try'd fo many Ways, and made fo many Motions to accomplish his Defign, that he came at last to fucceed; he inform'd himfelf of the old Man's Humour, Leonora's Beauty, and in what Manner this young Woman was kept; he presently communicated his Defign to three of his Friends, the most crafty: It was refolv'd among 'em to attempt forcing this Place; for never in this fort of Enterprizes does Council or Succour fail; but that, nevertheless, was not so easy; there were some Obstacles cles to furmount; 'twas not the Bufiness of one Day: In the mean Time, after well thought of the Measures fit to be taken, and the Means necessary to be employ'd, to succeed in an Exploit so difficil.

they proceeded in this Manner:

Loayfa (that was this good Companion's Name) sham'd a Journey into the Country for a few Days, and kept close at Home; he chang'd his Breeches and Shirt, and put upon it a Suit fo vile and ragged, that there was no poor Man in all the City that had fuch miserable Raggs; he caus'd the little Beard he had to be shav'd off, put a Plaister on one of his Eyes, and bound up one Leg very firait, supporting himself on two Crutches; he was so metamorphos'd, that those that faw him in this Equipage were all of a Mind, it was impossible to act the Beggar better. Mark'd, and counterfeited in this Manner, Loayfa went every Evening in a praying Posture to to the Gate of Carizale's House, which was always well shut, the Apartments were also at that Distance, that it was impossible the old Man, Leonora, or any one elfe of the Slaves could hear him; but he had his End if he could excite the Curiofity of the Moor, who was between the two Gates. After Loayfa had made fome Lamentations, he thrum'd a little ugly Guitar, and as he heard the Music, in playing on this Instrument, he fung little pleafant Songs of Romances of Moors and Morifco's, and Vandals, so diverting, and did it with fo good a Grace, in counterfeiting his Voice, that all that pass'd along the Street stop'd to hear him. Lewis (that was the Moor's Name) enchanted with this Simphony, he was all Ears, he laid down to the Gate to hear it the better: for the Moors Moors naturally love finging, to play on Infiruments, and hear playing. Loayfa gave him this Divertisement during five or fix Nights; he faw well enough he must necessarily have him in his Interest, to compleat the Enterprize he had in View, but he had not yet spoke to him, but he did not tarry long to do it. I die with Thirst (he faid to him, in a low Voice, the first Time he went to Carizale's House) I die with Thirst, my dear Lewis, and if I don't drink I can't fing. Give me a Glass of Water, I pray thee. 'Tis not possible to fatisfy thee (answer'd the Moor) because I have no Key to the Gate; and there's no Overture to give you what you ask. Who then has the Key? (reply'd Loayfa.) 'Tis my Master (reply'd Lewis) that is to fay, the most jealous Man in the World, and fo suspicious, that if he should come to know, if at any Time I should speak with any one, it might cost me my Life. In the mean Time, who are you, I conjure you? I am (answer'd Loayla) a poor Cripple, that get my Living by asking Alms, for the Love of God, of good People; besides that, teach other Poor, and Slaves, to play on Instruments. I have above twenty Schollars, as poor as I am; and there are three Moors, that have learn'd fo well, that they may boldly play in all the Taverns in Seville. If I have ferv'd 'em well, they have paid me well. 'Tis fo, my dear Lewis, 'tis as I tell you. I would pay you as well as they (faid the Moor, fighing deep) if I could take your Lessons; but 'tis a Thing impracticable, because my Master, when he goes out in the Morning, locks the Street Door; he does the fame when he comes back, and I am always as a Prisoner, Qq2

between the two Gates. I fwear to thee (added Loay(a) if thou would'st give me Opportunity to enter thy Apartment fome Nights, I would make thee fo able to play on the Violin or Guitar, that thou woul'st play admirably well in a little Time be but perswaded; I have a Method extreamly eafy, and I should have the less Trouble with thee. because I know thou wantest neither Inclination nor Wit, as one may even judge, by the Tone of thy Voice: I'll engage thou fing'ft very well. I fing not altogether amiss (reply'd the Slave) but what does it concern me to fing well? I know but one miferable Song. He began presently to fing some one of his most trivial. Thy Songs (Loayla told him, interrupting him) are no more than Fooleries, in Comparison of those I could teach you : I know all those of the Moor Abendarez, and the Lady Chariffe his Mistress; I know all those of the Sobby Tomunebeio: and these Sarabands so divinely composed, that they ravish the Soul of the Portuqueze: But this is not all, I teach all these Things with fo much Art, and a Manner fo eafy, that without giving thee almost the least Trouble, thou would'st hardly have eaten three or four Bushels of Salt but thou would'ft become the best Musician that is in all Spain, in all Instruments.

The Moor, who comprehended not that Loansa openly mock'd him, answer'd with another Sigh; But what does all this fignify, fince I know of no Means to take to introduce you into the House? There's a Remedy for all (reply'd Loansa:) Thou must endeavour to get the Keys of thy Master, and I will give thee a Bit of Wax whereon thou shalt imprint them; and provided, thou dost order it so,

that

that the Marks of the Teeth be imprinted, take no Care for the reft, I am ready by the Friendship that I begin to bear thee to employ a Locksmith, a Friend of mine, who will make Keys by this Model, fo well, that I can enter by Night into thy Apartment; and that done, I will teach thee to play on Instruments better than Prester John, or the Sophy of Persia. I perceive, 'tis great pity, that a Voice like thine, should want Improvement, and remain inutil: for thou must know, that the best Voice in the World loofes one Moiety of its Beauty, and its Value, when 'tis not apply'd to the Sound. of some Instrument; be it Guitar, Harpsechord, Organ, or Harp: Thou must choose somewhat of those; and if I may advise thee, I am of Opinion, that which agrees best with thee is the Guitar: because 'tis an Instrument more portatife, and which cost less. I believe it answered the Moor: But all which thou fay'st amounts to nothing, because the Keys thou demand'st never fall into my Hands: my Master never parts with them, they sleep Night and Day under his Pillow. Do another Thing then. Master Lewis (said Loaysa) if it be true, that thou defirest to become a perfect Master of Instruments, for otherwise tis in vain, that I should break my Rest to give thee Council. If I had a Desire (faid Lewis, interrupting) the Defire I have is fo great, that I would spare for nothing to put it in Practice, provided it were of Things a little more possible than that of fnatching the Keys out of my Master's Hands, who would rather loose his Life. If 'tis fo (faid the good Fellow) I will make thee keep between the two Gates and the Wall, by certain Machines, that will do Wonders , provided,

ded, on thy part, thou takest away a little of the Stone, 'tis a Thing very easy: These Machines shall be a Pair of Tongs, and a little Hammer, thou flialt draw the Nails of the Lock with, when they are all affeep, and afterwards we will replace them : which we will do fo dextroufly, that I affure thee, it shall never be perceived that they were drawn. When I am once within with thee, we will work a Wonder: I will hide nothing from thee; and I promife thee, thou shalt never repent to have executed what I shall council thee, equally for thy good, and to do me Service. Leave not the Occafion, my dear Lewis, you will never find fuch another; and I perceive well, that thou oughtest to love me, as I love thee, to go that up myfelf voluntarily with thee in a Hay-Loft: But what would not one do for a Friend? for the reft, trouble not thyfelf; for what we shall eat I will bring Provision for us both, and I will bring even for more than eight Days, I have Scholars and Friends, that will not abandon me for what I want : we shall not die thro' Hunger, I'll take care of that. 'Tis unnecessary (faid Lewis) that thou shouldest put thyself to Charge that Way, we shall have sufficient to eat, and we will make good Chear of what my Master gives me, and what the Slaves bring under Hand will suffice to keep us two Days longer, fo we have no Trouble that Way: there's no more to be done at present but to have this Hammer and Tongs; I will quickly find a Passage to get them in; I will cover, with a little Mortar, the Overture I shall make; and when once I have them (leave the rest to me) I will draw the Nails of the Lock as artfully as I can, and even suppose, I was forc'd to knock hard, my Master lies fo far off, that it is the greatest Miracle, or the greatest Misfortune in the World, if the Noise should reach him. All does well (faid Loayfa) within two days thou fhalt have all that is necessary to put in Execution fo virtuous a Design. I warn thee, in the mean time, to eat nothing that is flegmatic; for 'tis fo far from doing good, that, on the contrary, it spoils the Voice entirely. There is nothing (answered the Slave) that makes my Voice hoarfer than Wine; in the mean time, I would not leave it for all the Voices in the World. That is not what I would fay (reply'd Loayfa) I have not fo ridiculous a Thought. Only drink, my dear Lewis, and much good it may do thee; Wine that is drank by Measure never does hurt. I drink too by Measure (faid the Moor) I have a Pot here that holds just a Quart, the Slaves bring it me without my Master's Knowledge; and the Purveyor himself gives me, from time to time, in private, a Bottle, and that supplies the Defect of the Por. By my Faith (faid Loayfa) what thou fay'ft to me is admirable, thy Head is longer than I thought it, a less Fool than thou is no Beast, and what thou knowest is good Sense; for, in fine, 'tis impossible for a dry Throat to groan or fing. Go your Ways (faid the Moor) but remember, I expect you will not fail to come and fing here one Night, my Fingers itch, fo great a Defire I have to touch the Strings of the Inftrument on which I heard you play fuch fine Things. I will come (faid Loayfa) and I will bring new Airs. That is what I defire (reply'd Lewis) but, in the mean time, I befeech you to fing again fome little Song, that I may go to Bed

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with more Content; we will pay you for it, never trouble yourfelf, the Poor formetimes pays better than the Rich. That is not what we are treating of (reply'd the Mafter Musician) thou shalt always pay to please thyself; in the mean time, hearken to a little Song. He tun'd up then a Romance, that effectively was so pretty, and he sung it so well, that it seem'd to the Maor, he was so well pleas'd, that the Hour for opening the Gate would never come.

Loayfa was but just gone from the Moor, but he went to advertize his Confidents of what had happen'd to him of the Measures he had taken, and what had been agreed upon between him and this Slave, to be introduc'd into Carizale's House. They put their Hands presently to the Work, and by the Morning, they had Pinces of fo good Metal, that they would break Nails with fo much Ease as if they were made of Wood. In the mean time, Loassa forgot not to go and fing and play on his Instrument before the Gate, where he found the Moor had already made an Overture fufficient: and that this Overture was fo well cover'd, that it was impossible to perceive it, unless you look'd very near, and, withal, with fome Suspicion. The Night following, Loayfa carried the Hammer and Pinces: and Lewis had them no fooner in his Hand, but he broke the Nails of the Lock, with the greatest Facility in the World; he opened the Gate at the same time, and let in his Orpheus; never was Man better pleas'd. 'Tis true, he was a little furpriz'd to fee Loayfa with his two Crutches, in fuch a fhabby Drefs, and with a Leg fo bound about; yet he knew 'twas a poor Man that

that begg'd; and as Leayla had taken off the Plaister from his Eye, because he had no Occasion of it, he comforted up himself to see a Face that feemed to him not altogether difagreeable. As foon as the Companion was entered, he embrac'd his good Schollar; he kis'd him, and immediately put into his Hands a great Bottle of excellent Wine, and a Box full of Sweetmeats; he presented him besides, with many other Compitures he carry'd in his Pockets, which was very well furnish'd; prefently after, he threw away his Crutches, and made three or four Caprioles very nimbly. The Moor was at a Stand what to believe. Be not furpriz'd at what thou fee'ft, my Friend Lewis (faid Loayfa, prefently.) Thou must know that I am not naturally lame of a Leg; but, by Industry, I get my Living by this Way of begging; fo by Means of this Contrivance, and my Instrument, I lead the happiest Life in the World. He that wants Industry, run a Risque to die with Hunger. Thou wilt try it, I assure myself, during the Course of our new Friendship. I am perswaded so (reply'd the Moor) but let us think of the Present, before we think of what is to come; let us think of replacing the Lock in it's Place, and accommodate it fo well, that no Change may be known. I am willing (faid Loayfa) and then took out the Nails out of his Pocket, and the Lock was a Moment after so well accommodated as it was before. Lewis was wonderfully overjoy'd, and Loayfa went up into the Hay-Tallet, where the Slave was, and accommodated himself as well as he could. Lewis presently lighted a Rush, and his new Comrade took out his Guitar, that he began to pinch in a

low Note, and fo melodioully, that the poor Moor that liff ned to him, was, as it were, ravished in an Extaly. After he had play'd a little, he took out some more Comfitures, to make Collation, and gave to his Schollar, and afterwards empty'd their Bottle very merrily. That being over, he would have Lewis begin a Lesson; but the Moor had so well drank he knew not what he did. Loanfa made him believe, he knew already two Notes at least : that he had the best Hand in the World; and, that he had never feen fo good a Beginning: So that for a good Part of the Night, he did nothing but thrum the Guitar out of Tune, and without any Order. They slept but very little that Night. The next Morning, about fix o'Clock, Carizale went down, he open'd the middle Door, and that to the Street; he waited for the Purveyor, who came a little after, and gave him by the Tournelle the Mear he bought. In his Return, he call'd the Slave, that he might come down and take his Portion, and Oats for the Mule; that being done, he went out, and left the two Gates shut, without taking Notice of what had been done to the Lock. that of the Street, to the great Contentment of Loayfa and Lewis. Carizale's Foot was no fooner out, but the Moor handled the Guitar, and began to play in fuch a Manner, that all the Slaves heard it, and run to the Gate of the Tallet. What fignifies this? (faid they) How long hast thou had fuch an Inftrument? Who is it that gave it thee? Who gave it me? (answer'd Lewis) 'Tis the best Mulician of the whole Universe; a Man, that in less than fix Days has taught me more than fix thousand Songs. Then where is this Musician? (faid

Slaves

(faid the Governess) He is not far from hence (reply'd the Moor) and were it not for fear my Mafter should come and surprize us, perhaps, I might let you fee him, now present; and, I assure you of being well pleas'd to have feen him. How . can we fee him (continu'd the Governess) since never any Man but our Master that ever enter'd this House? I have nothing to say to you upon that (answer'd the Moor) and I will say no more to you of it, 'till first you have seen what I know, and have learn'd in fo short a Time, 'Tis impossible (added the Governess) but he that taught thee be some Lutanist or Spirit; for no Man ever enter'd here, nor can be able, in so short a Time, to make so able a Master, as thou pretendest we may believe thee to be. Whether he be a Lutanist or no, trouble not yourfelf upon that; you shall see him, and shall hear him in Time: I defy thee upon that (faid one of the Slaves thereupon) and, in effect, How can that be, fince we have no Windows that anfwer the Street, to hear it, or fee any one. There's a Remedy for all in Death (faid the Moor.) If you would, or rather, if you know how to be filent, you shall fee other Things yet. How be silent? (reply'd another of the Slaves) We will be more dumb than the Night; I swear to thee, my dear Friend, we will all die with Defire to hear a good Voice, for it wants but little; but fince we have been enclos'd here, we have heard fome one fing, that we never heard the Monks fing better.

Loaysa heark'ned to this Discourse with a great deal of Joy, because, he clearly saw it all went as he would have it, and that his good Fortune took Pains to guide this Assair herself. Upon this, the

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Slaves withdrew, and the Moor promis'd to divert them, and regale them with a good Confort, when they least thought of it. He would not entertain them too long, because he apprehended that his Master might surprize them talking together; so he withdrew to his Abode. He had a great Defire to take a Lesson; but he durft not do it by Day, for fear Carizale should hear him: In effect, he came a little Time after, and having thut the Gates, according to his Custom, he went to lock himself up in his House. One of the Slaves delay'd not to come to the Tournelle, to carry the Moor fomewhat to eat; and, 'twas then that he told her, she and her Companion should come to the same Place, when their Master was asleep, and he would dare promife them, they should go away content. He talk'd in this Manner, because he had before defir'd his Player on Instruments to come and fing, and play at the Gate of the Tournelle, to pleafe the Slaves. Loryfa had promis'd him afterwards, having a long Time intreated him, altho' he had desir'd it a thousand Times more earnestly than the Moor, whom he embrac'd with the utmost Tenderness, to testify his Contentment, and to make him good Chear too, as if he had been at Home. The Day began, in fine, to disappear, and about Midnight he began to fing at the Gate of the Tournelle. Lewis going thither, faw the Gang was come, he presently advertis'd Loaysa, and at the same Time, they both went down from the Hay-Tallet with the Guitar, that was well frung. Loayfa demanded of the Moor, how many they were that were to hear him? He answer'd him, that all the Women of the House were come to the Place

Place of Affignation, except their Miffress, who was a Bed with her Spouse. That was nothing agreeable to Loayfa; however, he refolv'd to execute his Design, and please his Schollar. He began then to pinch the Guitar, and he play'd fo well, that he ravish'd the Moor and all the Crowd of Women that heard him; but he excell'd, as foon as he began to fing passionate Songs, and concluded with a Saraband, that was then but newly come up in Spain; all the Slaves were in a Rapture: there was neither Young nor old that were not at their Wits End to dance; they contented themselves to make Signs, making as little Noise as was posfible, and fetting Sentinels, that reliev'd one another by Turns, in Case the old Man should happen to awake. Loayfa fung also some Stanza's; and they were fo enchanted with this Harmony. that they would needs know who this admiral Musician was. Tis a poor Beggar (the Moor told them) but the most gallant, and the most honest Beggar that there is in all Seville. They conjur'd him to order it so that they might see him, and detain him as long as they possibly could, promising to treat him well, and contribute all that they had to make him good Entertainment. They afk'd him also, what Course he took to be introduc'd into the House? That is what I shall never tell you (answer'd the Moor.) There are some certain Things Women ought never to know. All that I have to fay to you is, That you make a little Hole on the Side of the Tournelle, and after you have made use of it, take the Precaution to stop it with a little Wax. Loayfa talk'd to them afterwards, and offer'd 'em his Services, with fo good a Grace.

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a Grace, and fuch fair Terms, that they had all the Difficulty in the World to believe he was a poor Beggar. The Conversation being begun, they befought him to come the Night following to the same Place, adding, that they would do all they could, if possible, to make their Mistress come too, in Spight of the interrupted Sleep of her Spoufe: which Interruption of Sleep (they faid further) proceeds more from his great Jealoufy, than his old Age. Loayfa told them thereupon for Answer, That if they defired to hear his Symphony, without apprehending to be interrupted by the old Man, he would give them an admirable Powder, which they should put into his Wine, and that this Powder had a Virtue to cause Sleep more than ordinary. Oh Heaven! (cry'd out then one of the Slaves) If what you tell us be true, what Fortune could equalize ours, and what Alteration for the better? Happy Powder for us, so long as we are in this House, and especially for Leonora his Wife, our Mistress, whom he follows as the Shadow the Body, and whom he never loofes Sight of. Good Man! whoever you are, bring us this Powder, and may all the good in the World you wish for happen to you. I offer to moisten myself in this Beverage, and ferve for a Butler: If this old Man, who has always his Eyes open, could but fleep three Days and three Nights, we should be at the Top of our Joy. I will give it (faid Loayfa) And this Powder does no other Hurt to him that takes it, than to put him into a profound Sleep. All in fine, belought him unanimously to bring it as foon as possible; and 'twas resolved the Night following, they would make a Hole in the Gate with a Wimble,

a Wimble, and they would dispose their Mistress to come and see him, and hear him. They then all withdrew; and tho the Day began to break, Lewis would take out a Lesson not to loose Time. Loaysa did so always, making him believe, that of all the Schollars he had, none had a better Hand nor better Ear, altho this poor Moor was of all Men the most stupid, and the least sit to manage an Instrument.

In Proportion, as Affairs advanc'd, Loayla's Friends were careful to go and hearken every Night at the Gate, to fee if he wanted any thing, or had any thing to fay to them: They fail'd not to come the next Night; Loanfa talk'd to them thro' a little Hole that he had made, how Matters went, and conjur'd them to look out for fomewhat that would provoke Sleep, that he might give it to Carizale. He told them, he had formerly heard talk of a certain Powder that produc'd this Effect; and that it was of the utmost Consequence to have it incessantly, and after that they might see a pretty Game. If that be all (faid his Comrades) you shall be foon fatisfied, we have a Phylician, a Friend of ours, that will furnish us, and you may depend upon our Words, you shall have it To-morrow Night, or else 'tis not to be had in Seville; they then withdrew. Night being come, all the Gang repair'd to the ordinary Rendezvous. The Simple and young Leonora came also, all trembling in the Fear she was in, that Carizale, whom she had left affeep, should happen to awake. There was all the Trouble in the World to make her go; but all the Slaves, and particularly the Governess, told her fo many Marvels, both of the Musician and Mulic.

Music, and follicited her with so good Reasons, that at last she was prevail'd with to go. The first thing they did was to make a Hole in the Tournelle, that Loayla might be feen, who was not dress'd that Night like a Beggar; he put on a Pair of Breeches of yellow Taffatee, a Doublet of the fame Stuff, enrich'd with little Embroideries of Gold, he had a Sattin Bonnet of the same Colour, and a Band of Lace cut: He had the Precaution to carry these Accourrements in his Snapsack, as well knowing he should change Personage in Time and Place. He was young and tall, and had a very good Mein: fo that these Women, that of a long Time had never feen none but their old Man, believed they faw an Angel when they faw him thro' the Hole; never was feen fo much pressing, the Hole was always full; and that they might fee the better, the Moor march'd round him with a lighted Torch. After they had their Fill, he took his Guitar and play'd so perfectly well, that they hardly knew where they were. Ah! Lewis (faid they altogether, ravish'd and extacy'd) we must order it so, that this incomparable Musician come into the House, that we might hear and see him somwhat nearer. They went on, and faid, we cannot enjoy him without Fear; for, in fine, the Place we are in, Carizale might furprize us, and that would never happen if we had him once amongst us. Leonora rejected this Proposition. I will never confent to it, the told them; we may come to repent it; we must be contented to fee him in the Manner we now fee him. Let us manage our Reputation I pray, and make no Breach in our Honour. Of what Honour do you talk of (faid the Governess?)

ness) the King has but too much. You may, if you have a Mind to't, shut yourself up with your Methusalem: but let us pass our Time as well as we can. This charming Musician seems so full of Honour, that he will never ask more than we defire. No; without Doubt (reply'd Loaysa) I am come hither for nothing but to do you Service, having Compassion that you are so straitly enclos'd; for, after all, your Destiny could not be more sad. I Iwear by all that I hold dear in the World, that never Man was more discreet than I am; and, besides, I have been bred in so great a Respect for Persons of your Sex, that I am afraid of displeasing them with only looking on them. I shall be fo fubmissive, be perswaded, that you will never have cause to repent, the having introduc'd me into your House. I shall obey you blindly, and there shall be nothing I will omit to do, to render myfelf worthy of the Confidence you shall repose in me. If that be fo (faid simple Leonora) what Course shall we take to let you in? The Matter will not be difficil (reply'd Loay[a.) You must take the Pains to engrave in a Bit of Wax the Wards of the Key of this Gate; and I will order it fo, that To-morrow we shall have one that will serve. In having this Key (faid one of the Slaves then) we shall have all those of the House; for this opens all the other Doors. 'Tis true (reply'd Leonora) but 'tis good, nevertheless (she continu'd to fay) that the Master of Music swear first, that he will do nothing elfe, when we have introduc'd him here, than fing and play on his Instrument when we defire him; that he shall be contented to be that up 'till we have Occasion for him, and that he he shall never pretend to the least Privacy with any of the Slaves. I swear it (said Loaysa, presently.) This Oath is not sufficient (reply'd Leanora) you must promise that, in a Manner a little less general; you must swear by the Life of your Father, and by the Cross, kissing it in the Presence of us all. I swear it by the Life of my Father (said Loaysa, presently) and by the Cross, that I kiss with my unworthy Mouth. Upon this, he made a Cross with two of his Fingers, and then kiss d it three Times. We ask no more (said one of the Slaves) we may safely receive you; come in as soon as 'tis possible; and above all, remember the Powder, for the whole depends on that, as

you comprehend very well.

The Conversation ended there; and 'twas about two Hours after Midnight when Leonora, and her Woman of Service withdrew. Loayfa and the Moor prepar'd themselves for Repose, very well pleas'd with what had pass'd. As soon as they heard a Noise in the Street, as it was the Signal, Loaysa's Friends us'd to make, the Master and the Schollar came presently to the Gate; they learn'd in few Words what had pass'd; but they were under some Confernation that they had not brought the Powder they ask'd for, to make Carizale sleep. Take no Care for that (faid Loayfa's Friends) things are not always fo eafy to be had as one imagines; but the next Night we will put into your Hands, that which shall make the old Man sleep, you may depend on it; 'twill not be a Powder, it will be an Inguent, that doth Wonders. You must only anoint the Arms and Temples of him that you would lay affeep, and he will fleep two Days entire,

tire, without waking, unless you chafe with Vinegar the Parts anointed; then only the Charm shall be broken. The Remedy is immanchable, it is approv'd. For the Key, you need only give us the Wax whereon it has been imprinted; we have a Locksmith, who will readily serve us. They withdrew a Moment after, and Loay a and the Moor flept that little that remain'd of the Night. There pass'd nothing new the next Day, only, that the Day feem'd extreamly long to Loayfa: But, in fine, the Sun went to precipitate into the Sea, to go and enlighten other People; the Heaven was embroider'd with Stars, and the Night came not only, but the Hour so much desir'd, they us'd to repair to the Tournelle: Loaysa and his Schollar fail'd not, and they found that all the Slaves were come already, so impatient they were to have the Mufician in their Seraglio. Leonora was not there, because, that Night, Carizale had lock'd with a Key the Chamber where they flept. Let not this trouble you (faid the Slaves to Loayfa) as foon as Carizale is afleep, she will seize on the Key, that this suspicious Spouse has under his Bolster; she will imprint it on the Wax she has ready, and she will give it us by a Cranny: for this Man, so ingenious to take Precautions, has never forefeen, that this Overture might sometime be fatal. Logyla remain'd furpriz'd at the Things he newly heard: he admir'd the different Motions of Carizale, Leonora, and her Slaves; and, in the Time he made Reflection, and that he could not forbear admiring, he heard the Sound of the Cornet; he run immediately to the Gate, and his Friends gave him, in fine, a little Box full of the Drugg he desir'd. Loayla

Loayfa took it, and defir'd them to flay one Moment, and he would go fetch the Figure of the Key they were to cause to be made. He was no fooner at the Gate of the Tournelle, but he address'd himself to the Governess. That was the that of all'the reft, defir'd with the greatest Ardour, that he might come in. Do you hear, Mary? (that was her Name) carry this Box to your Mistress; tell her the Properties of the Medicine, and the Manner she ought to use it; and be perswaded, that if the applies it as it ought, the will have Cause, she and we, to be fatisfy'd and content. The Governess took it, and 'tis impossible to express the Joy she shew'd on this Rencounter; she went immediately to the Chamber Door, where her Master and Mistress lay, and looking thro' the Cranny, she found that Leonera waited for her, extended all along upon the Ground, with her Face towards the Hole; the Governess put herself into the same Posture, and putting her Mouth to her Mistress's Ear, she told her in a low Voice, she had an Inquent, to make her Husband sleep, and told her in what Manner she should use it. Leonora took the Box, and told the Governess, she could not possibly take the Key from her Husband : for (faid she) he keeps it no longer behind his Bolster, as he was used to do, he puts it between the two Quilts, and almost under one half of his Body. In the mean Time, she went on, and faid, you need only tell our Musician, if his Medicine has the Properties you speak of, we may eafily have the Key as often as there's Occasion; and 'zis unnecessary to imprint it upon Wax. going to make Tryal of the Drugg; and if those that

went

that are at the Street Gate to wait for the Print of the Key, you may give them Leave to be gone. we have no Occasion of 'em at this Time. Leonora trembled, and durft not breath, when the began to rub her Husband's Arms, who was now in a profound Sleep; for it was by that, she believ'd twas necessary to begin by; she made an End at last of anointing him in all Places necessary, and that was enough almost to embalm him, to put him in the Sepulchre. The Drugg fail'd not much, to produce the Effect expected; the old Man began to fnoar fo loud, he might be heard in the Street. This Music gave Leonora as much Pleasure as that of the Master of her Slave. Notwithstanding, not being yet well affur'd of what she believ'd, she jogg'd him a little, and foon after. shak'd him again; and, in fine, the grew fo bold, to turn him from one fide to the other. Carizale felt nothing. As foon as the faw that the Ointment work'd, and that she need no longer doubt that her Husband was entirely bury'd in his Sleep, the went to the Hole of the Gate, from whence she call'd her Governess, who waited there for her. Carizale sleeps (the cry'd out all aloud) and he fleeps fo well, that I think he will never awake, 'till we throw Vinegar in his Face. And what is the Reason (reply'd the Governess) that you make not use of the Key? 'Tis now above an Hour that our Player on Instruments grows impatient of waiting. Patience (faid Leonora) I will go look for him. Having faid that, she return'd towards the Bed, put her Hand between the two Quilts, and took the Key. without waking Carizale, the least in the World. She was no fooner Miftress of the Key, but she

went to open the Gate, which she did with I ransports of Joy, that bright'ned her Eyes, and all her Face: she then gave the Key to the Governess, and order'd her to go open to the Musician, and conduct him to the Gallery, because she dar'd not go further, by Reason of Inconveniencies that might be fear'd. One cannot take (she faid) too much Surety: The recommended to her, at the fame Time, to make Loaysa ratify the Oath, he took before, to pretend to nothing but what she desir'd. If he retuse to swear again (she further said) and confirm his Oath, open not to him in any wife, I befeech you. I will do it (reply'd the Governess) I will take it on my felf to make him; and I promife you, he shall have good Luck if he comes in, if first he swear not, and reswear, and kiss the Crofs fix Times at least. Confine him not to that (faid Leonora) let him kifs it as often as he pleafe. I have heard Carizale fay a thousand Times, that when a Man promifes any thing, one cannot require too many Oaths. Let him kiss the Cross then as often as he pleases, he shall never do it too often: but above all, remember to make him fwear by the Life of his Father, and his Mother, and by all the Goods he can pretend to; by that Means, we shall be safe, and enjoy, without any fear, the Iweet Symphony of his Guitar; he plays upon it admirably: Go then without any further Delay, and let us not pass the Nights in vain Words.

The Governess tuck'd up her Petticoat, and went to the Gate of the Tournelle, where all the Company waited. They no sooner saw the Key she had in her Hand, but they cry'd out, Oh! Brave Little Mary! They took her up in their Arms,

and carried her about feveral Hours in Triumph: the Joy redoubled when they understood there was no need of false Keys, fince they could make use of that as often as was necessary. Very good, our good Friend (faid one of the Company) let this Gate be fet open; the Musician has waited a long time. Let us take a good Meal of Music, and take no Care for the reft. There is yet fome thing to be done, Care ought to be taken (reply'd the House-keeper) he must for our entire Safety fwear, as he has already done. He is so honest a Man (faid one of the Slaves) he will never perjure himfelf. Upon these Parlies, the Housekeeper open'd the Gate, and keeping it half open, called Loayfa, who had heard all by the Hole of the Tournelle. He would have lept in; but the House-keeper laying her Hand upon his Stomach, faid to him fair and foft. Our dear Friend, you must make a little Halt. Do you hear? You must know and be fully perfivaded, that I, and all thefe here are Virgins, as our Mothers brought us into the World, except Leonora, our Mistress. Take Notice of me, I pray: I feem a Woman of forty Years old, and yet am but thirty, and have never yet known Man, I unhappy and poor Sinner. If I feem older than I am, 'tis Troubles and Cares have made it, and I have had a great Share all my Life Time. What I was going to fay (the faid further) being the naked Truth, it were unreasonable, that for hearing two or three Songs, we should come to loofe the honourable Virginity that is enclos'd in this House: We are not such Fools as you take us for, nor fo devoid of Senfe. You must then, our dear Friend, before you will be fuffered

to come in, make a folemn Oath, that you will not transgress our Commands: If your Intentions are good and honest, an Oath need not trouble you to take; a good Paymaster is not troubled at giving a Pledge. Little Mary has faid well (faid one of the Girls thereupon.) If you have no Defign to swear (she faid further, directing her Difcourse to Loaysa) you must resolve not to come in. I am little concern'd, if he fwears or fwears not (faid one of the Moorish Slaves, whose Name was Guiomar) if he comes in, it he fwears or refwears, I know very well, that if he is once amongst us, he will make a Jest of his Oaths, and his Promiles. You take me for a Fool: but as great a Fool as you take me for, I have heard fay, all my Life-time, that he that Names a Man, names a Lyar. Loayfa list ned to all this very quietly, and answer'd gravely in this Manner. You ought to be perswaded, my Sisters, and dear Companions, that I never had an evil Intention towards you, nor never will have in all my Life, should I live amongst you to the Worlds end. My Design has been always to give you the Pleasure and the Diversion I may be capable of; these are all the Views I have: And, I am ready to protest to you, and fwear a-new, in the most solemn Manner that can be made. I own, I should have been much oblig'd, had you confided in me, after the Promise I had made: for an Ox is taken by his Horns, and a Man by his Word; but fince 'tis, that my first Oath goes for nothing, and that I must reiterate it, I am willing to reiterate it, and give you yet more than you could ever exact from me. I fwear then, as a good Catholic, and an honest Man; I **Iwear** 

Iwear by the Life of all my Ancestors, from Don Fathet of Armenia, down to us by the Entries and Issues of Mount Libanus; by the Labrinth of Crete; by the Flames of Mount Atna; by all the Dervices of the Ottoman Empire; and by all that is contain'd in the Preface of the veritable History of Charles the Great: and by the Death of the Giant Firebras, not to transgress in any wise, the Oath I have already made, and even less, the Commands that the least and miserablest of the Company youchfafe to make me, under Fain, if I countervene that from the Present. As for that Time. and from that Time to the Present, I hold it for Null, and of no Value, and a thing as never hap-

pen'd.

Loaysa had hardly made an End of the Oath, but one of the Girls of the Company, that had hark'ned attentively to him, began to cry out aloud; This may be well call'd Swearing; this Oath is capable of cleaving a Stone. May a Curse light upon me (faid she) if I exact any more Swearing, since the Oath thou just now mad'st can make one enter the Cavern of Cerberus. As foon as she had made an End of speaking, she took him by the Skirts of his Dublet, and put her Hand in presently they stood all round him like a Crown, and one of them run to advertize their Mistress, who was near her Husband's Bed. As foon as fhe learn'd, Long fa was coming towards her, she was equally filled with Joy and Fear, she failed not to ask if they had made him take a new Oath. He made so strange a one (this Slave answered her) that I never heard the like in all my Life, all that I can fay, we ought all to be contented. Since he hath sworn (reply'd Leonora)

we have him fast; I own that I was extreamly prudent at the Time I was adviz'd he should swear again. All the Company came then; the Musician was in the Middle; and the Moor and Guyomar lighted them. As foon as Loayfa perceiv'd Leonora, he threw himself at her Feet to salute her; he spoke only two or three Words to her; and Leonora (without answering a Word) made a Sign to him to arise, which he did. The Slaves were no less mute than their Mistress; they all kept profound Silence, under an Apprehension they had, that Carizale might awake. He will never awake (Leayfa told them, who knew well enough what was done) You may talk as loud as you please, I will be answerable for the Virtue of the Drugg. I doubt it not (reply'd Leonora) if this Unquent, I just now anointed him with, had not the Virtue you fpeak of, he had been awake by this Time twenty Times, thro' his Indispositions; but I assure you, he snoar'd just now as he ought. If this be fo (faid the House-Keeper) let us go to the Hall that is near; 'tis time to be merry a little. Let us go (reply'd Leonora) and in the mean time Guyomar shall stay here, to advertize us if Carizale is awake. How (reply'd Guyomar) must I then, because I am black, stand Centinel here, and the rest have Joy at their Hearts? Take fome pity of me (the Moor faid.) However, the rest went to the Hall, and being sat on a rich Piece of Tapestry, they put Loaysa in the Middle of 'em: They failed not to devour him with their Eyes; and there was not one that contemplated him, but gave him fome Commendation; only Leenera faid not a Word, she beheld nevertheless the Musician as well as the rest; and he seem'd to her,

to have a better Air than her old Man. In the mean time, being new with Inacion, the House-Keeper took the Guitar, that the Moor held, and put it into Loaysa's Hands, desiring him to play and sing the Couplets of a Vionelle, that had been in great Vogue a long Time at Seville: They all arose up to dance; and the House-Keeper, who knew the Couplets of the Song, would needs sing it herself, tho' her Voice was none of the best. Behold here what it contain'd in Substance.

## In Allufion to DANAE.

What avails it, my good Mother, That you keep so great a Pother, To enclose me in a Tower, With Locks and Bolts, within your Power? There is neither Guard nor Fence, That can with Nature's Law dispense, When Love commands Obedience. The best Defence a Woman has Is, her Discretion and her Grace. If I place not my own Guard; In vain, do you keep Watch and Ward. Love encreases, and grows hot, Breaks Locks and Iron; and what not? Tho' 'tis confin'd, 'tis not forgot; Hence come the Horns, that People flour 'em, Which jealous Husbands wear about 'em.

As the House-Keeper, with the Gang, led up the Braul, and dane'd to the Song, Guyomar appear'd, and 'twas observ'd, she much appear'd troubled in her Countenance. You must immediately withdraw,

T+ 2

we are undone, Carizale is awake, he is up, and coming to furprize you: 'Tis what the Moor faid in a Tone low and hoarfe, and not knowing hardly where the was. There was never feen to great a Consternation and Confusion, like it; one pass'd to one Side: another to another; Leonora spread her white Hands; Loayfa was immoveable; and little Mary was overcome with Trouble and Despair. In the mean time, she being the craftieft of them all, she made Loayla go into her Chamber, and the flaid in the Hall with her Mistress. We will invent some Excuse (said she to Leonora) let us not disorder ourfelves, I conjure you; and let us wait with Patience, what will come of this. Loayfa hid himself the best he could: And little Mary approach'd Carizale's Chamber to fee if he came. As the heard no Noife, the tock a little Courage, and Step by Step being entered his Chamber, fhe heard him fnoar as he did before. Being then fully fatisfied he flept, the run to her Mistres; A Pox take Guyomar (she said) your Husband was never founder affeep; the poor Moor owes a great Candle to St. Mathurin; but Thanks be to our good Star, that we are free from our Fear. The House-Keeper, who had a good Appetite, and found the Musician much to her Mind, would not loofe the Occasion, took the first with him Head to Head. She faid then to Leonora, that the staid for her in the Hall, and she was going to put the Master-Player of Instruments out of his Pain. She went then firait to the Place where Loayla was hid, very ill fatisfied of his Adventure; curfing the Unquent they had fent him, and complaining of the Credulity and Imprudence of his Friends, who should have had the Precaution to have made

Proof of it first. The House-Keeper assured him, at the fame time, that the old Man never flept better in all his Life. This entirely fer him right; and he was no fooner come out of his Trouble, but little Mary faid very amorous Things to him. This goes not amifs (faid Loayfa to himfelf) I shall come to the End of my Defign, all conspires to make me happy, and I will take care to make use of what passes. You sweeten me, little Mary (he told her, after having kept Silence awhile) I understand what you will tell me, and will give you a favourable Answer; but I hope too, that I shall not have to do with one ungrateful, and that you will affift me to enjoy an Enterprize I have in View, the Success whereof depends on you. Dispose of me (faid the Honfe-Keeper) as of yourfelf, I can refuse you nothing, of which you will foon fee the Marks. She faid these Things, wringing her Hands, and embracing him from Time to Time, with many frightful Transports. During the Time that Loayla and little Mary were in Conversation, the other Slaves that were hid in divers Parts of the House, came back to know if it were true that their Master was awake. Leonora told them, he was still asleep, and that they had a false Alarm. And what is become of the Musician and the House-Keeper? (they cry'd out altogether ) Little Mary is gone to fee for him (answered Leonora) and she is still with him in his Chamber, fufficiently bufy, perhaps, to recover him of his Fear. Let us go to confirm him (faid they) if what the House-Keeper told be true, and that there is no more to apprehend; many Witnesses are better than one. They presently went to little Mary's Chamber Door, without the

Noife, and heark'ned to the Discourse between the Lovers; at least on the Part of the House-Keepers Guyomar fail'd not to join them; but for the Moor he was not there, he was gone to hide himself in his Apartment, and was covered all over in the Bed, where he sweat great Drops, and trembled for Fear. He could not forbear however thruming the Strings of the Guitar he had seiz'd upon, so much did this Passion, to be a Player on Instruments,

possels him.

There were none of the Slaves that appear'd not offended at the Discourse of old little Mary, and that gave her not a Lash with her Tongue; but what the Moorife Slave faid, was admirable; the was a Portugueze, and witty, fo that what she came out with, was fo pleafant, they could not forbear laughing, as much offended as they were. In fine, the Conclusion of the Bargain of little Mary and Lonyle was, He would accomplish the Expectation of the House keeper, provided the first help'd him to obtain the last Favour of her Mistress. This was, it feem'd, to promife a Thing very difficil. In the mean Time to endeavour to asswage his Passion, little Mary had promis'd Things far more difficil. She left him after the Bargain was made, and went out to talk with her Mistress, when she perceiv'd her Door inviron'd with Slaves; the was fomewhat furpriz'd; in the mean Time, without discomposing herfelf, she told 'em, they should every one go into her Chamber, and that the Night following, they might have Means to emply the Mulician quietly; that by the Fear he had been put to, he was in no Condition but to repose. The Company comprehended well enough, that the old Woman had a Mind

a Mind to be alone; and none of the Slaves durft

difobey her, for the commanded 'em all.

The Moment the Slaves were withdrawn, little Mary went to the Hall, to perswade Leonora to hearken to the Sighs of Loayfa; she made her a long and fine Harangue, and fo well follow'd it, that one would have thought fhe had fludy'd it before. The false Matron began to praile all the Qualities of the Musician, as well those he had, as those he had not; for, in fine, the knew him not : She made a Picture of a Man accomplish'd : the represented to her afterwards, how much the Careffes of a young Lover ought to be preferable to those of an old Husband; she assur'd her the Thing should be fecret, and that she would never repent of the Pleasures the would taste; for it was the Custom of all Women who had Husbands of the Age of hers, at least, if they had any Wit: She faid a thousand other Things of this Nature: and the faid 'em in such a pathetic Manner, that she would have tempted a Woman, that had been as inflexible, and as crafty, as Leonora was innocent and simple. In a Word, she knew how to take it, that Leonora yielded in spight of all the Precautions that poor Carizale could take, who flept still profoundly. Little Mary presently took her over credulous Mistress by the stand, whose Eyes were blinded with Tears, and conducted her as by Force, into the Chamber where Loayla was: the withdrew a Moment after, and having thut 'em in, the went to lie down on the Bed, waiting till her Turn came. Behold Carizale, what became of all the Measures thou took'ft, all thy Distrusts, and to many Sermons thou mad'ft at every Turn to thy Spoufe

Spoule, and to thy Slaves? To what Purpole ferv'd the High Walls of thy House, where no Male, not fo much as a Picture, had the Credit to enter? What Profit hast thou made of this Tournelle, of these Windows, thou caused to be wall'dup, of so many Advantages thou mad'st to thy Wife, when thou marry'd'st her, and of all the Goods thou heap'd'st on all Occasions, on thy Servants and Slaves? Depend upon't, all Precautions are inutil where a Man has a Wife may be prevail'd on. In the mean Time, what we have here fingular is, Leonora was not unfaithful: The was all alone with Loayla a long Time. Loayla was crafty and courtly; he omitted nothing to put in Practice, to obtain the last Favour of this young Woman, whom he held in his Arms; he folicited her, he prest her, he did his utmost, and yet for all this, could not attain his Ends; he charg'd a thousand Times, but all his Tentatives were vain; and both the one and the other, were so tir'd in the Combat, that at last they fell afleep. During these Contests, Carizale awak'd, notwithstanding the Force of the Unquent; he prefently fearch'd of all Sides, according to his Custom, and not finding Leonora, he leap'd out of Bed, affright ned, with an extraordinary Agility, he fearch'd round the Chamber, and feeing the Door open, he wanted but little of dying in Despair. This unforeseen Accident, which he little expected, put him entirely beside himself, yet, recovering his Spirits a little, he went into the Gallery, and after foftly into the Hall, where the House-Keeper was afleep; he no fconer faw little Mary alone, but he went firait to her Chamber, and having open'd the Door, without any Noise, he perceiv'd Leonora

in the Arms of Leayfa, who were fo found afleep, that one might have faid, 'twas upon them the

Virtue of the Drugg had operated.

This Spectacle shock'd Carizale 'tis not difficil to conceive, he knew not whether he was awake or affeep yet; he became void of Motion, and depriv'd of Voice, and the Choler was his natural Quality: the Grief he rendered was so great, he had much ado to breath. As foon as he came to himfelf, he form'd a Thousand Designs in his Mind; and that which, in fine, he refolved to execute, was to cut the Throat of this unfaithful Woman, and the Lover she held in her Arms. He went presently out of little Mary's Chamber to go fetch a Dagger of his own; but he was no fooner come in, not being able to refift his Grief, he fell in a Swoon on his Bed. In the mean time, Day appear'd, and furpriz'd Leonora and Loayfa, who were fill embracing. Little Mary went to awake them, and having taken Leonora, they went trembling to Carizale's Chamber; and as they faw him upon the Bed, they in no wife doubted, but that the Unguent operated fill. Leonora went near him, and turned him from one Side to the other, to fee if he might be awakened, without Occasion of Vinegar to rub him: But, in the Time they turn'd him, Carizale recovered his Spirits, and fetching a profound Sigh, he began to fay, with a weak and lamentable Voice, that he was the most unfortunate of all the Men in the World. Leonora, who understood not very well what her Spouse faid, and faw him awake, was furpriz'd, that the Vertue of the Unquent the Musician had given her lafted no longer; nothwithstandng, the went near him, and began to kifs him, and

and embrace him tenderly. What is the Matter with you Carizale,? (The began to fay, at the fame Time.) Methinks you complain. The unhappy old Man then opening his Eyes, look'd on Leonora very earnefly, and answer'd her no otherwise. but defir'd her incessantly to send for her Father and Mother. I have fomething in my Heart that gives me extream Pain (faid he, presently after.) I fear I shall not be long in this World, and I shall part with my Life with a sensible Regret, if I die without feeing them once more. Leonora. who believ'd what her Husband said was veritable, answer'd, she would presently obey him. In effect, the order'd the Moor to go without Lofs of Time to her Father; and as the apprehended the Incommodity Carizale felt, might proceed from the Force of the Unquent, the was Troubled in her Heart : that work'd fo firong upon her, that she carefs'd him more than ever she had done in all her Life: the never appear'd to concern'd about this unfortunate old Man. Carizale confider'd her with Aftonishment, and made a thousand doleful Reflections, that forc'd Sighs every Moment. By this Time the Governess had inform'd Loaysa of her Master's Malady, and made him sensible of Necesfity he must be extreamly ill, fince he forgot to recommend to them the shutting the Street-Door when the Moor went out. Leonora's Father and Mother were much furpriz'd, to see they were sent for, because they had never been permitted yet to fee their Daughter in her House; but they were yet much more furpriz'd, when they faw, in coming to their Son-in-law's House, that the Street-Door, and that of the Court were open, that the House

House was bury'd in Silence, and as it were, a De-They went up penfive to his Chamber, and fond him, having his Eyes fix'd on his Spoule, who flied Tears as well as he. As foon as they were come in, Carizale made all the Slaves go out, except little Mary; and, in the mean Time, drying his Eyes, he made them fit down, and fpoke to them in these Terms, in a Manner very folid, and with the utmost cold Discourse. You have not forgot, without Doubt, my Father-in-law, and my Mother-in-law, the Frankness wherewith I fought the Honour of your Alliance, and the extraordinary Affection I express'd to you: 'Tis now one Year fince the Time you gave me your Daughter, for my lawful Spouse: You may remember the Liberality I made appear when I espous'd her, and the honest Behaviour I us'd towards her in all Respects. She was mine, you gave her me; and as I lov'd her with the utmost Affection, there were no Precautions I neglected to preserve to me this precious Jewel.; for in fine, a long Experience has taught me, that Men are defigning, and Women extreamly weak : Not to expose her then to Temptation, I rais'd the Walls of my House: I stop'd up the Windows of my House towards the Street: I strengthen'd the Locks of my Gates: I caus'd a Tournelle to be made, fuch as are us'd in Monasteries: never expos'd to her Sight any thing that had the Name or Figure of a Man: I gave her Servants and Slaves; the could defire nothing but was provided her in a Moment, the and those that ferv'd her: In a Word, I made her my Equal; I communicated to her my fecret Thoughts; I put my whole Estate into her Hands. After the Course

that I took then, it feems I had nothing to fear. and that I could, without any Jealoufy, poffefs the Spoule I had fought for, and that was fallen to my Lot, by your Bounty; but as the most confummate Prudence cannot prevent the Evils Heaven fend us, to chaffife us, I could not prevent my own, what ever Motions I could take; and I have prepar'd the Poison myself that will kill me. You are furpria'd and affonish'd, and you know not, I affure myself, where this Preamble will end. I am going to tell you, in one Word, what I have to fay: I shall not hold you long in Suspence: I have found, this Morning, your Daughter in the Arms of a young Lover; 'tis neither a Vision nor a Dream: the young Man is still shut up in the Chamber of this pernicious House-keeper. Carizale had hardly finish'd these last Words, but Leonora fell down in a Swoon at his Knees. Little Mary was entirely confounded; the grew as pale as Death: And Leonora's Father and Mother were in fuch Confusion and Disorder, they could not pronounce one Word. Carizale, who was oblig'd to break off his Discourse, resum'd it on a suddain. The Revenge I delign to take for this Affront (he went on and faid) is not that which is ordinarily taken on the like Occasions: As I have been singular in all my Actions, fo I will be also in this here: I will make the Vengeance fall on myself; because in the main, to confider well the Thing, 'tis I that am guilty of this Crime. What Business had I, at the Age I was of, to espouse a Girl of fifteen Years? These fort of Marriages never do well; and 'tis only on myfelf I ought to lay it upon ; I deferve, without Doubt, fuch a Defliny; and I may

may be juftly compar'd to those Infects that make Houses to serve em for a Grave. I do not at all think culpable, my dear Leonora (he cry'd out, embracing her, and kiffing her with and extraordinary Tenderness) I accuse none but little Mary, that has Teduc'd thee, and wickedly abus'd thy Simplicity, and want of Experience. I shall not load thee with Reproaches; and very far from retaining any Refentment in my Heart, thou shalt find I love thee still; for, as I faid before, I will do thee this Tuflice, that thou hast not deceiv'd me, but as thou half lent an Ear to Discourses deceitful and inteeffed of the most wicked of all Women. Let a Notary be call'd (he went on, addressing to Leonora's Father and Mother) I will make my Will, and give twenty thousand Ducats to your Daughter, to whom I recommend, after my Death, to marry this young Man, that I found with her; for, as I have lov'd her tenderly in my Life-time, I defire her Content: when I shall live no longer. For you, my dear Father-in-law, and my dear Mother-inlaw, I will leave you wherewith to live honourably the rest of your Days: And, as for the rest of my Estate, I design it to Works of Piety. Behold what is my last Will! (but he went on) Delay not to fetch the Notary : I find I have not long to live. In ending these Words, he fell down in a Swoon on Leonora's Face, who was not yet recover'd from her Difmay. During this Time, little Mary, feeing a convenient Opportunity, went out of the Chamber, and went to advertize Loayla of what pass'd. She advertiz'd him in the mean Time to withdraw, and promis'd him to give him an Account of all that should happen afterwards: for

